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**WO 02/00647 A1**

**(54) Title:** HETEROARYL-PHENYL SUBSTITUTED FACTOR XA INHIBITORS

**(57) Abstract:** The present application describes heteroaryl-phenyl substituted compounds and derivatives thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug forms thereof, which are useful as inhibitors of factor Xa.

## TITLE

Heteroaryl-Phenyl Substituted Factor Xa Inhibitors

5

## FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates generally to heteroaryl-phenyl substituted compounds and derivatives thereof, which are inhibitors of trypsin-like serine protease enzymes, especially factor Xa, pharmaceutical compositions containing the same, and methods of using the same as anticoagulant agents for treatment and prevention of thromboembolic disorders.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

15 Activated factor Xa, whose major practical role is the generation of thrombin by the limited proteolysis of prothrombin, holds a central position that links the intrinsic and extrinsic activation mechanisms in the final common pathway of blood coagulation. The generation of  
20 thrombin, the final serine protease in the pathway to generate a fibrin clot, from its precursor is amplified by formation of prothrombinase complex (factor Xa, factor V, Ca<sup>2+</sup> and phospholipid). Since it is calculated that one molecule of factor Xa can generate 138 molecules of thrombin  
25 (Elodi, S., Varadi, K.: Optimization of conditions for the catalytic effect of the factor IXa-factor VIII Complex: Probable role of the complex in the amplification of blood coagulation. *Thromb. Res.* **1979**, 15, 617-629), inhibition of factor Xa may be more efficient than inactivation of  
30 thrombin in interrupting the blood coagulation system.

Therefore, efficacious and specific inhibitors of factor Xa are needed as potentially valuable therapeutic agents for the treatment of thromboembolic disorders. It is thus desirable to discover new factor Xa inhibitors.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, one object of the present invention is to provide novel heteroaryl-phenyl substituted compounds and derivatives thereof that are useful as factor Xa inhibitors  
5 or pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof.

It is another object of the present invention to provide pharmaceutical compositions comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of at least one of the compounds of the  
10 present invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug form thereof.

It is another object of the present invention to provide a method for treating thromboembolic disorders comprising administering to a host in need of such treatment  
15 a therapeutically effective amount of at least one of the compounds of the present invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug form thereof.

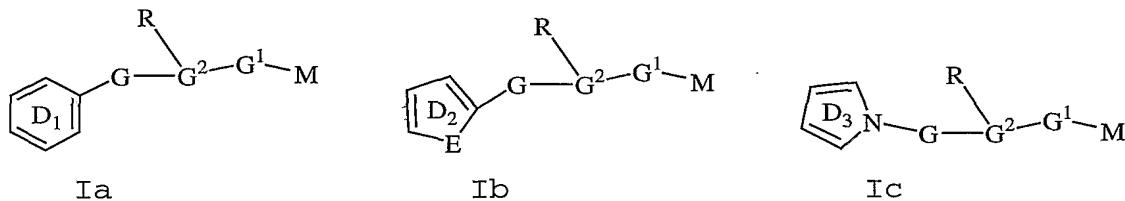
It is another object of the present invention to provide novel heteroaryl-phenyl substituted compounds for  
20 use in therapy.

It is another object of the present invention to provide the use of novel heteroaryl-phenyl substituted compounds for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of a thromboembolic disorder.

These and other objects, which will become apparent during the following detailed description, have been achieved by the inventors' discovery that the presently claimed heteroaryl-phenyl substituted compounds and derivatives thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or  
30 prodrug forms thereof, are effective factor Xa inhibitors.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[1] Thus, in a first embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound of formula Ia, Ib, or Ic:



or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt

5        thereof, wherein;

ring D<sub>1</sub> is selected from pyridine, pyrazine, pyridazine, and  
pyrimidine and is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

10      ring D<sub>2</sub> is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system  
comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-3 N atoms, wherein E  
is selected from O, S, and N-R<sup>c</sup> and ring D<sub>2</sub> is  
substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

15      ring D<sub>3</sub> is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system  
comprising carbon atoms and from 0-3 additional N atoms  
and ring D<sub>3</sub> is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

R is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, OCH<sub>3</sub>,  
20        OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, OCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, CN, C(=NR<sup>8</sup>)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>9</sup>,  
NHC(=NR<sup>8</sup>)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, NR<sup>8</sup>CH(=NR<sup>7</sup>), NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub>  
alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, C(=NH)NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub>  
alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub>  
alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>t</sub>NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>t</sub>C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, and OCF<sub>3</sub>;

25      R<sup>a</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, OCH<sub>3</sub>,  
OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, OCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, CN, C(=NR<sup>8</sup>)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>9</sup>,  
NHC(=NR<sup>8</sup>)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, NR<sup>8</sup>CH(=NR<sup>7</sup>), NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub>  
alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, C(=NH)NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub>  
alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub>  
alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>t</sub>NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>t</sub>C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, and OCF<sub>3</sub>;

$R^b$  is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, OCH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, OCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, CN, C(=NR<sup>8</sup>)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, NHC(=NR<sup>8</sup>)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, NR<sup>8</sup>CH(=NR<sup>7</sup>), NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, C(=NH)NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>t</sub>NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>t</sub>C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, and OCF<sub>3</sub>;

$R^c$  is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, OCH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, OCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, C(=NH)NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>t</sub>NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>t</sub>C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, and OCF<sub>3</sub>;

G is absent or is selected from CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O), O, NR<sup>3</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>C(O), OCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O, NR<sup>3</sup>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>p</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O), OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O, NR<sup>3</sup>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>p</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>p</sub>;

$G_1$  is absent or is selected from (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>1-5</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>0-2</sub>CR<sup>3</sup>=CR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>0-2</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>0-2</sub>C≡C(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>0-2</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>C(O)O(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>OC(O)(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>O(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>C(O)NR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>C(O)(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>OC(O)NR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>C(O)O(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>C(O)NR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>C(S)NR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>S(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>S(O)(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>S(O)<sub>2</sub>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>S(O)NR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>S(O)<sub>2</sub>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>S(O)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, and (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>S(O)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, wherein u + w total 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4, provided that  $G_1$  does not form a N-N, N-O, N-S, NCH<sub>2</sub>N, NCH<sub>2</sub>O, or NCH<sub>2</sub>S bond with either group to which it is attached;

$G^2$  is phenyl, naphthyl, or a 5-10 membered heteroaryl consisting of carbon atoms and from 1-3 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S;

5

$M$  is isoxazoline, pyrazoline, isothiazoline, triazoline, tetrazoline, phenyl, or a 5-6 membered aromatic heterocycle consisting of carbon atoms and 1-4 heteroatoms selected from O, N, and S, and is substituted with -Z-A-B;

10

$M$  is also substituted with 0-2  $R^{1a}$ ;

$Z$  is selected from a bond,  $-(CR^2R^{2a})_{1-4}-$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_qO(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,

15

$(CR^2R^{2a})_qNR^3(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_qC(O)(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,

$(CR^2R^{2a})_qC(O)O(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_qOC(O)(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,

$(CR^2R^{2a})_qC(O)NR^3(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_qNR^3C(O)(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,

$(CR^2R^{2a})_qOC(O)O(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_qOC(O)NR^3(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,

$(CR^2R^{2a})_qNR^3C(O)O(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_qNR^3C(O)NR^3(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,

20

$(CR^2R^{2a})_qS(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_qS(O)(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,

$(CR^2R^{2a})_qS(O)_2(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(CR^2R^{2a})_qSO_2NR^3(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,

$(CR^2R^{2a})_qNR^3SO_2(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ , and  $(CR^2R^{2a})_qNR^3SO_2NR^3(CR^2R^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,

wherein  $q + q^1$  total 0, 1, or 2, provided that  $Z$  does not form a N-N, N-O, N-S, NCH<sub>2</sub>N, NCH<sub>2</sub>O, or NCH<sub>2</sub>S bond

25

with either group to which it is attached;

$R^{1a}$  is selected from H,  $-(CH_2)_xR^{1b}$ ,  $-CH=CH-R^{1b}$ ,  $NCH_2R^{1c}$ ,

$OCH_2R^{1c}$ ,  $SCH_2R^{1c}$ ,  $NH(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,  $O(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,

$S(CH_2)_2(CH_2)_tR^{1b}$ ,  $S(O)_p(CH_2)_xR^{1d}$ ,  $O(CH_2)_xR^{1d}$ ,  $NR^3(CH_2)_xR^{1d}$ ,

$OC(O)NR^3(CH_2)_xR^{1d}$ ,  $NR^3C(O)NR^3(CH_2)_xR^{1d}$ ,  $NR^3C(O)O(CH_2)_xR^{1d}$ ,

30

and  $NR^3C(O)(CH_2)_xR^{1d}$ , provided that  $R^{1a}$  forms other than an N-halo, N-N, N-S, N-O, or N-CN bond;

alternatively, when two R<sup>1a</sup>'s are attached to adjacent atoms, together with the atoms to which they are attached they form a 5-7 membered ring consisting of: carbon atoms and 0-2 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S(O)<sub>p</sub>, this ring being substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup> and comprising: 0-3 double bonds;

R<sup>1b</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl, F, Cl, Br, I, -CN, -CHO, (CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(O)R<sup>2c</sup>, OC(O)R<sup>2</sup>, (CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>2a</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>2b</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>, C(=NR<sup>2c</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)R<sup>2b</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NHR<sup>2b</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>2a</sup>, OC(O)NR<sup>2a</sup>R<sup>2b</sup>, C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>2b</sup>, C<sub>3-6</sub> carbocycle substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>, and 5-10 membered heterocycle consisting of carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S(O)<sub>p</sub> substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>, provided that R<sup>1b</sup> forms other than an N-halo, N-N, N-S, N-O, or N-CN bond;

R<sup>1c</sup> is selected from H, CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, C(O)R<sup>2c</sup>, C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, S(O)R<sup>2b</sup>, S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>2b</sup>, and SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>;

R<sup>1d</sup> is selected from C<sub>3-13</sub> carbocycle substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>, and 5-13 membered heterocycle consisting of carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S(O)<sub>p</sub> substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>, provided that R<sup>1d</sup> forms other than an N-N, N-S, or N-O bond;

R<sup>2</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, benzyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>, and 5-6 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the

group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>;

5 R<sup>2a</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, benzyl, phenethyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>, and 5-6 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>;

10 15 R<sup>2b</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, benzyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>, and 5-6 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>;

20 R<sup>2c</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from CF<sub>3</sub>, OH, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, benzyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>, and 5-6 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>;

25 alternatively, R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>2a</sup>, together with the atom to which they are attached, combine to form a 5 or 6 membered saturated, partially saturated or unsaturated ring substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup> and comprising carbon atoms and from 0-1 additional heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S;

30 R<sup>3</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, and phenyl;

R<sup>3a</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, and phenyl;

5 R<sup>3b</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, and phenyl;

R<sup>3c</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, and phenyl;

10 R<sup>3d</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl-phenyl, and C(=O)R<sup>3c</sup>;

A is selected from:

15 C<sub>3-10</sub> carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4</sup>, and 5-12 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4</sup>;

20 B is selected from: H, Y, and X-Y, provided that Z and B are attached to different atoms on A;

X is selected from -(CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>)<sub>1-4</sub>-, -CR<sup>2</sup>(CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2b</sup>)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub>-, -C(O)-, -C(=NR<sup>1c</sup>)-, -CR<sup>2</sup>(NR<sup>1c</sup>R<sup>2</sup>)-, -CR<sup>2</sup>(OR<sup>2</sup>)-, -CR<sup>2</sup>(SR<sup>2</sup>)-, -C(O)CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>C(O), -S-, -S(O)-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-,  
25 -SCR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-, -S(O)CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>S-, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>S(O)-, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>S(O)<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>-, -NR<sup>2</sup>S(O)<sub>2</sub>-,  
-NR<sup>2</sup>S(O)<sub>2</sub>CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>S(O)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>-, -NR<sup>2</sup>S(O)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>-,  
-C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>-, -NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)-, -C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-, -NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-,  
-CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>-, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)-, -NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)O-, -OC(O)NR<sup>2</sup>-,  
30 -NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>-, -NR<sup>2</sup>-, -NR<sup>2</sup>CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>NR<sup>2</sup>-, O,  
-CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>O-, and -OCR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-;

Y is selected from:

C<sub>3-10</sub> carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>, and  
5-12 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon  
atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group  
consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>;

5

R<sup>4</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, =O, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>,  
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>F, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>Cl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>Br, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>I, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl,  
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>CN, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(O)R<sup>2c</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)R<sup>2b</sup>,  
C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  
C(=NS(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NHC(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(O)NHC(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  
SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>,  
S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, (CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-CF<sub>3</sub>, NCH<sub>2</sub>R<sup>1c</sup>, OCH<sub>2</sub>R<sup>1c</sup>, SCH<sub>2</sub>R<sup>1c</sup>,  
N(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub>R<sup>1b</sup>, O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub>R<sup>1b</sup>, S(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub>R<sup>1b</sup>, 5-6  
15 membered carbocycle substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>, and 5-6  
membered heterocycle consisting of: carbon atoms and  
1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of  
N, O, and S(O)<sub>p</sub> substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>;

15

R<sup>4a</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, =O, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>,  
20 (CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-CF<sub>3</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-F, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-Br, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-Cl,  
C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>CN, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>C(O)R<sup>2c</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)R<sup>2b</sup>, C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>N=CHOR<sup>3</sup>,  
C(O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  
NHC(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub>  
25 alkyl, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, C(O)NHSO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, 5-6  
membered carbocycle substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>, and 5-6  
membered heterocycle consisting of: carbon atoms and  
1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of  
N, O, and S(O)<sub>p</sub> substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>;

30

R<sup>4b</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, =O, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OR<sup>3</sup>,  
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-F, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-Cl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-Br, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-I, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl,  
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-CN, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>C(O)R<sup>3</sup>,

$(\text{CH}_2)_x\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^3\text{c}$ ,  $\text{NR}^3\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^3\text{a}$ ,  $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^3\text{R}^3\text{a}$ ,  $\text{NR}^3\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^3\text{R}^3\text{a}$ ,  
 $\text{C}(=\text{NR}^3)\text{NR}^3\text{R}^3\text{a}$ ,  $\text{NR}^3\text{C}(=\text{NR}^3)\text{NR}^3\text{R}^3\text{a}$ ,  $\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^3\text{R}^3\text{a}$ ,  $\text{NR}^3\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^3\text{R}^3\text{a}$ ,  
 $\text{NR}^3\text{SO}_2\text{-C}_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $\text{NR}^3\text{SO}_2\text{CF}_3$ ,  $\text{NR}^3\text{SO}_2\text{-phenyl}$ ,  $\text{S}(\text{O})_p\text{CF}_3$ ,  
 $\text{S}(\text{O})_p\text{-C}_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $\text{S}(\text{O})_p\text{-phenyl}$ ,  $(\text{CH}_2)_x\text{CF}_3$ , and  $(\text{CF}_2)_x\text{CF}_3$ ;

5

$\text{R}^5$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkyl, =O,  
 $(\text{CH}_2)_x\text{OR}^3$ , F, Cl, Br, I, -CN,  $\text{NO}_2$ ,  $(\text{CH}_2)_x\text{NR}^3\text{R}^3\text{a}$ ,  
 $(\text{CH}_2)_x\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^3$ ,  $(\text{CH}_2)_x\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^3\text{c}$ ,  $\text{NR}^3\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^3\text{a}$ ,  $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^3\text{R}^3\text{a}$ ,  
 $\text{NR}^3\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^3\text{R}^3\text{a}$ ,  $\text{CH}(=\text{NOR}^3\text{d})$ ,  $\text{C}(=\text{NR}^3)\text{NR}^3\text{R}^3\text{a}$ ,  
10  $\text{NR}^3\text{C}(=\text{NR}^3)\text{NR}^3\text{R}^3\text{a}$ ,  $\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^3\text{R}^3\text{a}$ ,  $\text{NR}^3\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^3\text{R}^3\text{a}$ ,  $\text{NR}^3\text{SO}_2\text{-C}_{1-4}$   
alkyl,  $\text{NR}^3\text{SO}_2\text{CF}_3$ ,  $\text{NR}^3\text{SO}_2\text{-phenyl}$ ,  $\text{S}(\text{O})_p\text{CF}_3$ ,  $\text{S}(\text{O})_p\text{-C}_{1-4}$   
alkyl,  $\text{S}(\text{O})_p\text{-phenyl}$ ,  $(\text{CF}_2)_x\text{CF}_3$ , phenyl substituted with  
0-2  $\text{R}^6$ , naphthyl substituted with 0-2  $\text{R}^6$ , and benzyl  
substituted with 0-2  $\text{R}^6$ ;

15

$\text{R}^6$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H, OH,  $(\text{CH}_2)_x\text{OR}^2$ ,  
halo,  $\text{C}_{1-4}$  alkyl, CN,  $\text{NO}_2$ ,  $(\text{CH}_2)_x\text{NR}^2\text{R}^{2\text{a}}$ ,  $(\text{CH}_2)_x\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^{2\text{b}}$ ,  
 $\text{NR}^2\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^{2\text{b}}$ ,  $\text{NR}^2\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^2\text{R}^{2\text{a}}$ ,  $\text{C}(=\text{NH})\text{NH}_2$ ,  $\text{NHC}(=\text{NH})\text{NH}_2$ ,  
 $\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^2\text{R}^{2\text{a}}$ ,  $\text{NR}^2\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^2\text{R}^{2\text{a}}$ , and  $\text{NR}^2\text{SO}_2\text{C}_{1-4}$  alkyl;

20

$\text{R}^7$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H, OH,  $\text{C}_{1-4}$   
alkoxycarbonyl,  $\text{C}_{6-10}$  aryloxy,  $\text{C}_{6-10}$  aryloxycarbonyl,  
 $\text{C}_{6-10}$  arylmethylcarbonyl,  $\text{C}_{1-4}$  alkylcarbonyloxy  $\text{C}_{1-4}$   
alkoxycarbonyl,  $\text{C}_{6-10}$  arylcarbonyloxy  $\text{C}_{1-4}$   
25 alkoxycarbonyl,  $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkylaminocarbonyl,  
phenylaminocarbonyl, and phenyl  $\text{C}_{1-4}$  alkoxycarbonyl;

$\text{R}^8$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkyl, and  
 $(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{-phenyl}$ ;

30

alternatively,  $\text{R}^7$  and  $\text{R}^8$ , when attached to the same nitrogen,  
combine to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic ring

consisting of carbon atoms and 0-2 additional heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S(O)<sub>p</sub>;

5 R<sup>9</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, and (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-phenyl;

n, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3;

10 m, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, and 2;

p, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, and 2;

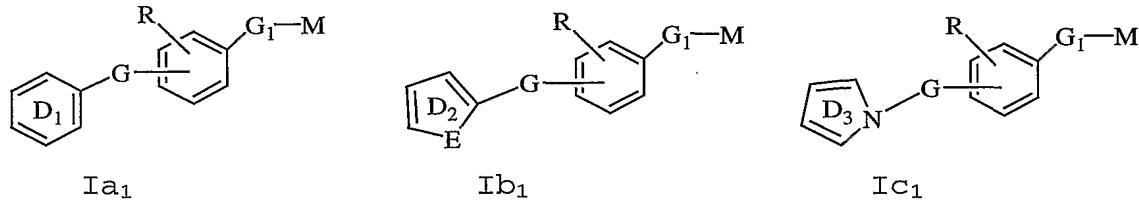
r, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3;

15 s, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, and 2; and,

t, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3.

20

[2] In a preferred embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound, wherein the compound is of formula Ia<sub>1</sub>-Ic<sub>1</sub>, wherein:



25 ring D<sub>2</sub> is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-2 N atoms, wherein E is selected from O, S, and N-R<sup>c</sup> and ring D<sub>2</sub> is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

ring D<sub>3</sub> is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising carbon atoms and from 0-3 additional N atoms and ring D<sub>3</sub> is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

5 R is selected from H, Cl, F, Br, I, OH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

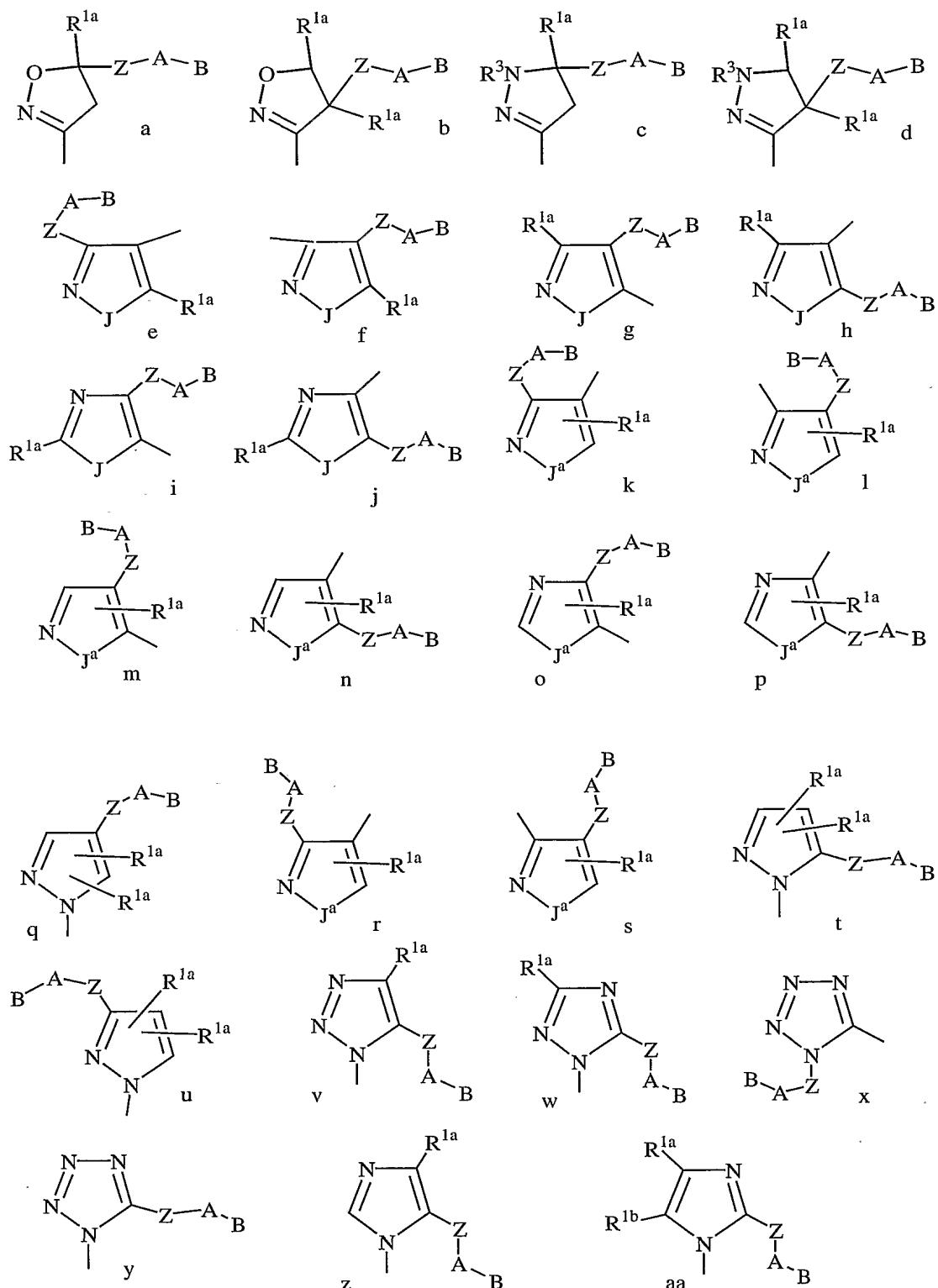
10 R<sup>a</sup> is selected from H, OH, SH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-3</sub> thioalkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

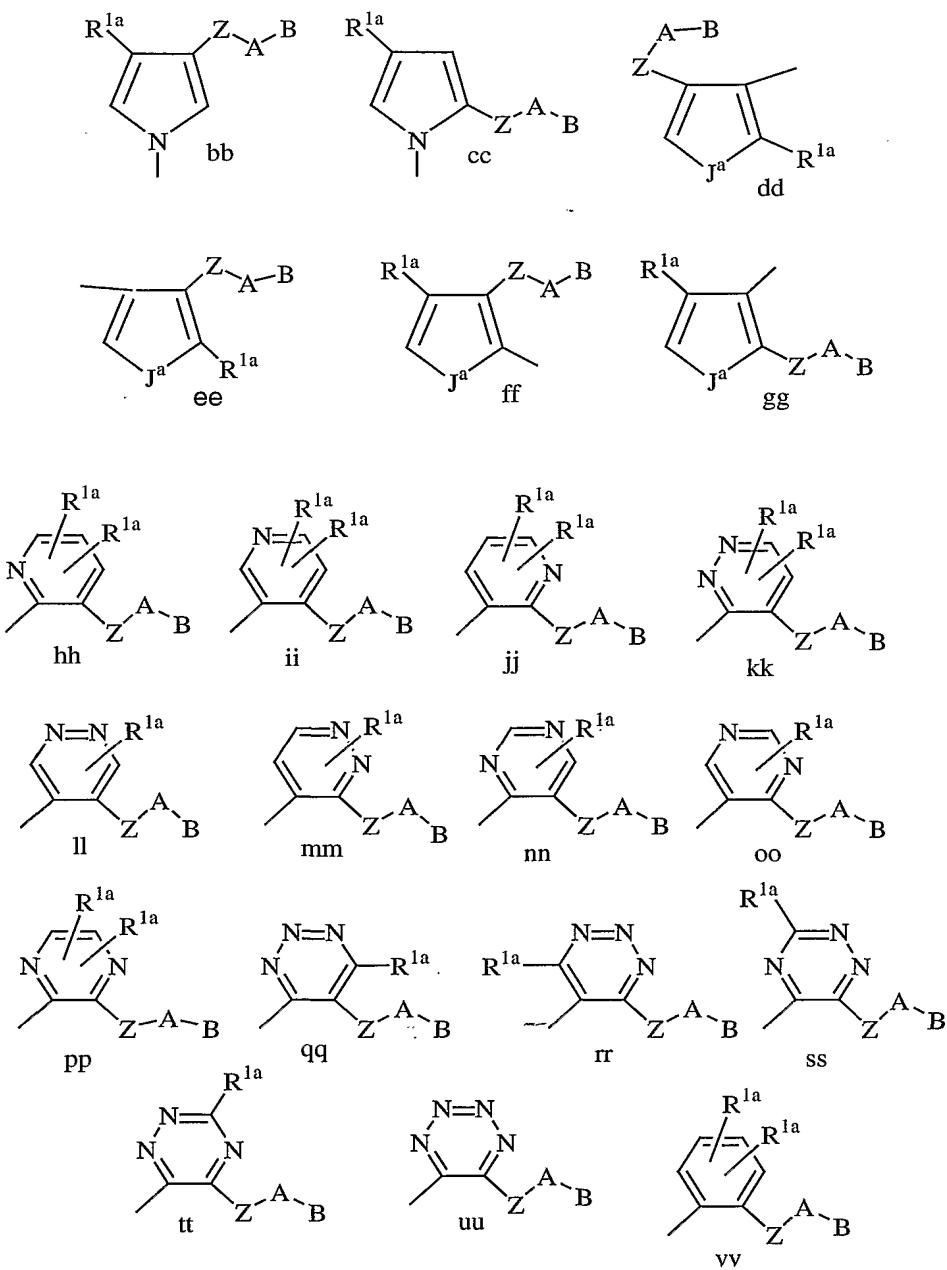
15 R<sup>b</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, OH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

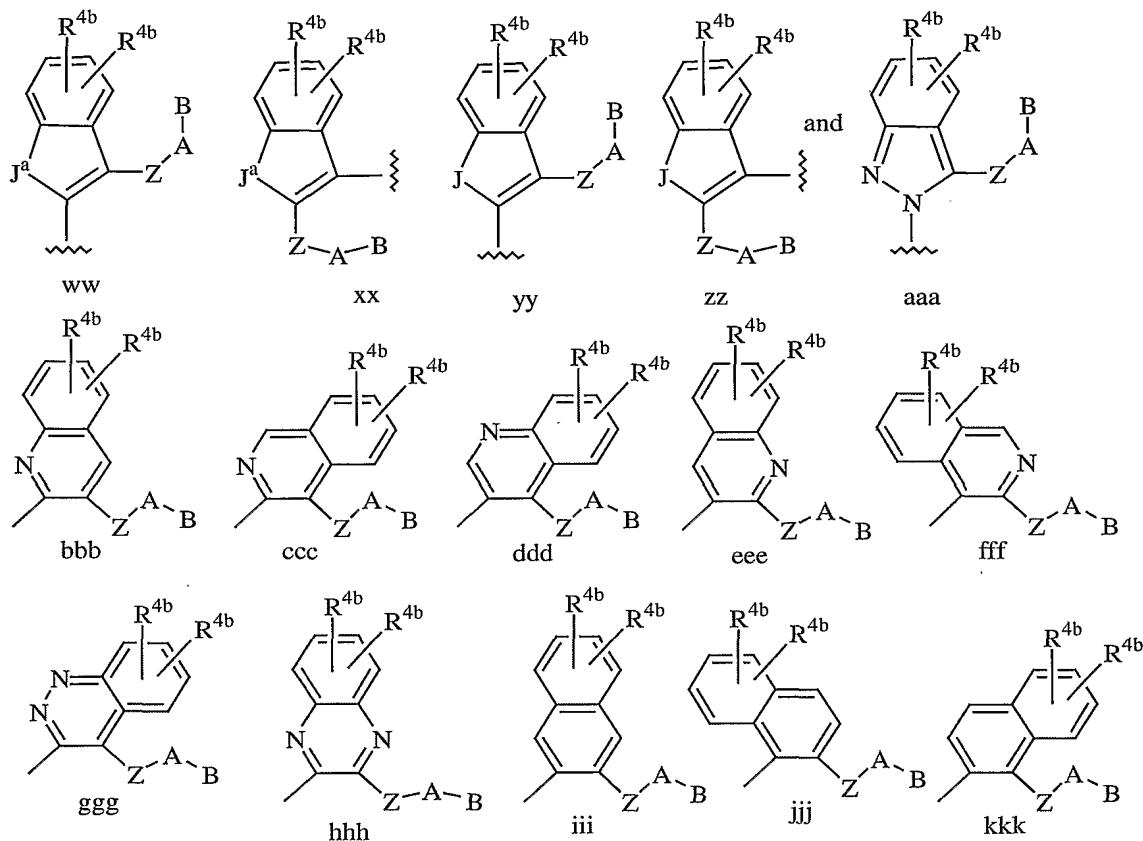
20 R<sup>c</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

25 G<sub>1</sub> is absent or is selected from CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O), O, NR<sup>3</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>C(O), OCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O, NR<sup>3</sup>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>p</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O), OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O, NR<sup>3</sup>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>p</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>p</sub>, and  
30 provided that G<sub>1</sub>-M form other than a N-N, O-N, or S-N bond;

M is selected from the group:







J is O or S;

5 J<sup>a</sup> is NH or NR<sup>1a</sup>;

G<sub>1</sub> is absent or is selected from (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>1-3</sub>,

(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>O(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>,

(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>C(O)NR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>,

(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>C(O)(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>S(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>,

(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>S(O)(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>S(O)<sub>2</sub>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>,

(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>S(O)NR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, and (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>S(O)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>,

wherein u + w total 0, 1, or 2, provided that G<sub>1</sub> does not form a N-N, N-O, N-S, NCH<sub>2</sub>N, NCH<sub>2</sub>O, or NCH<sub>2</sub>S bond with either group to which it is attached;

15

A is selected from one of the following carbocyclic and heterocyclic systems which are substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4</sup>;

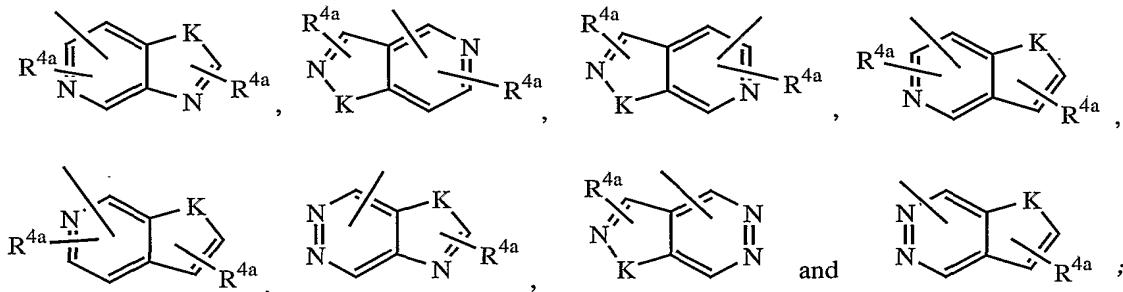
phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridyl,  
pyrimidyl, furanyl, morpholinyl, thiophenyl, pyrrolyl,  
pyrrolidinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl,  
isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazolyl,  
5 thiadiazolyl, triazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl,  
1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl,  
1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl,  
1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl,  
10 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl,  
1,2,5-triazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl, benzofuranyl,  
benzothiofuranyl, indolyl, benzimidazolyl,  
benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, indazolyl, benzisoxazolyl,  
benzisothiazolyl, and isoindazolyl;

15 X is selected from  $-(CR^2R^{2a})_{1-4}-$ ,  $-C(O)-$ ,  $-C(=NR^{1c})-$ ,  
 $-CR^2(NR^{1c}R^2)-$ ,  $-C(O)CR^2R^{2a}-$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}C(O)$ ,  $-C(O)NR^2-$ ,  
 $-NR^2C(O)-$ ,  $-C(O)NR^2CR^2R^{2a}-$ ,  $-NR^2C(O)CR^2R^{2a}-$ ,  
 $-CR^2R^{2a}C(O)NR^2-$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}NR^2C(O)-$ ,  $-NR^2C(O)NR^2-$ ,  $-NR^2-$ ,  
 $-NR^2CR^2R^{2a}-$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}NR^2-$ , O,  $-CR^2R^{2a}O-$ , and  $-OCR^2R^{2a}-$ ;

20 Y is selected from one of the following carbocyclic and  
heterocyclic systems that are substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>;  
cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl,  
piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, furanyl,  
25 morpholinyl, thiophenyl, pyrrolyl, pyrrolidinyl,  
oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, isoxazolinyl, thiazolyl,  
isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazolyl,  
thiadiazolyl, triazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl,  
1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl,  
30 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl,  
1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl,  
1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl,  
1,2,5-triazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl, benzofuranyl,  
benzothiofuranyl, indolyl, benzimidazolyl,

benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, indazolyl, benzisoxazolyl,  
benzisothiazolyl, and isoindazolyl;

alternatively, Y is selected from the following bicyclic  
5 heteroaryl ring systems:



K is selected from O, S, NH, and N;

10 Z is selected from a bond, CH<sub>2</sub>O, OCH<sub>2</sub>, NH, CH<sub>2</sub>NH, NHCH<sub>2</sub>,  
CH<sub>2</sub>C(O), C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)NH, NHC(O), CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>2</sub>, S(O)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>),  
SO<sub>2</sub>NH, and NHSO<sub>2</sub>, provided that Z does not form a N-N,  
N-O, N-S, NCH<sub>2</sub>N, NCH<sub>2</sub>O, or NCH<sub>2</sub>S bond with either group  
to which it is attached;

15 R<sup>4</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, =O, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>, F,  
Cl, Br, I, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(O)R<sup>2c</sup>,  
NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)R<sup>2b</sup>, C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  
SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>,  
20 S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, CF<sub>3</sub>, NCH<sub>2</sub>R<sup>1c</sup>, OCH<sub>2</sub>R<sup>1c</sup>, SCH<sub>2</sub>R<sup>1c</sup>, N(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub>R<sup>1b</sup>,  
O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub>R<sup>1b</sup>, S(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub>R<sup>1b</sup>, 5-6 membered  
carbocycle substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>, and 5-6 membered  
heterocycle consisting of: carbon atoms and 1-4  
heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O,  
25 and S(O)<sub>p</sub> substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>; and,

R<sup>4a</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, =O, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>,  
CF<sub>3</sub>, F, Br, Cl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,

(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>C(O)R<sup>2c</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)R<sup>2b</sup>, C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  
C(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NHC(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  
NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, C(O)NHSO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl,  
S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, 5-6 membered carbocycle substituted with 0-1  
5 R<sup>5</sup>, and 5-6 membered heterocycle consisting of: carbon  
atoms and 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group  
consisting of N, O, and S(O)<sub>p</sub> substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>.

10 [3] In another preferred embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound, wherein the compound is of formula Ib<sub>1</sub> or Ic<sub>1</sub>, wherein;

ring D<sub>2</sub> is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system  
15 comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-2 N atoms, wherein E is selected from O, S, and N-R<sup>c</sup> and ring D<sub>2</sub> is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

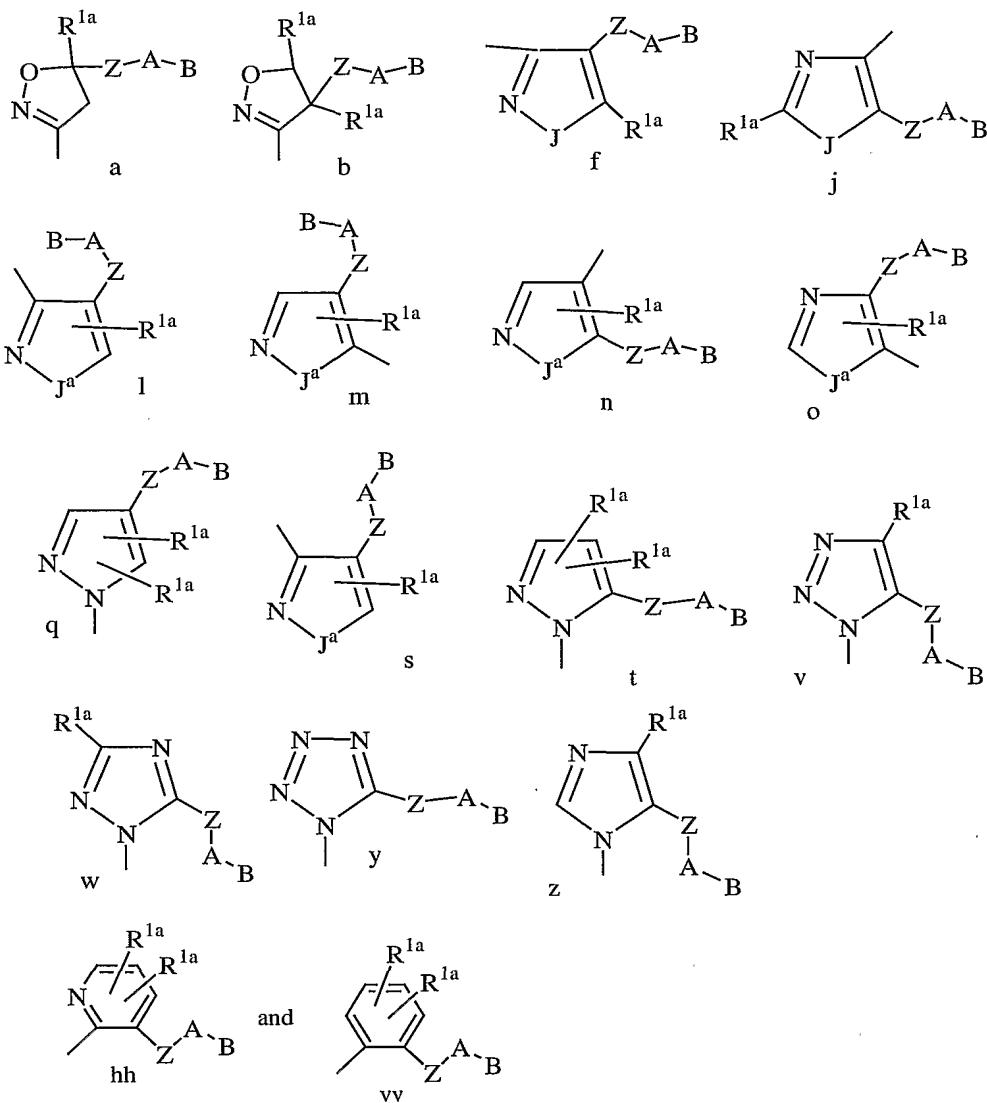
20 R is selected from H, Cl, F, Br, I, OH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

25 R<sup>a</sup> is selected from H, OH, SH, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

30 R<sup>b</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, OH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

R<sup>c</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

M is selected from the group:



Y is selected from one of the following carbocyclic and  
5 heterocyclic systems which are substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>;  
phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridyl,  
pyrimidyl, furanyl, morpholinyl, thiophenyl, pyrrolyl,  
pyrrolidinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl,  
isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazole,  
10 thiadiazole, triazole, 1,2,3-oxadiazole, 1,2,4-  
oxadiazole, 1,2,5-oxadiazole, 1,3,4-oxadiazole, 1,2,3-  
thiadiazole, 1,2,4-thiadiazole, 1,2,5-thiadiazole,  
1,3,4-thiadiazole, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole,

1,2,5-triazole, 1,3,4-triazole, benzofuran,  
benzothiofuran, indole, benzimidazole, benzimidazolone,  
benzoxazole, benzthiazole, indazole, benzisoxazole,  
benzisothiazole, and isoindazole;

5

Z is selected from a bond, CH<sub>2</sub>O, OCH<sub>2</sub>, NH, CH<sub>2</sub>NH, NHCH<sub>2</sub>,  
CH<sub>2</sub>C(O), C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)NH, NHC(O), CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>2</sub>, S(O)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>),  
SO<sub>2</sub>NH, and NHSO<sub>2</sub>, provided that Z does not form a N-N,  
N-O, N-S, NCH<sub>2</sub>N, NCH<sub>2</sub>O, or NCH<sub>2</sub>S bond with either group  
to which it is attached;

10

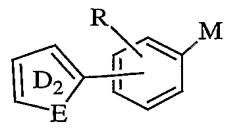
R<sup>4</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, =O, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>, F,  
Cl, Br, I, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(O)R<sup>2c</sup>,  
NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)R<sup>2b</sup>, C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  
15 SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>,  
S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, CF<sub>3</sub>, 5-6 membered carbocycle substituted with  
0-1 R<sup>5</sup>, and 5-6 membered heterocycle consisting of:  
carbon atoms and 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the  
group consisting of N, O, and S(O)<sub>p</sub> substituted with 0-1  
20 R<sup>5</sup>; and,

20

R<sup>4a</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, =O, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>,  
CF<sub>3</sub>, F, Br, Cl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>C(O)R<sup>2c</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)R<sup>2b</sup>, C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  
25 C(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(O)NHSO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>5</sup>,  
5-6 membered carbocycle substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>, and 5-6  
membered heterocycle consisting of: carbon atoms and  
1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of  
N, O, and S(O)<sub>p</sub> substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>.

30

[4] In another preferred embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound, wherein the compound is of formula Ib<sub>2</sub>:



or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein;

5

ring D<sub>2</sub> is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-2 N atoms, wherein E is selected from O, S, and N-R<sup>C</sup> and ring D<sub>2</sub> is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

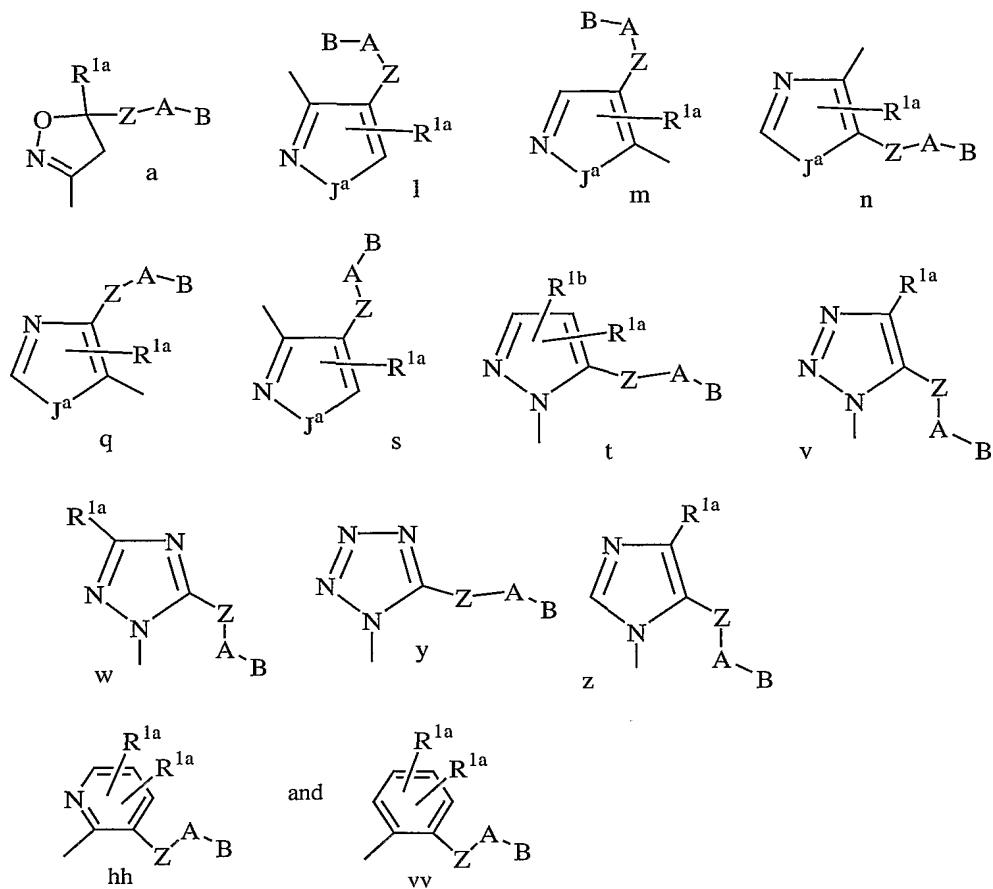
10

R is selected from H, Cl, F, Br, I, OH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

15 R<sup>a</sup> is selected from H, OH, SH, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

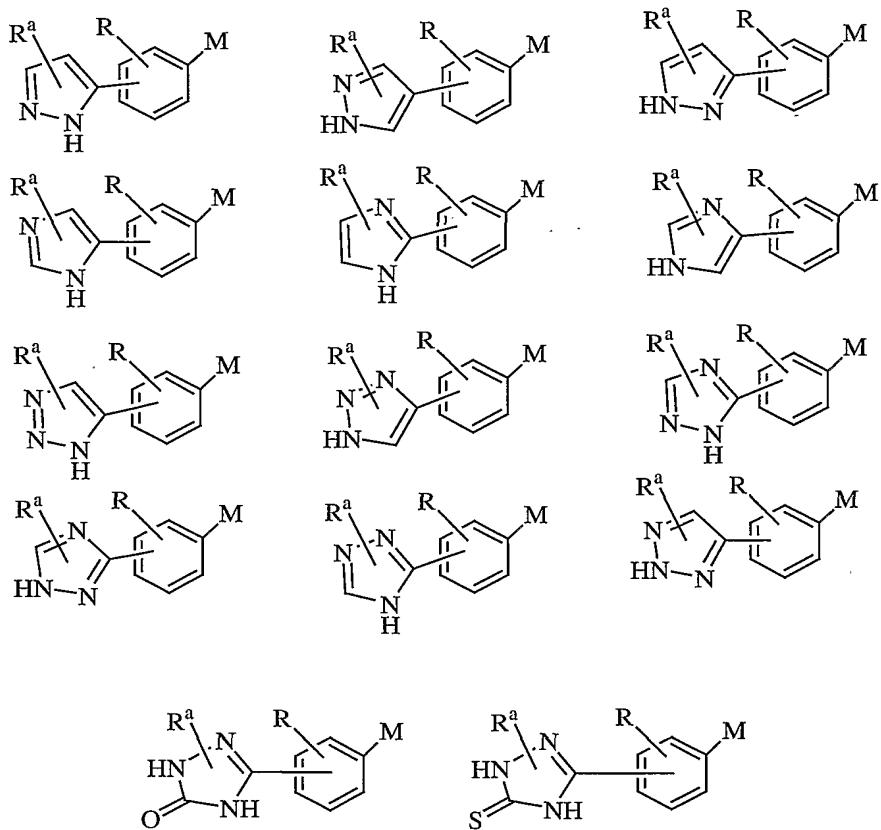
20 R<sup>b</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, OH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

M is selected from the group:



G<sub>1</sub> is absent or is selected from CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O, OCH<sub>2</sub>, NH,  
CH<sub>2</sub>NH, NHCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>C(O), C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)NH, NHC(O),  
5 CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>2</sub>, S(O)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>), SO<sub>2</sub>NH, and NHSO<sub>2</sub>, provided that G<sub>1</sub>  
does not form a N-N, N-O, N-S, NCH<sub>2</sub>N, NCH<sub>2</sub>O, or NCH<sub>2</sub>S  
bond with either group to which it is attached.

10 [5] In another preferred embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound, wherein the compound is selected from one of the formulas:



5 or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein;

G<sub>1</sub> is absent;

10 A is selected from phenyl, piperidinyl, pyridyl, and pyrimidyl, and is substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4</sup>; and,

B is selected from phenyl, pyrrolidino, N-pyrrolidino-15 carbonyl, morpholino, N-morpholino-carbonyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, imidazolyl, and benzimidazolyl, and is substituted with 0-1 R<sup>4a</sup>;

R<sup>2</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutyl, and cyclopentyl;

R<sup>2a</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, CH<sub>3</sub>, and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>;

alternatively, R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>2a</sup>, together with the atom to which  
they are attached, combine to form pyrrolidine

5 substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup> or piperidine substituted with  
0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>;

R<sup>4</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from OH, OR<sup>2</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)OR<sup>2</sup>,  
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>, F, Br, Cl, I, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  
10 (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, CF<sub>3</sub>, and (CF<sub>2</sub>)CF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>4a</sup> is selected from C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, CF<sub>3</sub>, OR<sup>2</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)OR<sup>2</sup>,  
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, SR<sup>5</sup>, S(O)R<sup>5</sup>,  
S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, and 1-CF<sub>3</sub>-tetrazol-2-yl;

15 R<sup>4b</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, CH<sub>3</sub>, and OH;

R<sup>5</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl,  
phenyl, and benzyl; and,

20 r, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, and 2.

[6] In another preferred embodiment, the present invention  
25 provides a novel compound, wherein;

A is selected from the group: phenyl, piperidinyl, 2-  
pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 2-pyrimidyl, 2-Cl-phenyl, 3-Cl-  
phenyl, 2-F-phenyl, 3-F-phenyl, 2-methylphenyl, 2-  
30 aminophenyl, and 2-methoxyphenyl; and,

B is selected from the group: 2-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl, 2-  
(methylaminosulfonyl)phenyl, 1-pyrrolidinocarbonyl, 2-  
(methylsulfonyl)phenyl, 2-(N,N-

dimethylaminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-methylaminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-ethyl-N-methylaminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-pyrrolidinylmethyl)phenyl, 1-methyl-2-imidazolyl, 2-methyl-1-imidazolyl, 2-(dimethylaminomethyl)-1-imidazolyl, 2-(methylaminomethyl)-1-imidazolyl, 2-(N-(cyclopropylmethyl)aminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-(cyclobutyl)aminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-(cyclopentyl)aminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-(4-hydroxypiperidinyl)methyl)phenyl, and 2-(N-(3-hydroxypyrrrolidinyl)methyl)phenyl.

[7] In another preferred embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound selected from the group:

1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(2'-N,N-dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(2'-N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N,N-dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

1-[3-(1', 3', 4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

5 1-[3-(1', 3', 4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

10 1-[3-(2'-Amino-1', 3', 4'-triazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

15 1-[3-(2'-Amino-1', 3', 4'-triazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N,N-dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

20 1-[3-(2'-Amino-1', 3', 4'-triazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

25 1-[3-(2'-Amino-3', 4'-thiadiazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

30 1-[3-(2'-Amino-3', 4'-thiadiazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N,N-dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

1-[3-(2'-Amino-3', 4'-thiadiazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[4-(2'-(N,N-dimethylamino)methylimidazol-1'-yl)-2-fluorophenyl]aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

5

1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[4-(2'-methylimidazol-1'-yl)-2-fluorophenyl]aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

10 1-[3-(Pyrid-3'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

15 1-[3-(Pyrid-3'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N,N-dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

20 1-[3-(Pyrid-3'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

25 1-[3-(Pyrid-4'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N,N-dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

1-[3-(Pyrid-4'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

30 1-[3-(Pyrid-4'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

1-[3-(5-Amino-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)phenyl]-N-{2'-(dimethylamino)methyl}-3-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl}-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide;

5 1-[3-(5-Amino-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)phenyl]-N-(3-fluoro-2'-([(3S)-3-hydroxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]methyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide; and,

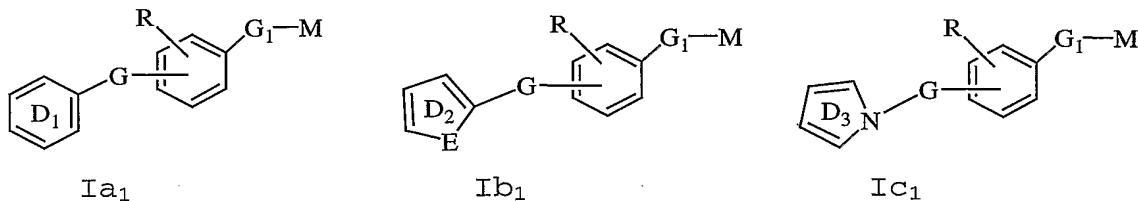
10 1-[3-(5-Amino-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)phenyl]-N-(3-fluoro-2'-([(3S)-3-hydroxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]methyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxamide;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

15

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound, wherein the compound is of formula Ia<sub>1</sub>-Ic<sub>1</sub>, wherein:

20



ring D<sub>2</sub> is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-2 N atoms, wherein E is selected from O, S, and N-R<sup>C</sup> and ring D<sub>2</sub> is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

ring D<sub>3</sub> is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising carbon atoms and from 0-3 additional N atoms and ring D<sub>3</sub> is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

R is selected from H, Cl, F, Br, I, OH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

5

R<sup>a</sup> is selected from H, OH, SH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-3</sub> thioalkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

10

R<sup>b</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, OH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

15

R<sup>c</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>; and,

20

G<sub>1</sub> is absent or is selected from CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O), O, NR<sup>3</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>C(O), OCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O, NR<sup>3</sup>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>p</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O), OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O, NR<sup>3</sup>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>CH<sub>2</sub>, 25 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>p</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>p</sub>, and provided that G<sub>1</sub>-M form other than a N-N, O-N, or S-N bond.

30

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound, wherein the compound is of formula Ib<sub>1</sub> or Ic<sub>1</sub>, wherein;

ring D<sub>2</sub> is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-2 N atoms, wherein E is selected from O, S, and N-R<sup>C</sup> and ring D<sub>2</sub> is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

5

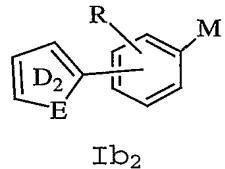
R is selected from H, Cl, F, Br, I, OH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

10 R<sup>a</sup> is selected from H, OH, SH, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

15 R<sup>b</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, OH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>; and,

20 R<sup>C</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound, wherein the compound is of formula Ib<sub>2</sub>:



or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein;

30 ring D<sub>2</sub> is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-2 N atoms, wherein E

is selected from O, S, and N-R<sup>C</sup> and ring D<sub>2</sub> is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

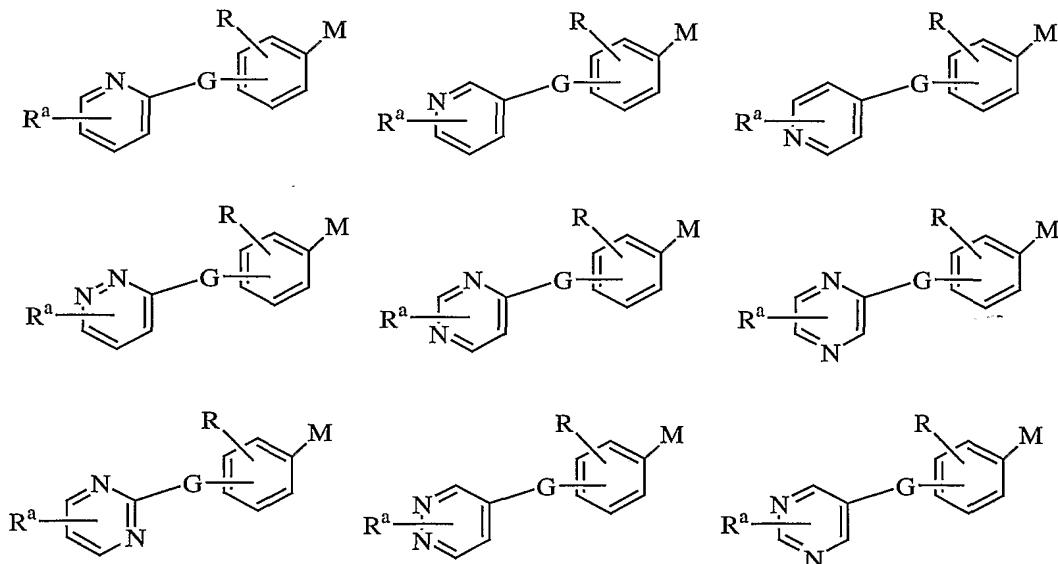
R is selected from H, Cl, F, Br, I, OH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>,  
5 NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

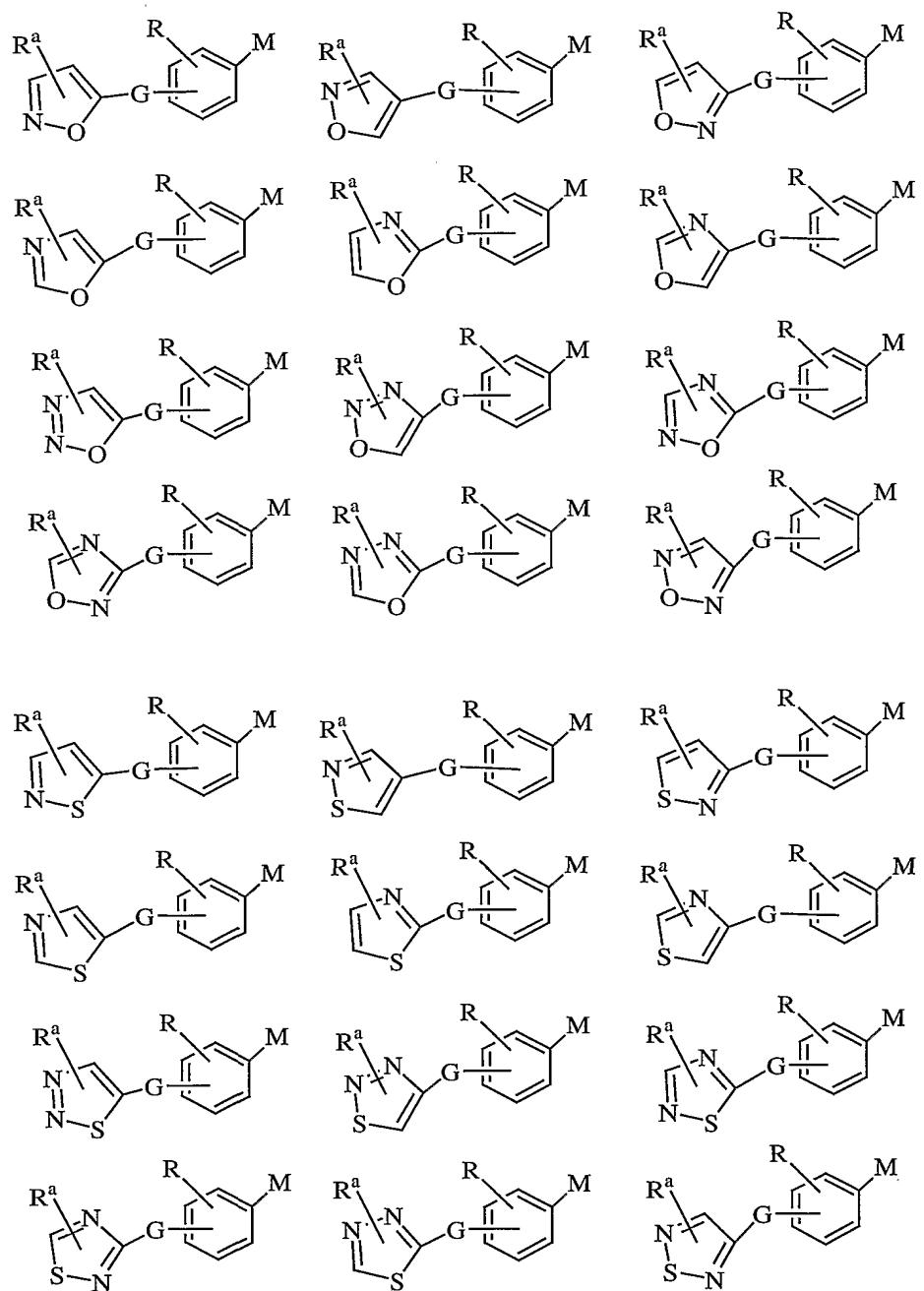
R<sup>a</sup> is selected from H, OH, SH, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>; and,  
10

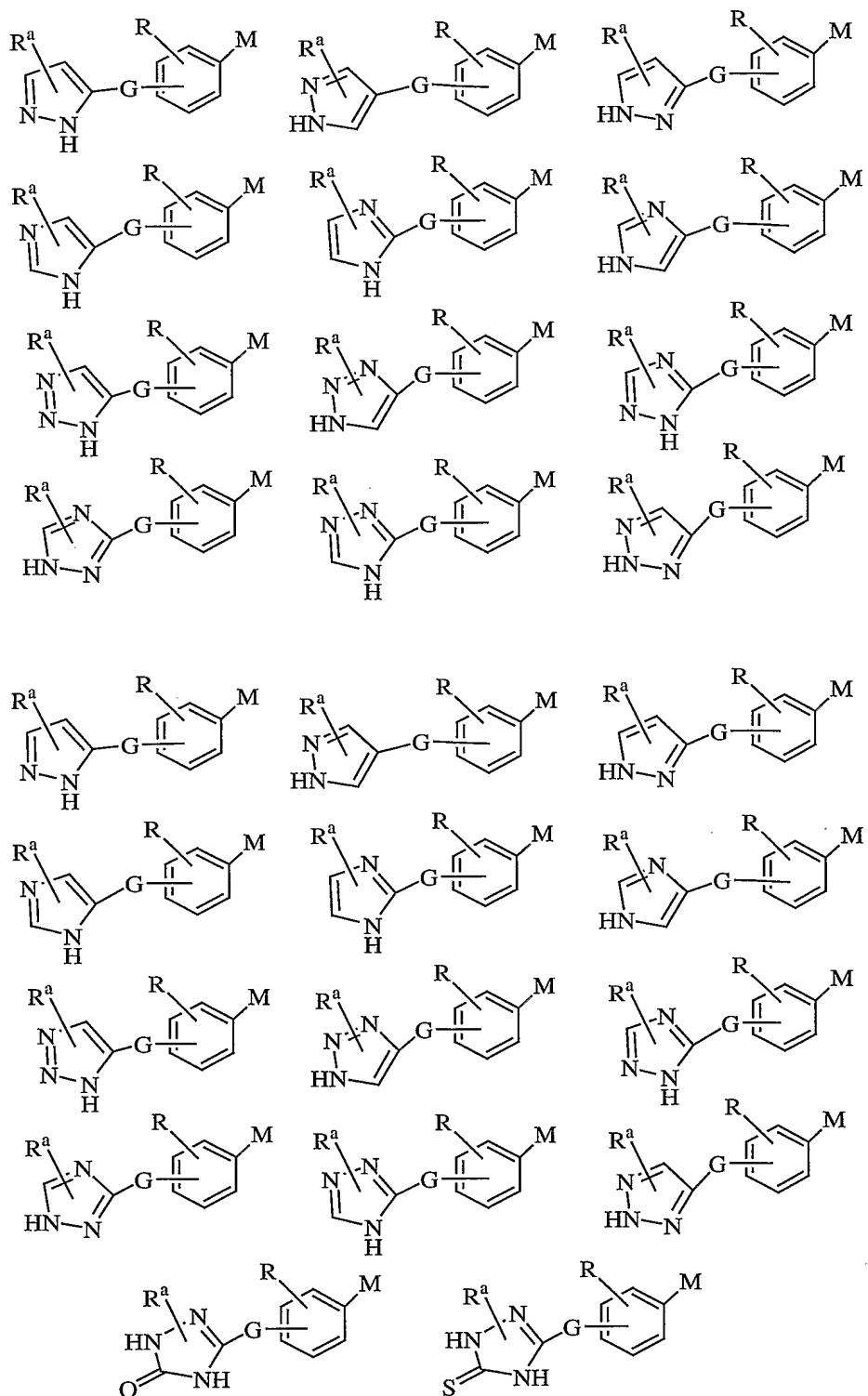
R<sup>b</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, OH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>.

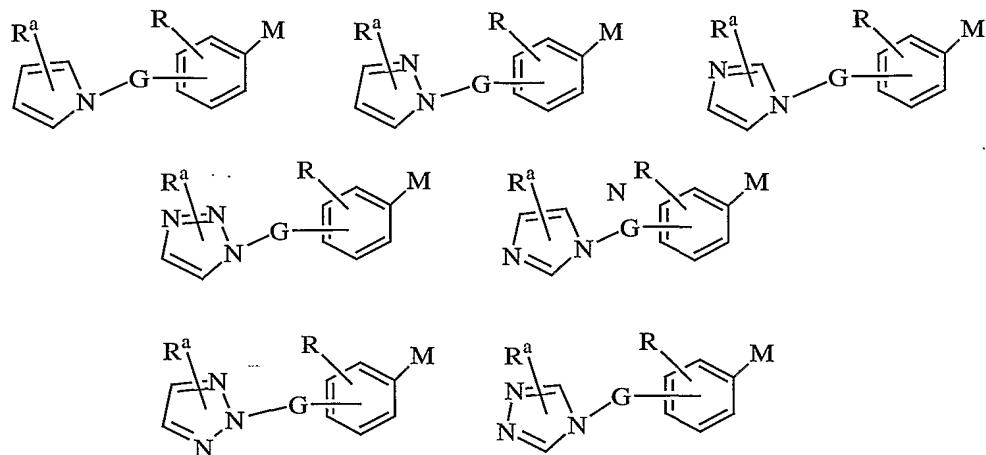
15

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound selected from one of the formulas:





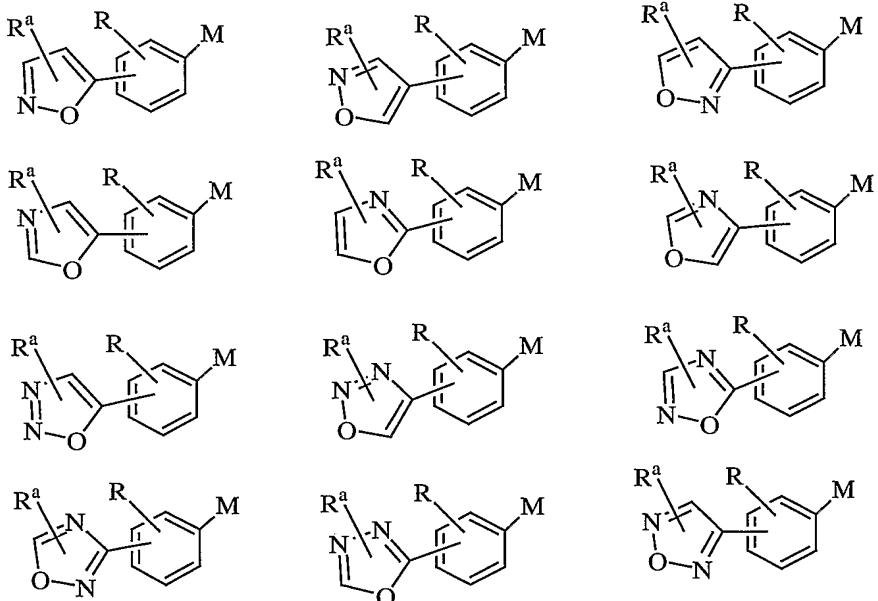




or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

5

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound selected from one of the formulas:

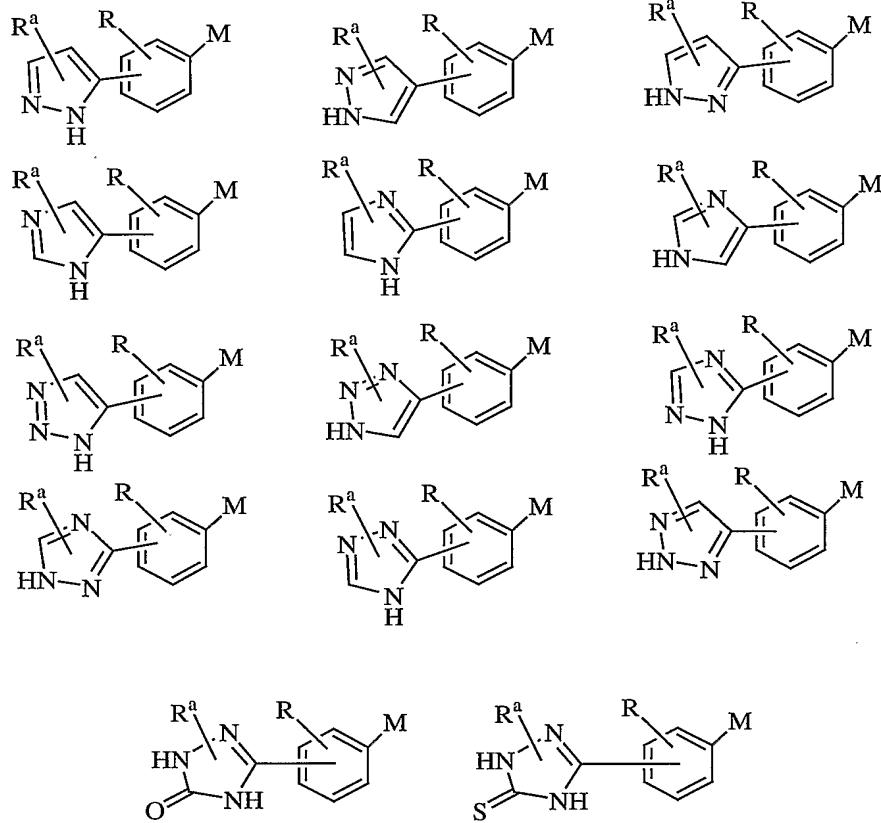


10



In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound selected from one of the formulas:

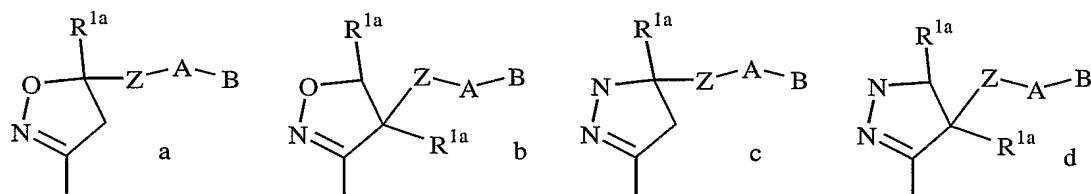
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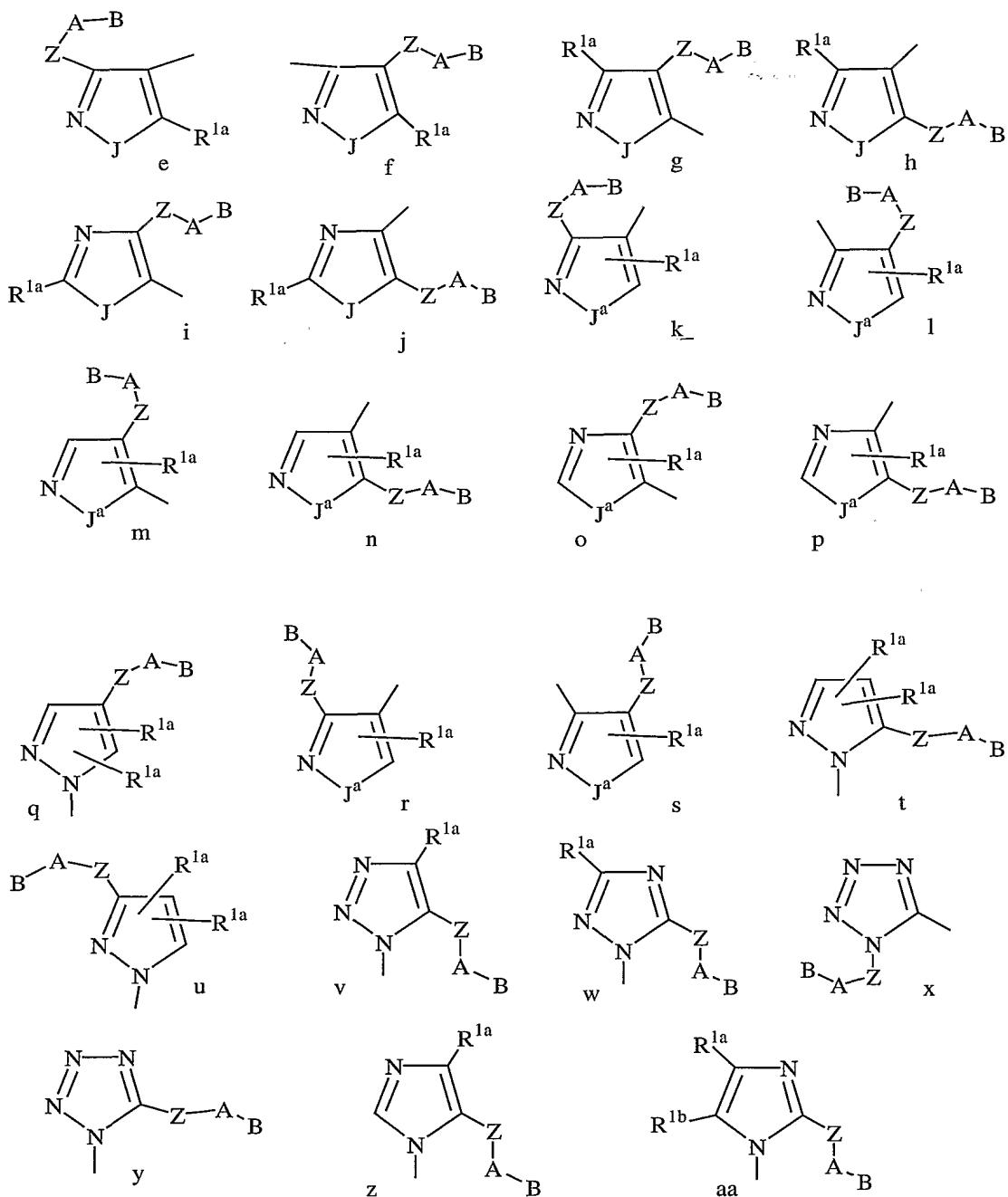


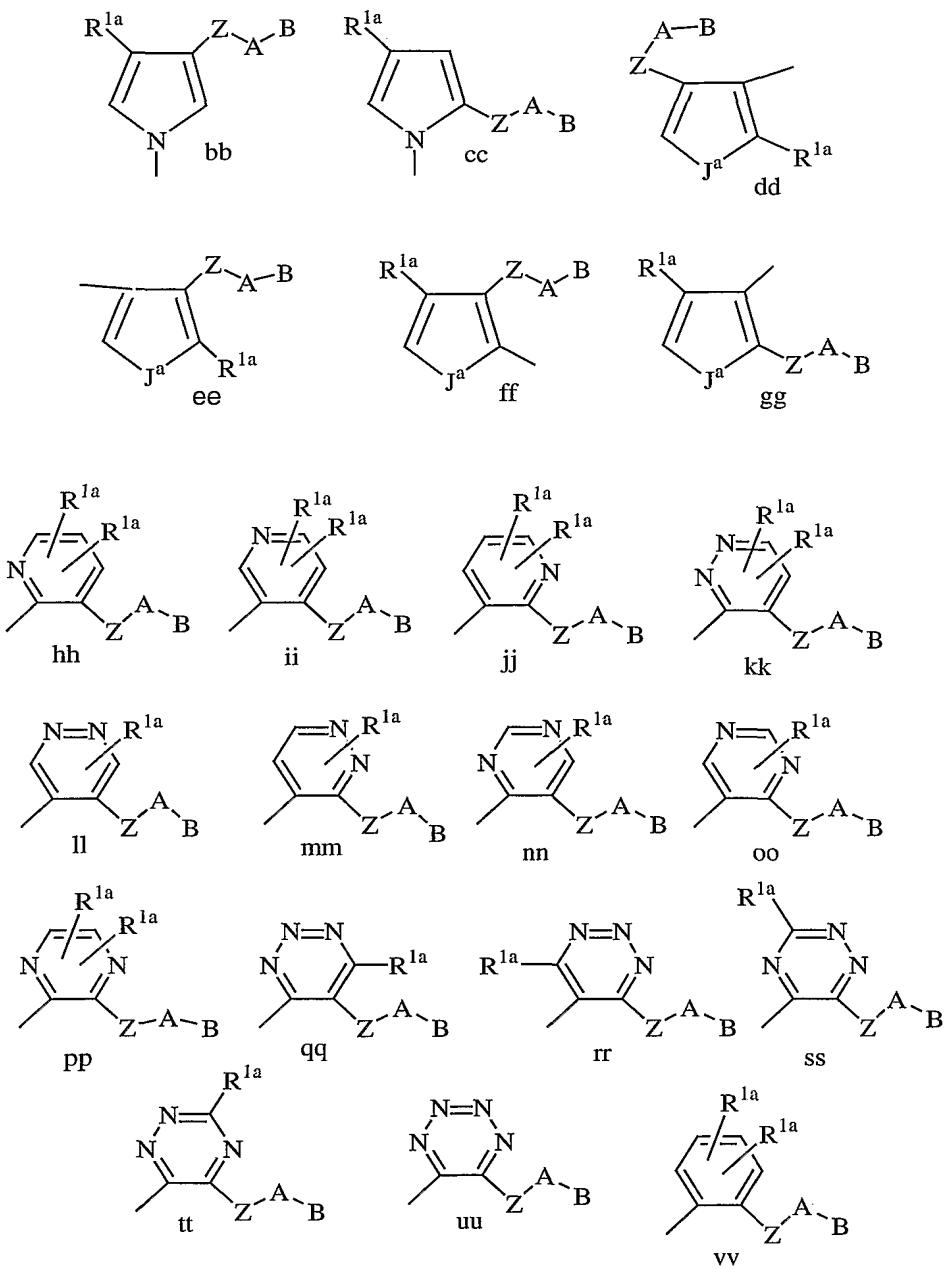
or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt  
10 thereof.

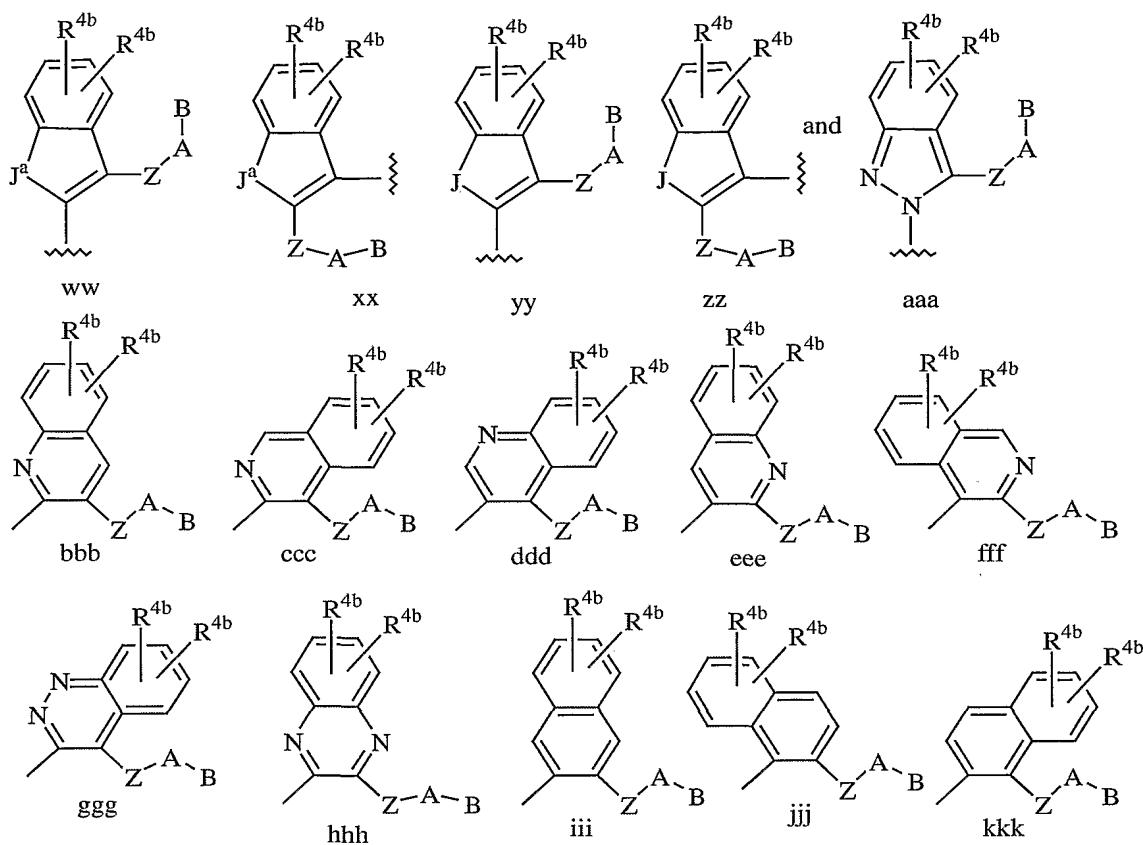
In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound wherein M is selected from the group:

15





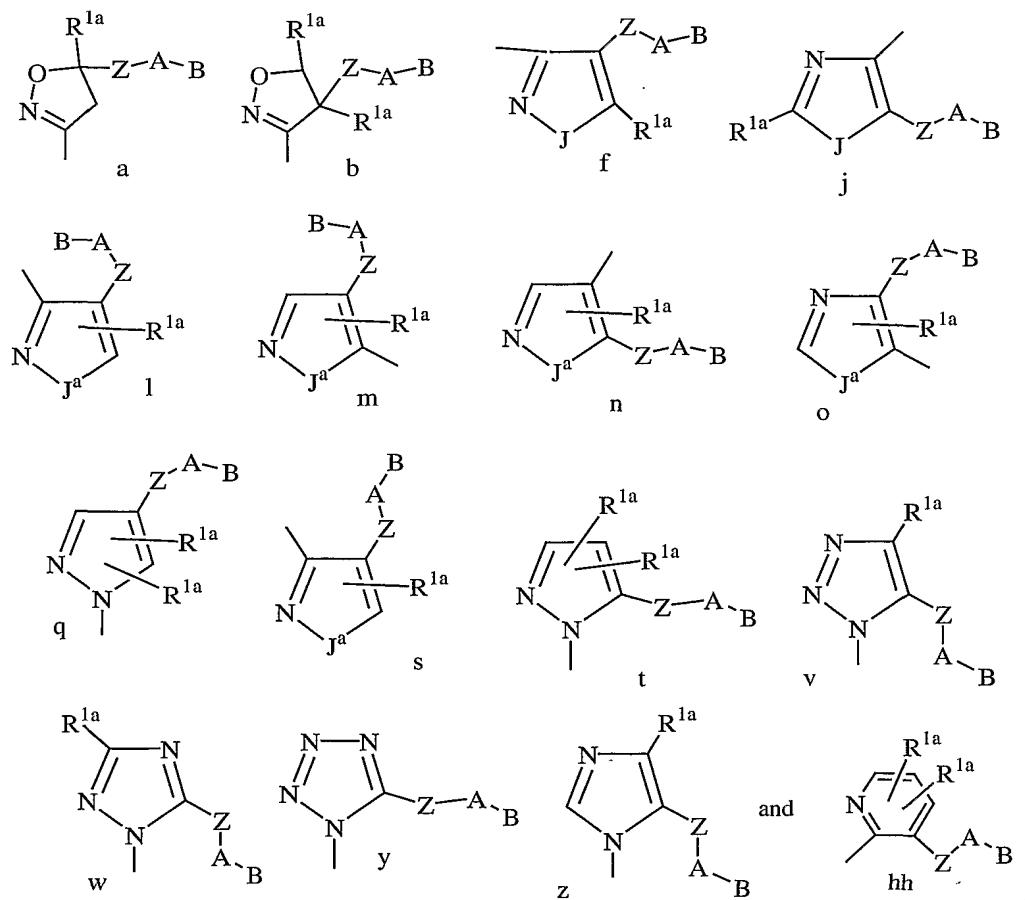




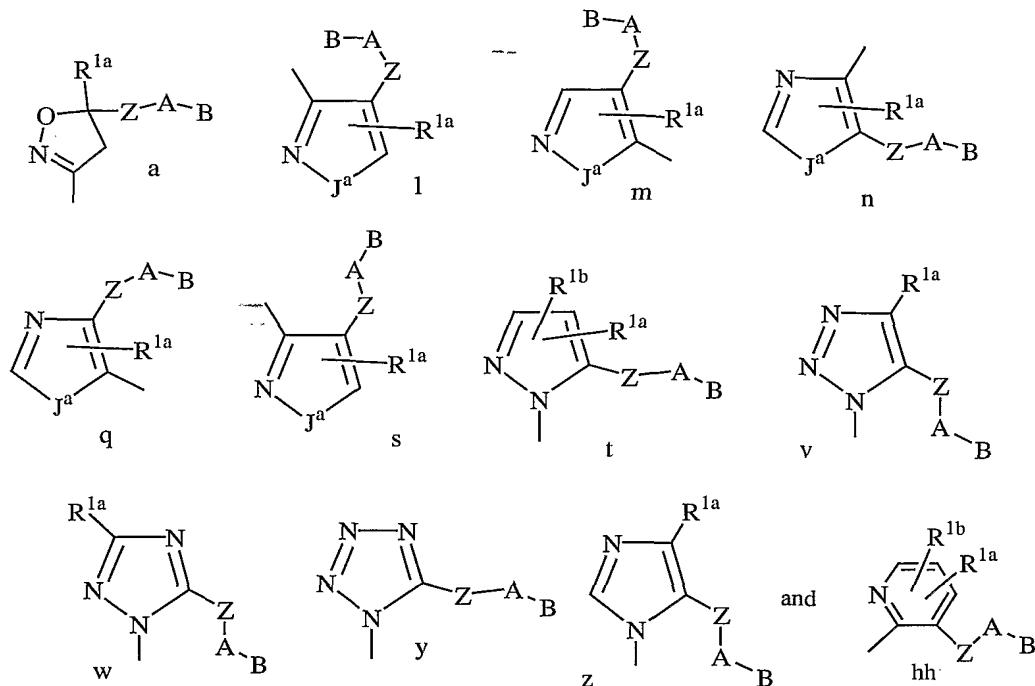
J is O or S; and,

5 J<sup>a</sup> is NH or NR<sup>1a</sup>.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound wherein M is selected from the group:



In another embodiment, the present invention provides a  
5 novel compound wherein M is selected from the group:



In another embodiment, the present invention provides a  
5 novel compound wherein A is selected from one of the  
novel compound wherein A is selected from one of the  
following carbocyclic and heterocyclic systems that are  
following carbocyclic and heterocyclic systems that are  
substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4</sup>;

phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridyl,  
pyrimidyl, furanyl, morpholinyl, thiophenyl, pyrrolyl,  
10 pyrrolidinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl,  
isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazolyl,  
thiadiazolyl, triazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl,  
1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl,  
15 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl,  
1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl,  
1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl,  
1,2,5-triazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl, benzofuranyl,  
benzothiofuranyl, indolyl, benzimidazolyl,  
benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, indazolyl, benzisoxazolyl,  
20 benzisothiazolyl, and isoindazolyl;

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound wherein A is selected from phenyl, piperidinyl, pyridyl, and pyrimidyl, and is substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4</sup>.

5

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound wherein A is selected from the group: phenyl, piperidinyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 2-pyrimidyl, 2-Cl-phenyl, 10 3-Cl-phenyl, 2-F-phenyl, 3-F-phenyl, 2-methylphenyl, 2-aminophenyl, and 2-methoxyphenyl.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a 15 novel compound wherein:

B is selected from: H, Y, and X-Y, provided that Z and B are attached to different atoms on A;

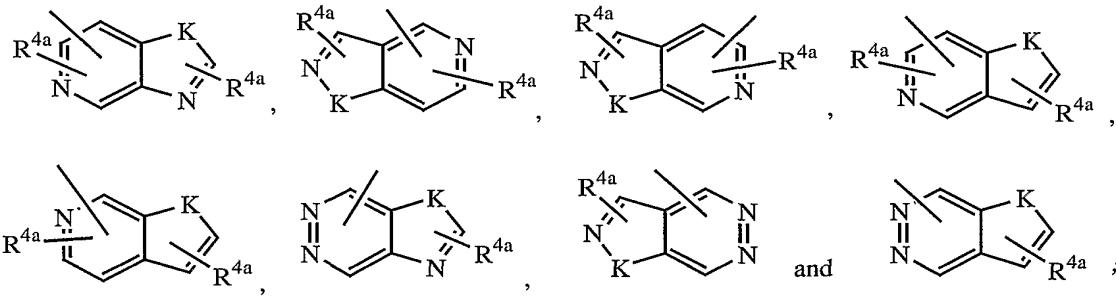
20 X is selected from -(CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>)<sub>1-4</sub>-, -C(O)-, -C(=NR<sup>1c</sup>)-, -CR<sup>2</sup>(NR<sup>1c</sup>R<sup>2</sup>)-, -C(O)CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>C(O), -C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>-, -NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)-, -C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-, -NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>-, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)-, -NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>-, -NR<sup>2</sup>-, -NR<sup>2</sup>CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>NR<sup>2</sup>-, O, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>O-, and -OCR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-;

25

Y is selected from one of the following carbocyclic and heterocyclic systems that are substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>; cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, furanyl, 30 morpholinyl, thiophenyl, pyrrolyl, pyrrolidinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, isoxazolinyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, triazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, 35 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl,

1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl,  
 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl,  
 1,2,5-triazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl, benzofuranyl,  
 benzothiofuran, indolyl, benzimidazolyl,  
 5 benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, indazolyl, benzisoxazolyl,  
 benzisothiazolyl, and isoindazolyl;

alternatively, Y is selected from the following bicyclic heteroaryl ring systems:



10

K is selected from O, S, NH, and N.

15 In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound wherein:

Y is selected from one of the following carbocyclic and heterocyclic systems which are substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>;  
 20 phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridyl,  
 pyrimidyl, furanyl, morpholinyl, thiophenyl, pyrrolyl,  
 pyrrolidinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl,  
 isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazole,  
 thiadiazole, triazole, 1,2,3-oxadiazole, 1,2,4-  
 25 oxadiazole, 1,2,5-oxadiazole, 1,3,4-oxadiazole, 1,2,3-  
 thiadiazole, 1,2,4-thiadiazole, 1,2,5-thiadiazole,  
 1,3,4-thiadiazole, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole,  
 1,2,5-triazole, 1,3,4-triazole, benzofuran,  
 benzothiofuran, indole, benzimidazole, benzimidazolone,

benzoxazole, benzthiazole, indazole, benzisoxazole, benzisothiazole, and isoindazole.

5 In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound wherein B is selected from phenyl, pyrrolidino, N-pyrrolidino-carbonyl, morpholino, N-morpholino-carbonyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, imidazolyl, and benzimidazolyl, and is substituted with 0-1 R<sup>4a</sup>.

10

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel compound wherein B is selected from the group: 2-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl, 2-(methylaminosulfonyl)phenyl, 1-pyrrolidinocarbonyl, 2-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl, 2-(N,N-dimethylaminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-methylaminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-ethyl-N-methylaminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-pyrrolidinylmethyl)phenyl, 1-methyl-2-imidazolyl, 2-methyl-1-imidazolyl, 2-(dimethylaminomethyl)-1-imidazolyl, 2-(methylaminomethyl)-1-imidazolyl, 2-(N-(cyclopropylmethyl)aminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-(cyclobutyl)aminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-(cyclopentyl)aminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-(4-hydroxypiperidinyl)methyl)phenyl, and 2-(N-(3-hydroxypyrrolidinyl)methyl)phenyl.

25 In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel pharmaceutical compositions, comprising: a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the present invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt form thereof.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a novel method for treating or preventing a thromboembolic disorder, comprising: administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of 5 the present invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt form thereof.

10 In another embodiment, the present invention provides a compound of the present invention as described above for use in therapy.

15 In another embodiment, the present invention provides the use of the present invention as described above for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of a thromboembolic disorder.

#### DEFINITIONS

20 The compounds herein described may have asymmetric centers. Compounds of the present invention containing an asymmetrically substituted atom may be isolated in optically active or racemic forms. It is well known in the art how to prepare optically active forms, such as by resolution of 25 racemic forms or by synthesis from optically active starting materials. Many geometric isomers of olefins, C=N double bonds, and the like can also be present in the compounds described herein, and all such stable isomers are contemplated in the present invention. Cis and trans 30 geometric isomers of the compounds of the present invention are described and may be isolated as a mixture of isomers or as separated isomeric forms. All chiral, diastereomeric, racemic forms and all geometric isomeric forms of a structure are intended, unless the specific stereochemistry 35 or isomeric form is specifically indicated. All processes

used to prepare compounds of the present invention and intermediates made therein are considered to be part of the present invention. All tautomers of shown or described compounds are also considered to be part of the present  
5 invention.

The term "substituted," as used herein, means that any one or more hydrogens on the designated atom is replaced with a selection from the indicated group, provided that the designated atom's normal valency is not exceeded, and that  
10 the substitution results in a stable compound. When a substituent is keto (i.e., =O), then 2 hydrogens on the atom are replaced. Keto substituents are not present on aromatic moieties.

The present invention is intended to include all  
15 isotopes of atoms occurring in the present compounds. Isotopes include those atoms having the same atomic number but different mass numbers. By way of general example and without limitation, isotopes of hydrogen include tritium and deuterium. Isotopes of carbon include C-13 and C-14.

20 When any variable (e.g., R<sup>6</sup>) occurs more than one time in any constituent or formula for a compound, its definition at each occurrence is independent of its definition at every other occurrence. Thus, for example, if a group is shown to be substituted with 0-2 R<sup>6</sup>, then said group may optionally  
25 be substituted with up to two R<sup>6</sup> groups and R<sup>6</sup> at each occurrence is selected independently from the definition of R<sup>6</sup>. Also, combinations of substituents and/or variables are permissible only if such combinations result in stable compounds.

30 When a bond to a substituent is shown to cross a bond connecting two atoms in a ring, then such substituent may be bonded to any atom on the ring. When a substituent is listed without indicating the atom via which such substituent is bonded to the rest of the compound of a given formula, then  
35 such substituent may be bonded via any atom in such

substituent. Combinations of substituents and/or variables are permissible only if such combinations result in stable compounds.

As used herein, "alkyl" is intended to include both  
5 branched and straight-chain saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon groups having the specified number of carbon atoms. C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, is intended to include C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>, C<sub>7</sub>, C<sub>8</sub>, C<sub>9</sub>, and C<sub>10</sub> alkyl groups. Examples of alkyl include, but are not limited to, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, i-propyl, n-butyl,  
10 s-butyl, t-butyl, n-pentyl, and s-pentyl. "Haloalkyl" is intended to include both branched and straight-chain saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon groups having the specified number of carbon atoms, substituted with 1 or more halogen (for example -C<sub>v</sub>F<sub>w</sub> where v = 1 to 3 and w = 1 to (2v+1)).  
15 Examples of haloalkyl include, but are not limited to, trifluoromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, and pentachloroethyl. "Alkoxy" represents an alkyl group as defined above with the indicated number of carbon atoms attached through an oxygen bridge. C<sub>1-10</sub> alkoxy, is intended  
20 to include C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>, C<sub>7</sub>, C<sub>8</sub>, C<sub>9</sub>, and C<sub>10</sub> alkoxy groups. Examples of alkoxy include, but are not limited to, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, i-propoxy, n-butoxy, s-butoxy, t-butoxy, n-pentoxy, and s-pentoxy. "Cycloalkyl" is intended  
25 to include saturated ring groups, such as cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, or cyclopentyl. C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl is intended to include C<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>, and C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl groups. Alkenyl" is intended to include hydrocarbon chains of either straight or branched configuration and one or more unsaturated  
30 carbon-carbon bonds that may occur in any stable point along the chain, such as ethenyl and propenyl. C<sub>2-10</sub> alkenyl is intended to include C<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>, C<sub>7</sub>, C<sub>8</sub>, C<sub>9</sub>, and C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl groups. "Alkynyl" is intended to include hydrocarbon chains of either straight or branched configuration and one or more triple carbon-carbon bonds that may occur in any

stable point along the chain, such as ethynyl and propynyl. C<sub>2</sub>-10 Alkynyl is intended to include C<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>, C<sub>7</sub>, C<sub>8</sub>, C<sub>9</sub>, and C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl groups.

"Halo" or "halogen" as used herein refers to fluoro,  
5 chloro, bromo, and iodo; and "counterion" is used to represent a small, negatively charged species such as chloride, bromide, hydroxide, acetate, and sulfate.

As used herein, "carbocycle" or "carbocyclic residue" is intended to mean any stable 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7-membered  
10 monocyclic or bicyclic or 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, or 13-membered bicyclic or tricyclic, any of which may be saturated, partially unsaturated, or aromatic. Examples of such carbocycles include, but are not limited to, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, 15 cycloheptyl, adamantyl, cyclooctyl, [3.3.0]bicyclooctane, [4.3.0]bicyclononane, [4.4.0]bicyclodecane, [2.2.2]bicyclooctane, fluorenyl, phenyl, naphthyl, indanyl, adamantyl, and tetrahydronaphthyl.

As used herein, the term "heterocycle" or "heterocyclic system" is intended to mean a stable 5, 6, or 7-membered monocyclic or bicyclic or 7, 8, 9, or 10-membered bicyclic heterocyclic ring which is saturated, partially unsaturated or unsaturated (aromatic), and which consists of carbon atoms and 1, 2, 3, or 4 heteroatoms independently selected  
20 from the group consisting of N, NH, O and S and including any bicyclic group in which any of the above-defined heterocyclic rings is fused to a benzene ring. The nitrogen and sulfur heteroatoms may optionally be oxidized. The heterocyclic ring may be attached to its pendant group at  
25 any heteroatom or carbon atom that results in a stable structure. The heterocyclic rings described herein may be substituted on carbon or on a nitrogen atom if the resulting compound is stable. A nitrogen in the heterocycle may  
30 optionally be quaternized. It is preferred that when the total number of S and O atoms in the heterocycle exceeds 1,  
35

then these heteroatoms are not adjacent to one another. It is preferred that the total number of S and O atoms in the heterocycle is not more than 1. As used herein, the term "aromatic heterocyclic system" or "heteroaryl" is intended 5 to mean a stable 5, 6, or 7-membered monocyclic or bicyclic or 7, 8, 9, or 10-membered bicyclic heterocyclic aromatic ring which consists of carbon atoms and 1, 2, 3, or 4 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of N, NH, O and S. It is to be noted that total number of S 10 and O atoms in the aromatic heterocycle is not more than 1.

Examples of heterocycles include, but are not limited to, acridinyl, azocinyl, benzimidazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiofuranyl, benzothiophenyl, benzoxazolyl, benzoxazolinyl, benzthiazolyl, benztriazolyl, 15 benztetrazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzimidazolinyl, carbazolyl, 4aH-carbazolyl, carbolinyl, chromanyl, chromenyl, cinnolinyl, decahydroquinolinyl, 2H,6H-1,5,2-dithiazinyl, dihydrofuro[2,3-b]tetrahydrofuran, furanyl, furazanyl, imidazolidinyl, imidazolinyl, 20 imidazolyl, 1H-indazolyl, indolenyl, indoliny, indolizinyl, indolyl, 3H-indolyl, isatinoyl, isobenzofuranyl, isochromanyl, isoindazolyl, isoindolinyl, isoindolyl, isoquinolinyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, methylenedioxyphenyl, morpholinyl, naphthyridinyl, 25 octahydroisoquinolinyl, oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, oxazolidinyl, oxazolyl, oxindolyl, pyrimidinyl, phenanthridinyl, phenanthrolinyl, phenazinyl, phenothiazinyl, phenoxythiophenyl, phenoxyazinyl, phthalazinyl, 30 piperazinyl, piperidinyl, piperidonyl, 4-piperidonyl, piperonyl, pteridinyl, purinyl, pyranyl, pyrazinyl, pyrazolidinyl, pyrazolinyl, pyrazolyl, pyridazinyl, pyridoazole, pyridoimidazole, pyridothiazole, pyridinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, pyrrolinyl, 2H-pyrrolyl, 35 pyrrolyl, quinazolinyl, quinolinyl, 4H-quinolizinyl,

quinoxalinyl, quinuclidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydroisoquinolinyl, tetrahydroquinolinyl, tetrazolyl, 6H-1,2,5-thiadiazinyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, 5 thianthrenyl, thiazolyl, thienyl, thienothiazolyl, thienooxazolyl, thienoimidazolyl, thiophenyl, triazinyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,5-triazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl, and xanthenyl. Also included are fused ring and spiro compounds containing, for example, the above 10 heterocycles.

The phrase "pharmaceutically acceptable" is employed herein to refer to those compounds, materials, compositions, and/or dosage forms which are, within the scope of sound medical judgment, suitable for use in contact with the 15 tissues of human beings and animals without excessive toxicity, irritation, allergic response, or other problem or complication, commensurate with a reasonable benefit/risk ratio.

As used herein, "pharmaceutically acceptable salts" 20 refer to derivatives of the disclosed compounds wherein the parent compound is modified by making acid or base salts thereof. Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable salts include, but are not limited to, mineral or organic acid salts of basic residues such as amines; alkali or organic 25 salts of acidic residues such as carboxylic acids; and the like. The pharmaceutically acceptable salts include the conventional non-toxic salts or the quaternary ammonium salts of the parent compound formed, for example, from non-toxic inorganic or organic acids. For example, such 30 conventional non-toxic salts include those derived from inorganic acids such as hydrochloric, hydrobromic, sulfuric, sulfamic, phosphoric, nitric and the like; and the salts prepared from organic acids such as acetic, propionic, succinic, glycolic, stearic, lactic, malic, tartaric, 35 citric, ascorbic, pamoic, maleic, hydroxymaleic,

phenylacetic, glutamic, benzoic, salicylic, sulfanilic, 2-acetoxybenzoic, fumaric, toluenesulfonic, methanesulfonic, ethane disulfonic, oxalic, isethionic, and the like.

The pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the present invention can be synthesized from the parent compound that contains a basic or acidic moiety by conventional chemical methods. Generally, such salts can be prepared by reacting the free acid or base forms of these compounds with a stoichiometric amount of the appropriate base or acid in water or in an organic solvent, or in a mixture of the two; generally, non-aqueous media like ether, ethyl acetate, ethanol, isopropanol, or acetonitrile are preferred. Lists of suitable salts are found in *Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences*, 17th ed., Mack Publishing Company, Easton, PA, 1985, p. 1418, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

Since prodrugs are known to enhance numerous desirable qualities of pharmaceuticals (e.g., solubility, bioavailability, manufacturing, etc...) the compounds of the present invention may be delivered in prodrug form. Thus, the present invention is intended to cover prodrugs of the presently claimed compounds, methods of delivering the same and compositions containing the same. "Prodrugs" are intended to include any covalently bonded carriers that release an active parent drug of the present invention *in vivo* when such prodrug is administered to a mammalian subject. Prodrugs the present invention are prepared by modifying functional groups present in the compound in such a way that the modifications are cleaved, either in routine manipulation or *in vivo*, to the parent compound. Prodrugs include compounds of the present invention wherein a hydroxy, amino, or sulfhydryl group is bonded to any group that, when the prodrug of the present invention is administered to a mammalian subject, it cleaves to form a free hydroxyl, free amino, or free sulfhydryl group,

respectively. Examples of prodrugs include, but are not limited to, acetate, formate and benzoate derivatives of alcohol and amine functional groups in the compounds of the present invention.

5 "Stable compound" and "stable structure" are meant to indicate a compound that is sufficiently robust to survive isolation to a useful degree of purity from a reaction mixture, and formulation into an efficacious therapeutic agent.

10 "Substituted" is intended to indicate that one or more hydrogens on the atom indicated in the expression using "substituted" is replaced with a selection from the indicated group(s), provided that the indicated atom's normal valency is not exceeded, and that the substitution results in a stable compound. When a substituent is keto 15 (i.e., =O) group, then 2 hydrogens on the atom are replaced.

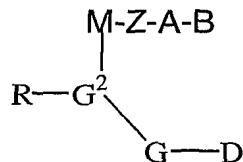
"Therapeutically effective amount" is intended to include an amount of a compound of the present invention or an amount of the combination of compounds claimed effective 20 to inhibit factor Xa. The combination of compounds is preferably a synergistic combination. Synergy, as described, for example, by Chou and Talalay, *Adv. Enzyme Regul.* **1984**, 22:27-55, occurs when the effect (in this case, inhibition of factor Xa) of the compounds when administered in 25 combination is greater than the additive effect of the compounds when administered alone as a single agent. In general, a synergistic effect is most clearly demonstrated at sub-optimal concentrations of the compounds. Synergy can be in terms of lower cytotoxicity, increased antiviral 30 effect, or some other beneficial effect of the combination compared with the individual components.

#### SYNTHESIS

The compounds of the present invention can be prepared 35 in a number of ways known to one skilled in the art of

organic synthesis. The compounds of the present invention can be synthesized using the methods described below, together with synthetic methods known in the art of synthetic organic chemistry, or by variations thereon as appreciated by those skilled in the art. Preferred methods include, but are not limited to, those described below. The reactions are performed in a solvent appropriate to the reagents and materials employed and suitable for the transformations being effected. It will be understood by those skilled in the art of organic synthesis that the functionality present on the molecule should be consistent with the transformations proposed. This will sometimes require a judgment to modify the order of the synthetic steps or to select one particular process scheme over another in order to obtain a desired compound of the invention. It will also be recognized that another major consideration in the planning of any synthetic route in this field is the judicious choice of the protecting group used for protection of the reactive functional groups present in the compounds described in this invention. An authoritative account describing the many alternatives to the trained practitioner is Greene and Wuts (*Protective Groups In Organic Synthesis*, Wiley and Sons, 1991). All references cited herein are hereby incorporated in their entirety herein by reference.

**Scheme 1**

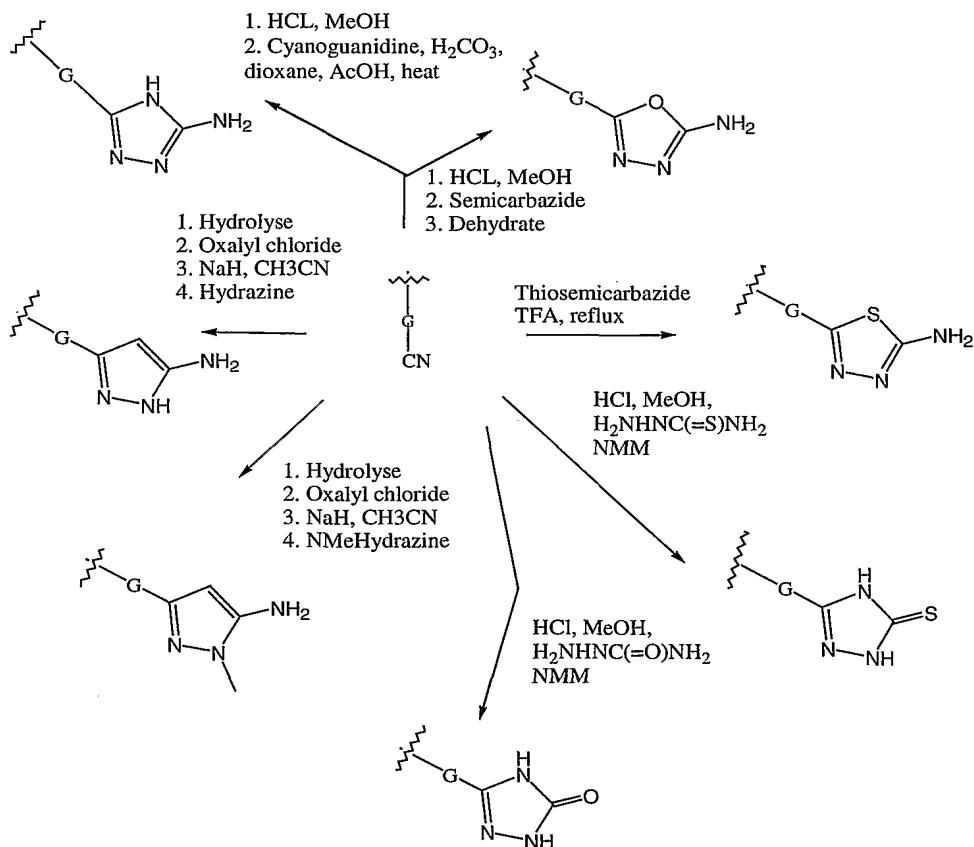


The heterocyclic system shown in Scheme 1 (wherein G-D can be -CN or halo) can be prepared according to the schemes shown in PCT applications WO98/28269, WO98/28282, WO/9857934 and

WO99/32454. In Scheme 1 and the schemes that follow, -G-D represents rings D1, D2, or D3 attached to linker G or precursor to this moiety.

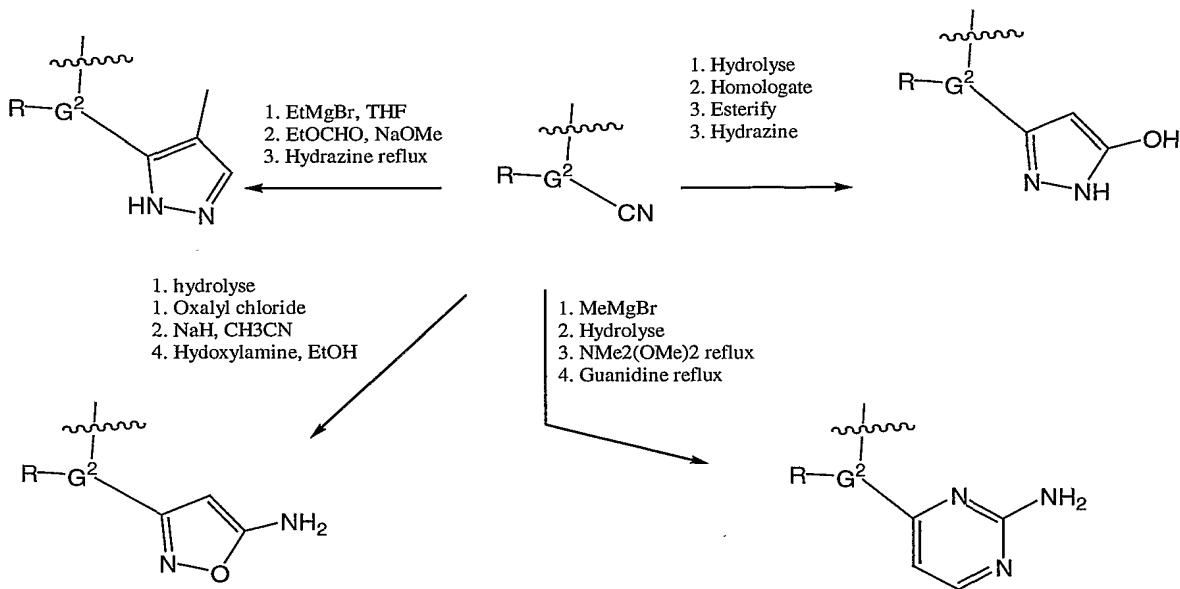
Compounds of this invention wherein G-D is a cyano group can be manipulated to afford thiadiazoles, oxadiazoles, aminooxadiazoles, pyrazoles, triazoles, and triazolones as outlined in Scheme 2.

**Scheme 2**



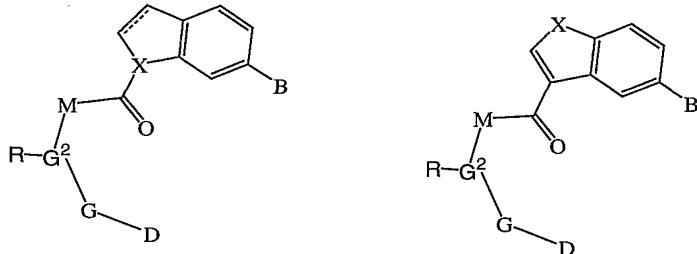
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Other heterocycles contained in this invention can also be obtained via methods shown in Scheme 3

**Scheme 3****Scheme 4**

$x = N, NH, O$  or  $S$

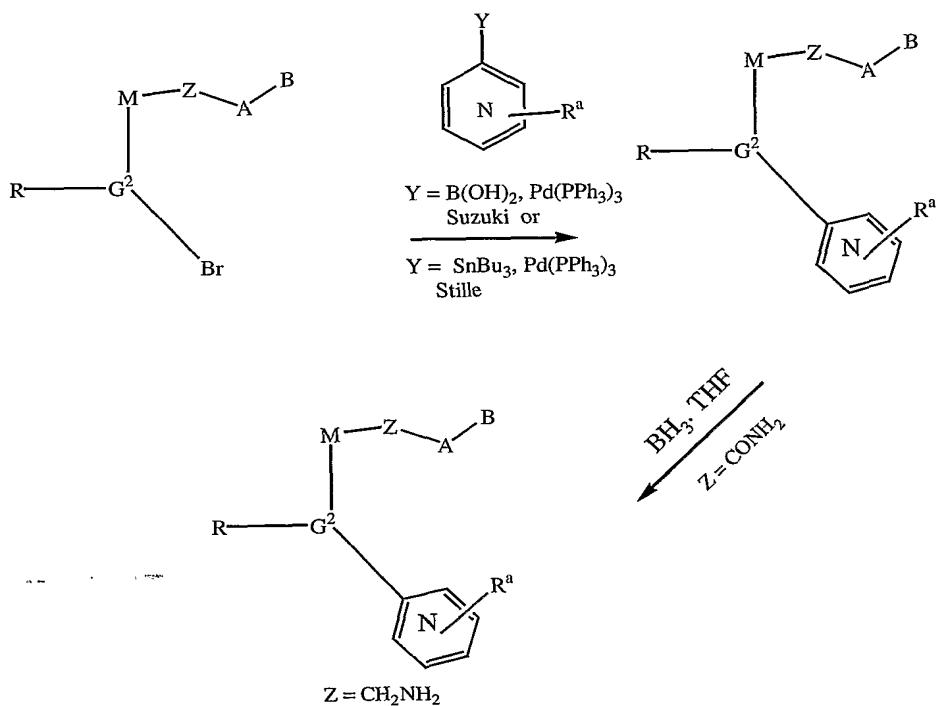
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Various analogs of the compounds contained in Scheme 4 can be made following the methodologies outlined in Schemes 1-3 and WO01/05784.

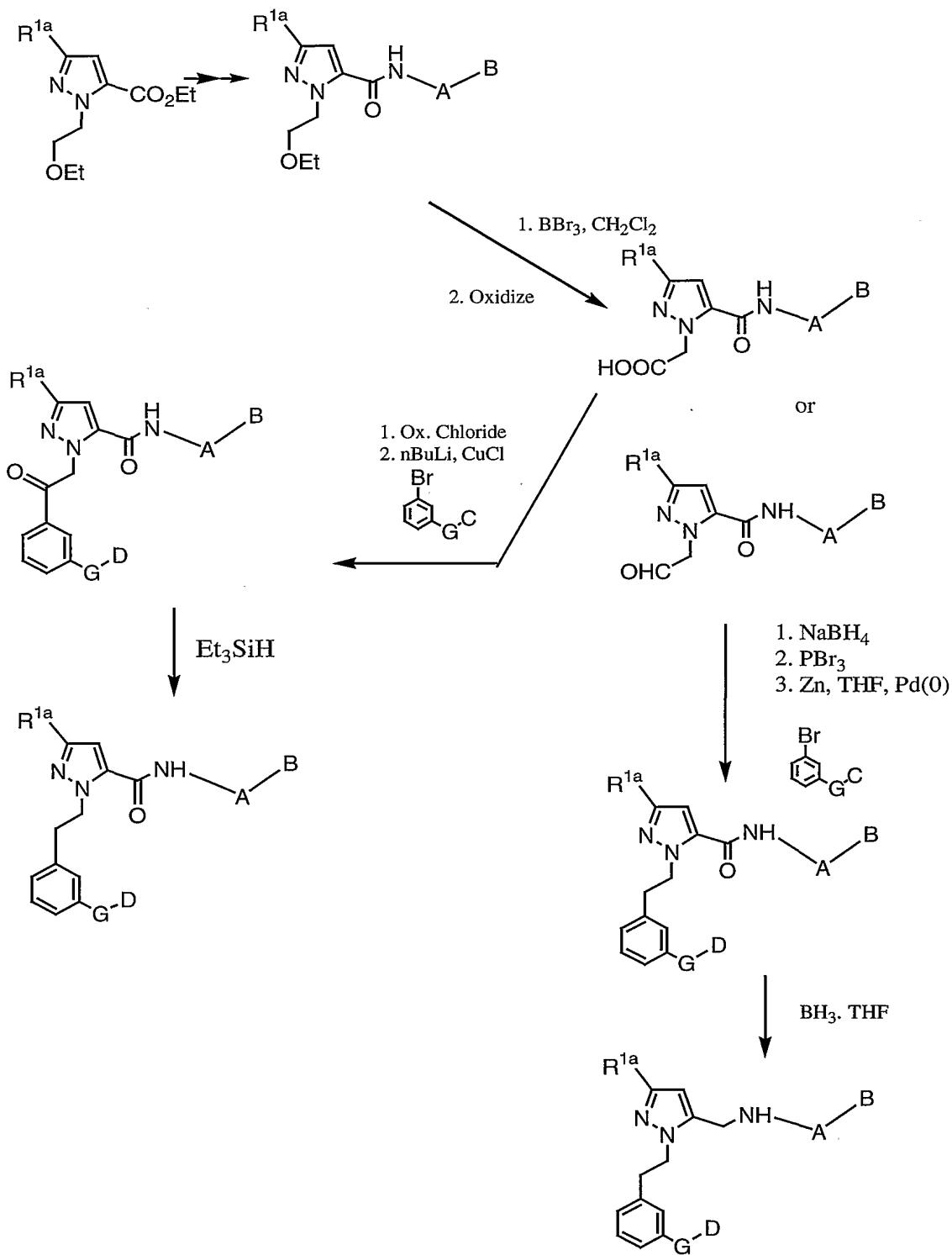
10 Compounds of this invention wherein ring D is a pyridyl, pyrimidyl, pyridazine, or other heterocyclic ring systems can also be prepared via the Suzuki and or the Stille coupling techniques from easily accessible bromophenyl precursors shown in Scheme 5.

15

**Scheme 5**

Additionally, other compounds of this invention can  
 5 also be prepared by those knowledgeable in the art following  
 the methodology outlined in Scheme 6.

Scheme 6

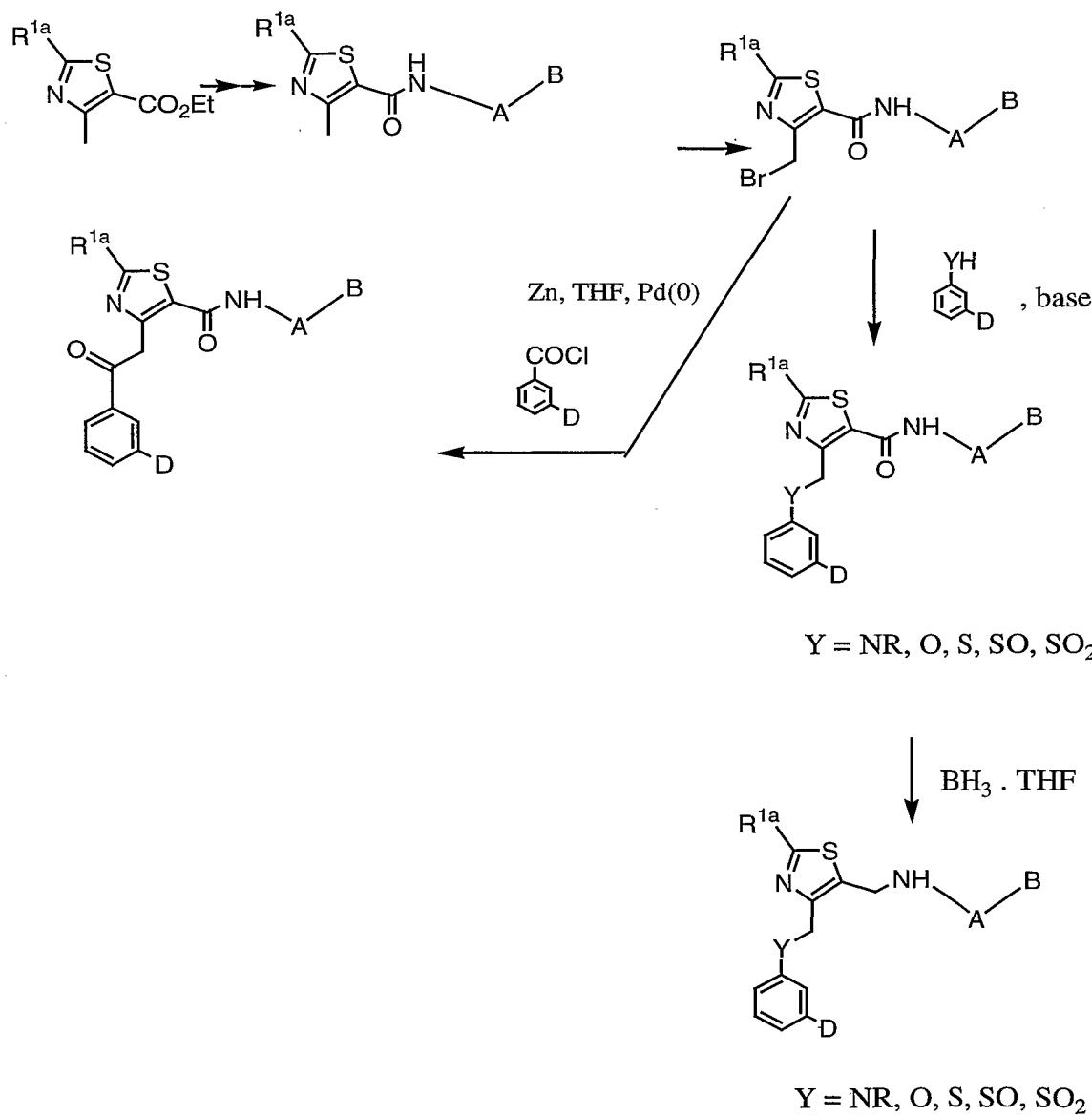


The compounds prepared via Scheme 6 can be used to  
5 prepare similar analogs with other five membered

heterocyclic core systems or other linker G<sup>1</sup>. These can then be further elaborated via the methodologies shown in earlier schemes to obtain compounds of this invention.

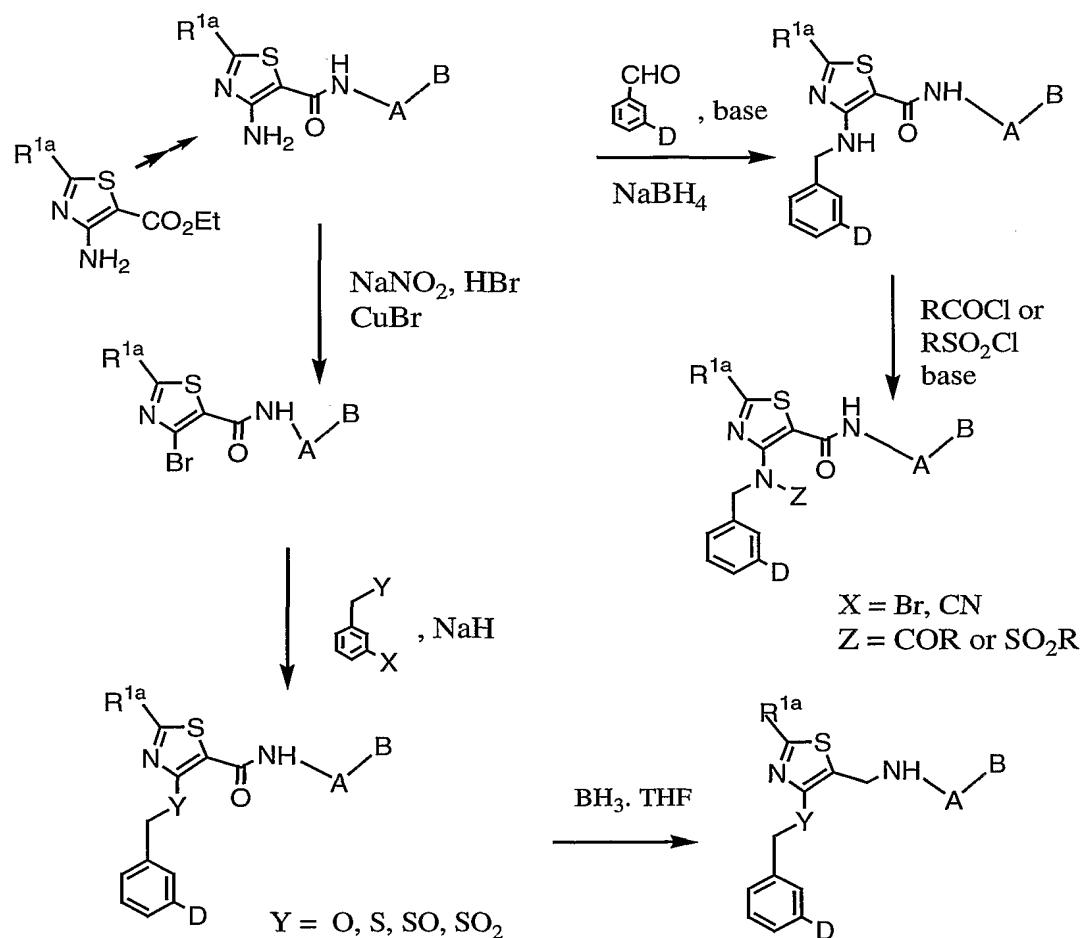
For other carbon based heterocyclic or aryl core systems the above methodologies apply but can be further modified via the method outlined in Scheme 7

Scheme 7



The synthesis shown in Scheme 7 can be adopted for other carbon based heterocycles or aryl rings. In addition to the above other compounds of this invention can also be prepared via the method outlined in Scheme 8.

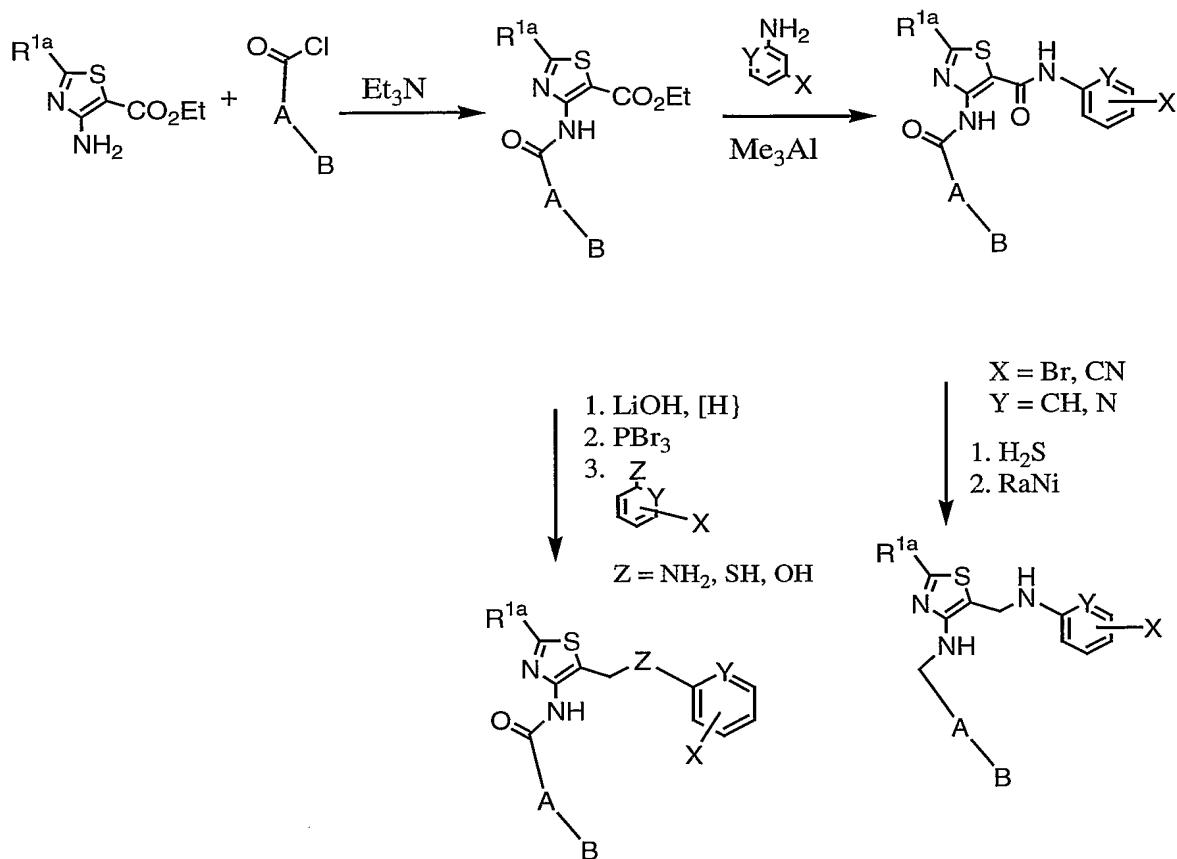
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**Scheme 8**

10

Alternatively, compounds of these inventions can also be prepared via the methodology outlined in Scheme 9.

Scheme 9



5       The synthetic methodology applied in Scheme 9 can also be applied to all other heterocyclic or aryl systems. In all the cases and schemes provided the intermediates wherein X (or D-G-) is a halogen or cyano group these in turn can be manipulated to the heterocyclic systems contained in this  
10 invention.

The compounds of the present invention have a group "A-B" attached to ring M directly or via Z. Preparations of some of the rings M and the "A-B" moieties can follow the same methods  
15 described in WO97/23212, WO97/30971, WO97/38984, WO98/01428, WO98/06694, WO98/28269, WO98/28282, WO98/57934, WO98/57937, and WO98/57951, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference

## UTILITY

The compounds of this invention are useful as anticoagulants for the treatment or prevention of 5 thromboembolic disorders in mammals. The term "thromboembolic disorders" as used herein includes arterial or venous cardiovascular or cerebrovascular thromboembolic disorders, including, for example, unstable angina, first or recurrent myocardial infarction, ischemic sudden death, 10 transient ischemic attack, stroke, atherosclerosis, venous thrombosis, deep vein thrombosis, thrombophlebitis, arterial embolism, coronary and cerebral arterial thrombosis, cerebral embolism, kidney embolisms, and pulmonary embolisms. The anticoagulant effect of compounds of the 15 present invention is believed to be due to inhibition of factor Xa or thrombin.

The effectiveness of compounds of the present invention as inhibitors of factor Xa was determined using purified human factor Xa and synthetic substrate. The rate of factor 20 Xa hydrolysis of chromogenic substrate S2222 (Kabi Pharmacia, Franklin, OH) was measured both in the absence and presence of compounds of the present invention. Hydrolysis of the substrate resulted in the release of pNA, which was monitored spectrophotometrically by measuring the 25 increase in absorbance at 405 nm. A decrease in the rate of absorbance change at 405 nm in the presence of inhibitor is indicative of enzyme inhibition. The results of this assay are expressed as inhibitory constant,  $K_i$ .

Factor Xa determinations were made in 0.10 M sodium 30 phosphate buffer, pH 7.5, containing 0.20 M NaCl, and 0.5% PEG 8000. The Michaelis constant,  $K_m$ , for substrate hydrolysis was determined at 25°C using the method of Lineweaver and Burk. Values of  $K_i$  were determined by allowing 0.2-0.5 nM human factor Xa (Enzyme Research 35 Laboratories, South Bend, IN) to react with the substrate

(0.20 mM-1 mM) in the presence of inhibitor. Reactions were allowed to go for 30 minutes and the velocities (rate of absorbance change vs time) were measured in the time frame of 25-30 minutes. The following relationship was used to 5 calculate  $K_i$  values:

$$(v_o - v_s) / v_s = I / (K_i (1 + S/K_m))$$

where:

$v_o$  is the velocity of the control in the absence of inhibitor;

10  $v_s$  is the velocity in the presence of inhibitor;

$I$  is the concentration of inhibitor;

$K_i$  is the dissociation constant of the enzyme:inhibitor complex;

$S$  is the concentration of substrate;

15  $K_m$  is the Michaelis constant.

Using the methodology described above, some compounds of the present invention were found to exhibit a  $K_i$  of  $\leq 10 \mu\text{M}$ , thereby confirming the utility of the compounds of the present invention as effective Xa inhibitors.

20 Compounds tested in the above assay are considered to be active if they exhibit a  $K_i$  of  $\leq 10 \mu\text{M}$ . Preferred compounds of the present invention have  $K_i$ 's of  $\leq 1 \mu\text{M}$ . More preferred compounds of the present invention have  $K_i$ 's of  $\leq 0.1 \mu\text{M}$ . Even more preferred compounds of the present 25 invention have  $K_i$ 's of  $\leq 0.01 \mu\text{M}$ . Still more preferred compounds of the present invention have  $K_i$ 's of  $\leq 0.001 \mu\text{M}$ .

The antithrombotic effect of compounds of the present invention can be demonstrated in a rabbit arterio-venous (AV) shunt thrombosis model. In this model, rabbits weighing 30 2-3 kg anesthetized with a mixture of xylazine (10 mg/kg i.m.) and ketamine (50 mg/kg i.m.) are used. A saline-filled AV shunt device is connected between the femoral arterial and the femoral venous cannulae. The AV shunt device consists of a piece of 6-cm tygon tubing that contains a

piece of silk thread. Blood will flow from the femoral artery via the AV-shunt into the femoral vein. The exposure of flowing blood to a silk thread will induce the formation of a significant thrombus. After forty minutes, the shunt is 5 disconnected and the silk thread covered with thrombus is weighed. Test agents or vehicle will be given (i.v., i.p., s.c., or orally) prior to the opening of the AV shunt. The percentage inhibition of thrombus formation is determined for each treatment group. The ID<sub>50</sub> values (dose which 10 produces 50% inhibition of thrombus formation) are estimated by linear regression.

The compounds of the present invention may also be useful as inhibitors of serine proteases, notably human thrombin, plasma kallikrein and plasmin. Because of their 15 inhibitory action, these compounds are indicated for use in the prevention or treatment of physiological reactions, blood coagulation and inflammation, catalyzed by the aforesaid class of enzymes. Specifically, the compounds have utility as drugs for the treatment of diseases arising from 20 elevated thrombin activity such as myocardial infarction, and as reagents used as anticoagulants in the processing of blood to plasma for diagnostic and other commercial purposes.

Some compounds of the present invention were shown to 25 be direct acting inhibitors of the serine protease thrombin by their ability to inhibit the cleavage of small molecule substrates by thrombin in a purified system. *In vitro* inhibition constants were determined by the method described by Kettner et al. in *J. Biol. Chem.* **1990**, 265, 18289-18297, 30 herein incorporated by reference. In these assays, thrombin-mediated hydrolysis of the chromogenic substrate S2238 (Helena Laboratories, Beaumont, TX) was monitored spectrophotometrically. Addition of an inhibitor to the assay mixture results in decreased absorbance and is 35 indicative of thrombin inhibition. Human thrombin (Enzyme

Research Laboratories, Inc., South Bend, IN) at a concentration of 0.2 nM in 0.10 M sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.5, 0.20 M NaCl, and 0.5% PEG 6000, was incubated with various substrate concentrations ranging from 0.20 to 0.02 5 mM. After 25 to 30 minutes of incubation, thrombin activity was assayed by monitoring the rate of increase in absorbance at 405 nm that arises owing to substrate hydrolysis. Inhibition constants were derived from reciprocal plots of the reaction velocity as a function of substrate 10 concentration using the standard method of Lineweaver and Burk. Using the methodology described above, some compounds of this invention were evaluated and found to exhibit a  $K_i$  of less than 10  $\mu\text{m}$ , thereby confirming the utility of the compounds of the present invention as effective thrombin 15 inhibitors.

The compounds of the present invention can be administered alone or in combination with one or more additional therapeutic agents. These include other anti-coagulant or coagulation inhibitory agents, anti-platelet or 20 platelet inhibitory agents, thrombin inhibitors, or thrombolytic or fibrinolytic agents.

The compounds are administered to a mammal in a therapeutically effective amount. By "therapeutically effective amount" it is meant an amount of a compound of the 25 present invention that, when administered alone or in combination with an additional therapeutic agent to a mammal, is effective to prevent or ameliorate the thromboembolic disease condition or the progression of the disease.

30 By "administered in combination" or "combination therapy" it is meant that the compound of the present invention and one or more additional therapeutic agents are administered concurrently to the mammal being treated. When administered in combination each component may be 35 administered at the same time or sequentially in any order

at different points in time. Thus, each component may be administered separately but sufficiently closely in time so as to provide the desired therapeutic effect. Other anticoagulant agents (or coagulation inhibitory agents) that 5 may be used in combination with the compounds of this invention include warfarin and heparin, as well as other factor Xa inhibitors such as those described in the publications identified above under Background of the Invention.

10 The term anti-platelet agents (or platelet inhibitory agents), as used herein, denotes agents that inhibit platelet function such as by inhibiting the aggregation, adhesion or granular secretion of platelets. Such agents include, but are not limited to, the various known 15 non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDS) such as aspirin, ibuprofen, naproxen, sulindac, indomethacin, mefenamate, droxicam, diclofenac, sulfinpyrazone, and piroxicam, including pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof. Of the NSAIDS, aspirin (acetylsalicyclic acid or ASA), and piroxicam are preferred. Other suitable 20 anti-platelet agents include ticlopidine, including pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof. Ticlopidine is also a preferred compound since it is known to be gentle on the gastro-intestinal tract in use. Still 25 other suitable platelet inhibitory agents include IIb/IIIa antagonists, thromboxane-A2-receptor antagonists and thromboxane-A2-synthetase inhibitors, as well as pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof.

The term thrombin inhibitors (or anti-thrombin agents), 30 as used herein, denotes inhibitors of the serine protease thrombin. By inhibiting thrombin, various thrombin-mediated processes, such as thrombin-mediated platelet activation (that is, for example, the aggregation of platelets, and/or the granular secretion of plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 35 and/or serotonin) and/or fibrin formation are disrupted. A

number of thrombin inhibitors are known to one of skill in the art and these inhibitors are contemplated to be used in combination with the present compounds. Such inhibitors include, but are not limited to, boroarginine derivatives, 5 boropeptides, heparins, hirudin and argatroban, including pharmaceutically acceptable salts and prodrugs thereof. Boroarginine derivatives and boropeptides include N-acetyl and peptide derivatives of boronic acid, such as C-terminal a-aminoboronic acid derivatives of lysine, ornithine, 10 arginine, homoarginine and corresponding isothiocuronium analogs thereof. The term hirudin, as used herein, includes suitable derivatives or analogs of hirudin, referred to herein as hirulogs, such as disulfatohirudin. Boropeptide thrombin inhibitors include compounds described in Kettner 15 et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,187,157 and European Patent Application Publication Number 293 881 A2, the disclosures of which are hereby incorporated herein by reference. Other suitable boroarginine derivatives and boropeptide thrombin inhibitors include those disclosed in PCT Application 20 Publication Number 92/07869 and European Patent Application Publication Number 471,651 A2, the disclosures of which are hereby incorporated herein by reference.

The term thrombolytics (or fibrinolytic) agents (or thrombolytics or fibrinolytics), as used herein, denotes 25 agents that lyse blood clots (thrombi). Such agents include tissue plasminogen activator, anistreplase, urokinase or streptokinase, including pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof. The term anistreplase, as used herein, refers to anisoylated plasminogen streptokinase activator complex, as described, for example, in European Patent 30 Application No. 028,489, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated herein by reference herein. The term urokinase, as used herein, is intended to denote both dual and single chain urokinase, the latter also being referred to herein as 35 prourokinase.

Administration of the compounds of the present invention in combination with such additional therapeutic agent, may afford an efficacy advantage over the compounds and agents alone, and may do so while permitting the use of 5 lower doses of each. A lower dosage minimizes the potential of side effects, thereby providing an increased margin of safety.

The compounds of the present invention are also useful as standard or reference compounds, for example as a quality 10 standard or control, in tests or assays involving the inhibition of factor Xa. Such compounds may be provided in a commercial kit, for example, for use in pharmaceutical research involving factor Xa. For example, a compound of the present invention could be used as a reference in an assay 15 to compare its known activity to a compound with an unknown activity. This would ensure the experimenter that the assay was being performed properly and provide a basis for comparison, especially if the test compound was a derivative of the reference compound. When developing new assays or 20 protocols, compounds according to the present invention could be used to test their effectiveness.

The compounds of the present invention may also be used in diagnostic assays involving factor Xa. For example, the presence of factor Xa in an unknown sample could be 25 determined by addition of chromogenic substrate S2222 to a series of solutions containing test sample and optionally one of the compounds of the present invention. If production of pNA is observed in the solutions containing test sample, but not in the presence of a compound of the present 30 invention, then one would conclude factor Xa was present.

#### Dosage and Formulation

The compounds of this invention can be administered in such oral dosage forms as tablets, capsules 35 (each of which includes sustained release or timed release

formulations), pills, powders, granules, elixirs, tinctures, suspensions, syrups, and emulsions. They may also be administered in intravenous (bolus or infusion), intraperitoneal, subcutaneous, or intramuscular form, all 5 using dosage forms well known to those of ordinary skill in the pharmaceutical arts. They can be administered alone, but generally will be administered with a pharmaceutical carrier selected on the basis of the chosen route of administration and standard pharmaceutical practice.

10 The dosage regimen for the compounds of the present invention will, of course, vary depending upon known factors, such as the pharmacodynamic characteristics of the particular agent and its mode and route of administration; the species, age, sex, health, medical condition, and weight 15 of the recipient; the nature and extent of the symptoms; the kind of concurrent treatment; the frequency of treatment; the route of administration, the renal and hepatic function of the patient, and the effect desired. A physician or veterinarian can determine and prescribe the effective 20 amount of the drug required to prevent, counter, or arrest the progress of the thromboembolic disorder.

By way of general guidance, the daily oral dosage of each active ingredient, when used for the indicated effects, will range between about 0.001 to 1000 mg/kg of body weight, 25 preferably between about 0.01 to 100 mg/kg of body weight per day, and most preferably between about 1.0 to 20 mg/kg/day. Intravenously, the most preferred doses will range from about 1 to about 10 mg/kg/minute during a constant rate infusion. Compounds of this invention may be 30 administered in a single daily dose, or the total daily dosage may be administered in divided doses of two, three, or four times daily.

Compounds of this invention can be administered in intranasal form via topical use of suitable intranasal 35 vehicles, or via transdermal routes, using transdermal skin

patches. When administered in the form of a transdermal delivery system, the dosage administration will, of course, be continuous rather than intermittent throughout the dosage regimen.

5       The compounds are typically administered in admixture with suitable pharmaceutical diluents, excipients, or carriers (collectively referred to herein as pharmaceutical carriers) suitably selected with respect to the intended form of administration, that is, oral tablets, capsules,  
10      elixirs, syrups and the like, and consistent with conventional pharmaceutical practices.

For instance, for oral administration in the form of a tablet or capsule, the active drug component can be combined with an oral, non-toxic, pharmaceutically acceptable, inert  
15      carrier such as lactose, starch, sucrose, glucose, methyl cellulose, magnesium stearate, dicalcium phosphate, calcium sulfate, mannitol, sorbitol and the like; for oral administration in liquid form, the oral drug components can be combined with any oral, non-toxic, pharmaceutically acceptable inert carrier such as ethanol, glycerol, water, and the like. Moreover, when desired or necessary, suitable binders, lubricants, disintegrating agents, and coloring agents can also be incorporated into the mixture. Suitable  
20      binders include starch, gelatin, natural sugars such as glucose or beta-lactose, corn sweeteners, natural and synthetic gums such as acacia, tragacanth, or sodium alginate, carboxymethylcellulose, polyethylene glycol, waxes, and the like. Lubricants used in these dosage forms include sodium oleate, sodium stearate, magnesium stearate,  
25      sodium benzoate, sodium acetate, sodium chloride, and the like. Disintegrators include, without limitation, starch, methyl cellulose, agar, bentonite, xanthan gum, and the like.

The compounds of the present invention can also be  
35      administered in the form of liposome delivery systems, such

as small unilamellar vesicles, large unilamellar vesicles, and multilamellar vesicles. Liposomes can be formed from a variety of phospholipids, such as cholesterol, stearylamine, or phosphatidylcholines.

5 Compounds of the present invention may also be coupled with soluble polymers as targetable drug carriers. Such polymers can include polyvinylpyrrolidone, pyran copolymer, polyhydroxypropylmethacrylamide-phenol, polyhydroxyethylaspartamidephenol, or polyethyleneoxide-  
10 polylysine substituted with palmitoyl residues. Furthermore, the compounds of the present invention may be coupled to a class of biodegradable polymers useful in achieving controlled release of a drug, for example, polylactic acid, polyglycolic acid, copolymers of polylactic and polyglycolic  
15 acid, polyepsilon caprolactone, polyhydroxy butyric acid, polyorthoesters, polyacetals, polydihydropyrans, polycyanoacylates, and crosslinked or amphipathic block copolymers of hydrogels.

Dosage forms (pharmaceutical compositions) suitable for  
20 administration may contain from about 1 milligram to about 100 milligrams of active ingredient per dosage unit. In these pharmaceutical compositions the active ingredient will ordinarily be present in an amount of about 0.5-95% by weight based on the total weight of the composition.

25 Gelatin capsules may contain the active ingredient and powdered carriers, such as lactose, starch, cellulose derivatives, magnesium stearate, stearic acid, and the like. Similar diluents can be used to make compressed tablets. Both tablets and capsules can be manufactured as sustained  
30 release products to provide for continuous release of medication over a period of hours. Compressed tablets can be sugar coated or film coated to mask any unpleasant taste and protect the tablet from the atmosphere, or enteric coated for selective disintegration in the gastrointestinal tract.

Liquid dosage forms for oral administration can contain coloring and flavoring to increase patient acceptance.

In general, water, a suitable oil, saline, aqueous dextrose (glucose), and related sugar solutions and glycols such as propylene glycol or polyethylene glycols are suitable carriers for parenteral solutions. Solutions for parenteral administration preferably contain a water soluble salt of the active ingredient, suitable stabilizing agents, and if necessary, buffer substances. Antioxidizing agents such as sodium bisulfite, sodium sulfite, or ascorbic acid, either alone or combined, are suitable stabilizing agents. Also used are citric acid and its salts and sodium EDTA. In addition, parenteral solutions can contain preservatives, such as benzalkonium chloride, methyl- or propyl-paraben, and chlorobutanol.

Suitable pharmaceutical carriers are described in Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, Mack Publishing Company, a standard reference text in this field.

Representative useful pharmaceutical dosage-forms for administration of the compounds of this invention can be illustrated as follows:

#### Capsules

A large number of unit capsules can be prepared by filling standard two-piece hard gelatin capsules each with 100 milligrams of powdered active ingredient, 150 milligrams of lactose, 50 milligrams of cellulose, and 6 milligrams magnesium stearate.

#### Soft Gelatin Capsules

A mixture of active ingredient in a digestable oil such as soybean oil, cottonseed oil or olive oil may be prepared and injected by means of a positive displacement pump into gelatin to form soft gelatin capsules containing 100 milligrams of the active ingredient. The capsules should be washed and dried.

Tablets

Tablets may be prepared by conventional procedures so that the dosage unit is 100 milligrams of active ingredient, 0.2 milligrams of colloidal silicon dioxide, 5 milligrams of 5 magnesium stearate, 275 milligrams of microcrystalline cellulose, 11 milligrams of starch and 98.8 milligrams of lactose. Appropriate coatings may be applied to increase palatability or delay absorption.

Injectable

10 A parenteral composition suitable for administration by injection may be prepared by stirring 1.5% by weight of active ingredient in 10% by volume propylene glycol and water. The solution should be made isotonic with sodium chloride and sterilized.

Suspension

An aqueous suspension can be prepared for oral administration so that each 5 mL contain 100 mg of finely divided active ingredient, 200 mg of sodium carboxymethyl cellulose, 5 mg of sodium benzoate, 1.0 g of sorbitol 20 solution, U.S.P., and 0.025 mL of vanillin.

Where the compounds of this invention are combined with other anticoagulant agents, for example, a daily dosage may be about 0.1 to 100 milligrams of the compound of the present invention and about 1 to 7.5 milligrams of the 25 second anticoagulant, per kilogram of patient body weight. For a tablet dosage form, the compounds of this invention generally may be present in an amount of about 5 to 10 milligrams per dosage unit, and the second anti-coagulant in an amount of about 1 to 5 milligrams per dosage unit.

30 Where the compounds of the present invention are administered in combination with an anti-platelet agent, by way of general guidance, typically a daily dosage may be about 0.01 to 25 milligrams of the compound of the present invention and about 50 to 150 milligrams of the anti- 35 platelet agent, preferably about 0.1 to 1 milligrams of the

compound of the present invention and about 1 to 3 milligrams of anti-platelet agents, per kilogram of patient body weight.

Where the compounds of the present invention are  
5 administered in combination with thrombolytic agent,  
typically a daily dosage may be about 0.1 to 1 milligrams of  
the compound of the present invention, per kilogram of  
patient body weight and, in the case of the thrombolytic  
agents, the usual dosage of the thrombolytic agent when  
10 administered alone may be reduced by about 70-80% when  
administered with a compound of the present invention.

Where two or more of the foregoing second therapeutic  
agents are administered with the compound of the present  
invention, generally the amount of each component in a  
15 typical daily dosage and typical dosage form may be reduced  
relative to the usual dosage of the agent when administered  
alone, in view of the additive or synergistic effect of the  
therapeutic agents when administered in combination.

Particularly when provided as a single dosage unit, the  
20 potential exists for a chemical interaction between the  
combined active ingredients. For this reason, when the  
compound of the present invention and a second therapeutic  
agent are combined in a single dosage unit they are  
formulated such that although the active ingredients are  
25 combined in a single dosage unit, the physical contact  
between the active ingredients is minimized (that is,  
reduced). For example, one active ingredient may be enteric  
coated. By enteric coating one of the active ingredients, it  
is possible not only to minimize the contact between the  
30 combined active ingredients, but also, it is possible to  
control the release of one of these components in the  
gastrointestinal tract such that one of these components is  
not released in the stomach but rather is released in the  
intestines. One of the active ingredients may also be coated  
35 with a material that effects a sustained-release throughout

the gastrointestinal tract and also serves to minimize physical contact between the combined active ingredients. Furthermore, the sustained-released component can be additionally enteric coated such that the release of this 5 component occurs only in the intestine. Still another approach would involve the formulation of a combination product in which the one component is coated with a sustained and/or enteric release polymer, and the other component is also coated with a polymer such as a low- 10 viscosity grade of hydroxypropyl methylcellulose (HPMC) or other appropriate materials as known in the art, in order to further separate the active components. The polymer coating serves to form an additional barrier to interaction with the other component.

15 These as well as other ways of minimizing contact between the components of combination products of the present invention, whether administered in a single dosage form or administered in separate forms but at the same time by the same manner, will be readily apparent to those skilled in 20 the art, once armed with the present disclosure.

Other features of the invention will become apparent in the course of the following descriptions of exemplary embodiments that are given for illustration of the invention and are not intended to be limiting thereof.

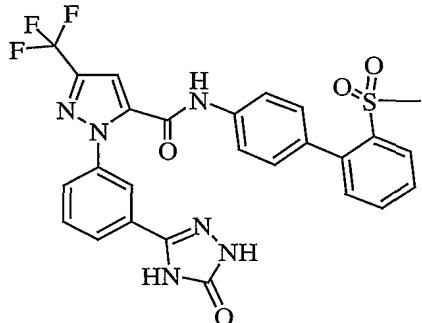
25

## EXAMPLES

## Example 1

1-[3-(1',3',4''-Triazol-2'-on-5''-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole

5



Part A: The starting nitrile, 1-(3-cyanophenyl)-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole, was prepared according to the methodology described in WO98/28269 (see Example 73). To 0.54 g (1.06 mmol) of this nitrile in anhydrous ethanol was bubbled HCl gas for 0.5h. The reaction mixture was capped and allowed to stir at room temperature for 18h. The ethanol was evaporated to afford the crude ethoxyimide intermediate. LRMS (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) m/z (relative intensity) 557 (M=H, 100).

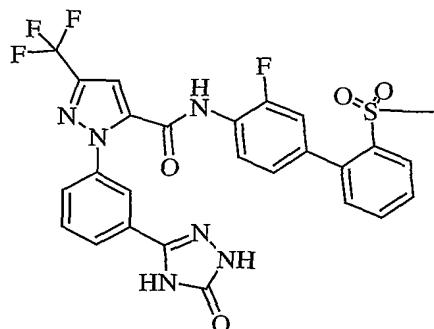
Part B: To the crude product in dioxane (10 mL) from part A was added N-Methyl morpholine (0.6 mL, 5.03 mmol). To this mixture was added semicarbazide hydrochloride (0.13 g, 1.06 mmol) and the reaction mixture was refluxed gently for 72h. The mixture was cooled, poured in water (100 mL) and the organics were extracted with ethyl acetate (2x50 mL), dried and evaporated to a brown mass. The crude mixture was purified via reverse-phase HPLC to afford the title compound. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, 300MHz) δ: 12.91 (s, 1H), 11.81 (s, 1H), 10.90 (s, 1H), 8.08 (d, 1H, J=7.7Hz), 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.92-7.90 (m, 1H), 7.78-7.64 (m, 7H), 7.41-7.38 (m, 3H),

2.84 (s, 3H) ppm. LRMS (ES+): m/z 591 (M+Na). HRMS (ESI): for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>20</sub>SF<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>N<sub>6</sub> Mass= 569.1206.

**Example 2**

5

**1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole**

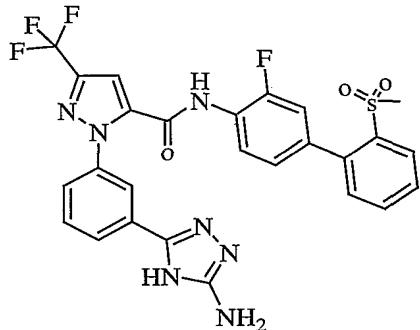


The starting nitrile, 1-(3-cyanophenyl)-3-

10 trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole, was prepared according to the methodology described in WO98/28269 (see Example 206). The title compound was prepared from this nitrile in a similar method to that described for Example 1. <sup>1</sup>HNMR (DMSO-  
15 d<sub>6</sub>, 300MHz) δ: 12.17 (s, 1H), 11.81 (s, 1H), 10.73 (s, 1H), 8.09 (dd, 1H, J<sub>1</sub>=J<sub>2</sub>=8.0Hz), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.93-7.90 (m, 1H), 7.81-7.64 (m, 6H), 7.43 (dd, 1H, J<sub>1</sub>=J<sub>2</sub>=7.0Hz), 7.38 (dd, 1H, J<sub>1</sub>=J<sub>2</sub>=11.0Hz), 7.24 (d, 1H, J=8.0Hz), 2.92 (s, 3H) ppm. LRMS (ES+): m/z 587 (M+H) 609 (M+Na). HRMS (ESI): for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>19</sub>SF<sub>4</sub>O<sub>4</sub>N<sub>6</sub>  
20 Mass= 587.1123.

**Example 3**

**1-[3-(2'-Amino-1',3',4'-triazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole trifluoroacetic acid salt**



5

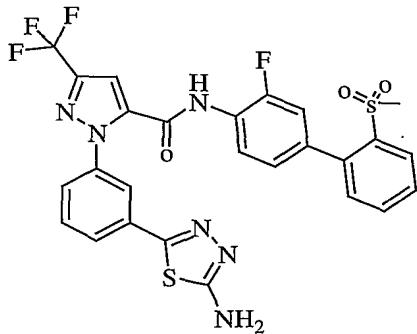
Part A: The nitrile employed for Example 2 was utilized for the preparation of Example 3. Hydrogen chloride was bubbled into an ice-cooled solution of the nitrile (0.52 g, 0.98 mmol) in anhydrous ethanol (50 mL) for 0.5h. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to ambient temperature overnight and then concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude ethyl imide hydrochloride was placed under high vacuum and used directly in the next step.

15 Part B: Acetic acid (1.0 mL) was added to a suspension of crude imide hydrochloride (0.98 mmol) obtained in part A and aminoguanidine bicarbonate (0.18 g, 1.31 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (25 mL). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 48h and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude 20 solid was purified by reverse phase HPLC.  $^1\text{H}$ NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ , 300MHz)  $\delta$ : 10.74 (s, 1H), 8.88-7.99 (m, 3H), 7.80-7.69 (m, 4H), 7.62-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.22 (m, 1H), 2.92 (s, 3H) ppm. LRMS (ES+): m/z 586 (M+H) 608 (M+Na). HRMS (ESI): for  $C_{26}H_{20}SF_4O_3N_6$  Mass= 586.1280.

25

**Example 4**

**1-[3-(2'-Amino-3',4'-thiadiazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole trifluoroacetic acid salt**

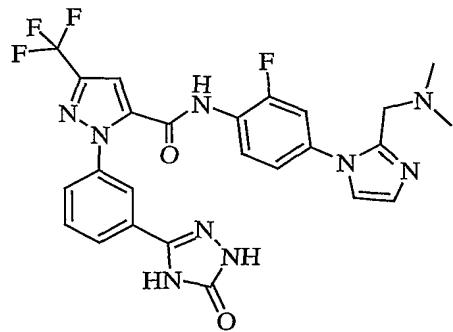


5

The nitrile employed for Example 2 was dissolved in TFA (2 mL). To this mixture was added thiosemicarbazide (0.13 g, 1.42 mmol) and the reaction mixture was gently refluxed for 2h. The reaction was then concentrated and the crude oil was purified via reverse phase HPLC to afford the title compound.  $^1\text{HNMR}$  ( $\text{DMSO-d}_6$ , 300MHz)  $\delta$ : 10.73 (s, 1H), 8.10 (d, 1H,  $J=8.0\text{Hz}$ ), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.87-7.86 (m, 1H), 7.80-7.62 (m, 8H), 7.44 (d, 1H,  $J=8.0\text{Hz}$ ), 7.38 (d, 1H,  $J=11.0\text{Hz}$ ), 7.24 (d, 1H,  $J=8.0\text{Hz}$ ), 2.92 (s, 3H) ppm. LRMS (ES+): m/z 625 (M+Na). HRMS (ESI): for  $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{19}\text{S}_2\text{F}_4\text{O}_3\text{N}_6$  Mass= 603.0889.

**Example 5**

**1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[4-(2'-(N,N-dimethylamino)methylimidazol-1'-yl)-2-fluorophenyl]aminocarbonyl]pyrazole trifluoroacetic acid salt**

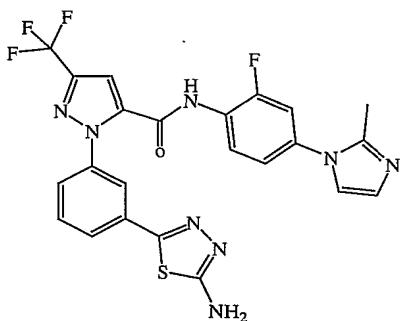


Part A: 1-(3-Cyanophenyl)-3-trifluoromethylpyrazole-5-carboxylic acid was prepared according the methods of WO98/28269 (see Example 14). The pyrazole acid chloride (2.48 mmol) was coupled with 2-fluoro-N,N-dimethyl-2-aminomethyl-4-imidazoloaniline (1.04 g, 2.25 mmol) using DMAP (1.38 g, 11.26 mmol) in dichloromethane. After 48h the reaction mixture was concentrated, dissolved in EtOAc, and washed three times with brine. Then the organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography. <sup>1</sup>HNMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, 300MHz) δ: 10.72 (s, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.01 (d, 1H, J=8Hz), 7.93 (d, 1H, J=8Hz), 7.77-7.69 (m, 4H), 7.51-7.47 (m, 2H), 7.00 (s, 1H), 3.38 (s, 2H), 2.13 (s, 6H) ppm; LRMS: m/z 496 (M-H).

Part B: The coupling product was converted to its corresponding methylimidate via the Pinner reaction. The imidate (1.62 mmol) was then treated with semicarbazide (0.22 g, 1.94 mmol) in refluxing 1,4-dioxane (40 mL) for 48h. The reaction mixture was concentrated to give the crude amino oxadiazole. The product was purified by HPLC. LRMS: m/z 556 (M+H).

#### Example 6

25           **1-[3-(2'-Amino-3',4'-thiadiazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[4-(2'-methylimidazol-1'-yl)-2-fluorophenyl]aminocarbonyl]pyrazole trifluoroacetic acid salt**

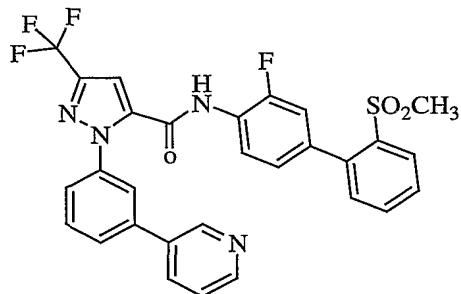


Part A: 1-(3-Cyanophenyl)-3-trifluoromethylpyrazole-5-carboxylic acid was prepared according the methods of WO98/28269 (see Example 14). The pyrazole acid chloride (0.51 mmol) was coupled with 2-methyl-4-imidazoloaniline (1.04 g, 2.25 mmol) using DMAP (0.31 g, 2.49 mmol) in 10 mL dichloromethane. After 24H the reaction mixture was concentrated. The resulting concentrate was dissolved in EtOAc and washed three times with brine. The organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude coupling product was used directly. LRMS: m/z 437 (M+H).

Part B: The crude benzonitrile was treated with thiosemicarbazide (0.04 g, 0.45 mmol) in 5 mL refluxing TFA for 4h. The reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by HPLC to give the aminothiadiazole. <sup>1</sup>HNMR (DMSO, 300MHz) δ: 11.07 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.89-7.84 (m, 4H), 7.77 (d, 1H, J=2Hz), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.63-7.55 (m, 4H), 2.50 (s, 3H) ppm; LRMS: m/z 256 (M/2+H), 511 (M+H); HRMS: calc'd for C<sub>2</sub>3H<sub>18</sub>S O F<sub>3</sub> N<sub>8</sub>=511.1288.

#### Example 7

**1-[3-(Pyrid-3'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole trifluoroacetic acid salt**

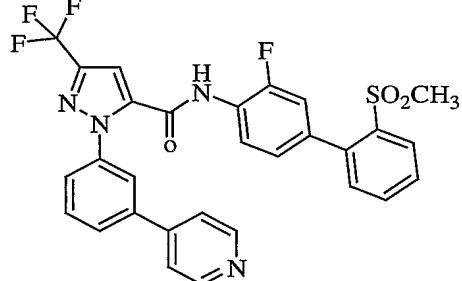


1-(Bromophenyl)-5-(2'-methylsulfonyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)-3-trifluoromethyl-pyrazole was prepared according to the

methods of WO98/28269 (see Example 10, except that 3-methoxy-trichloroacetyl-4,4,4-trifluorocrotonate was used in place of 3-methoxy-trichloroacetylcrotonate). 3-Pyridylboronate (0.112 g, 0.75 mmol) was added to 1-(bromophenyl)-5-(2'-methylsulfonyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)-3-trifluoromethyl-pyrazole (0.366 g, 0.62 mmol) in a solution of Toluene:EtOH (4:1, 50 mL). Sodium carbonate (2M, 0.4 mL) was added and the solution was degassed for 0.5h. To this solution was added Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> and the solution was gently refluxed for 18h. The solution was concentrated and purified via reverse phase HPLC to afford 0.050g of colorless product. LRMS 581 m/z (rel. intensity), 581 (M+H, 100).

#### Example 8

15 **1-[3-(Pyrid-4'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole trifluoroacetic acid salt**

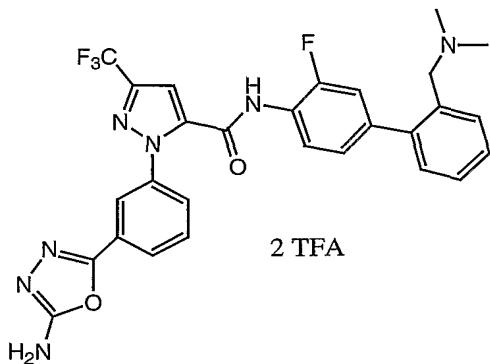


Prepared via the Stille coupling methodology using 4-tributyltinpyridine and the bromophenyl-pyrazole intermediate used in Example 8. The title compound was obtained as colorless crystals (20% yield) after purification by reverse phase HPLC. LRMS m/z (rel. intensity) 581 (M+H, 100).

25

#### Example 9

1-[3-(5-Amino-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)phenyl]-N-{2'-(dimethylamino)methyl}-3-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl}-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide

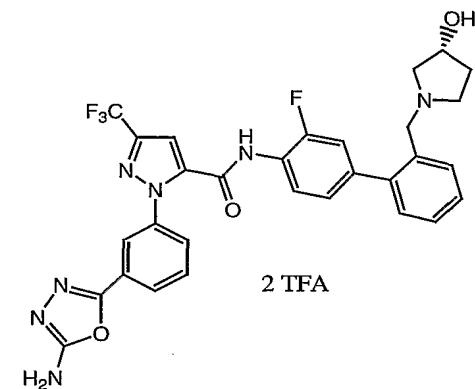


This compound was prepared by the methods described in Example 1-6. LRMS (ES<sup>+</sup>), 566.2 (M+H)<sup>+</sup>.

5

#### **Example 10**

1-[3-(5-Amino-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)phenyl]-N-(3-fluoro-2'-([(3S)-3-hydroxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]methyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide

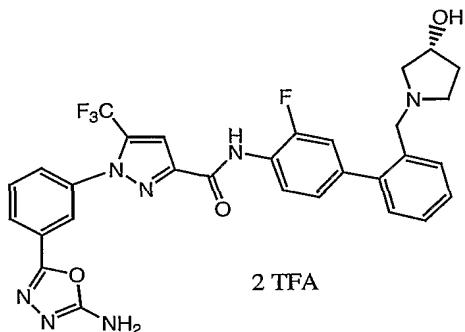


10

This compound was prepared by the methods described in Example 1-6. LRMS (ES<sup>+</sup>), 608.4 (M+H)<sup>+</sup>.

#### **Example 11**

1-[3-(5-Amino-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)phenyl]-N-(3-fluoro-2'-([(3S)-3-hydroxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]methyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxamide



This compound was prepared by the methods described in Example 1-6. LRMS (ES<sup>+</sup>), 608.1 (M+H)<sup>+</sup>.

5 The following tables contain representative examples of the present invention. Each entry in each table is intended to be paired with each formulas at the start of the table. For example, in Tables 1 and 2, example 1 is intended to be paired with each of the formulas.

10 The following nomenclature is intended for group A in the following tables.

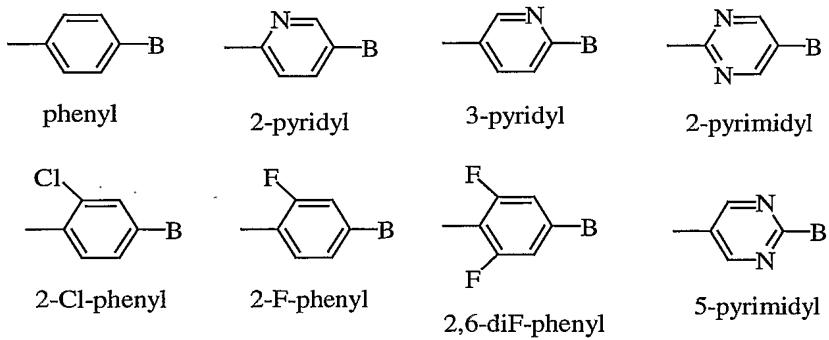
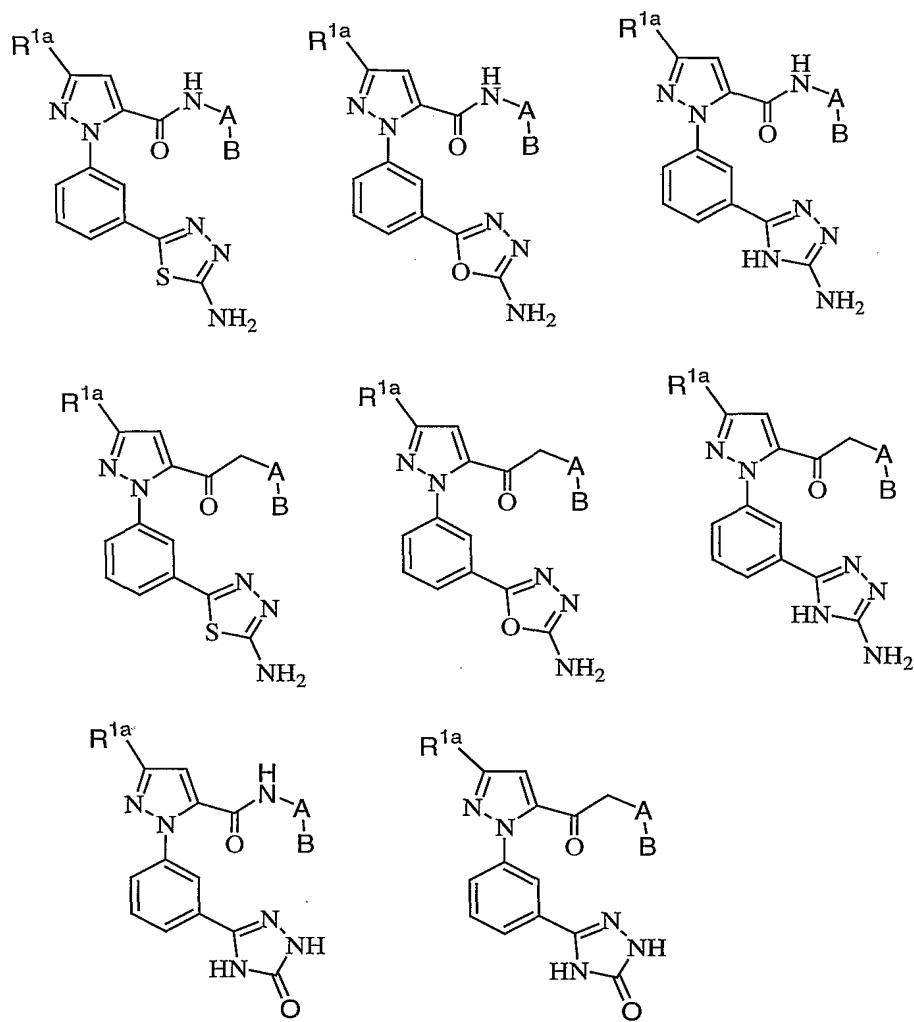
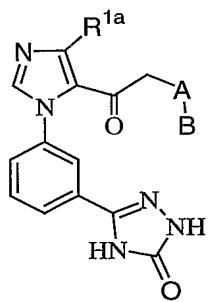
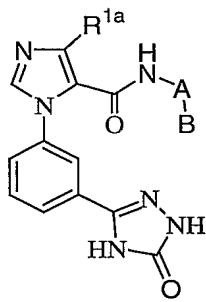
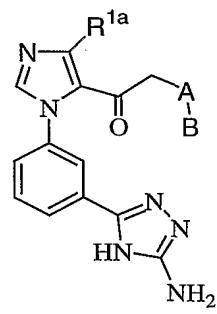
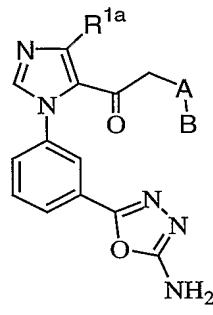
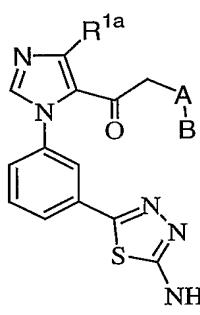
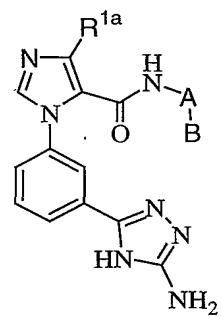
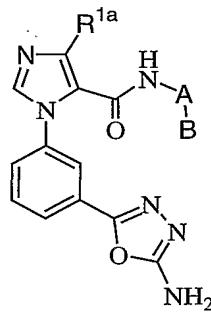
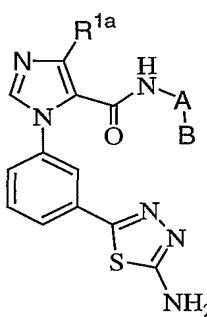
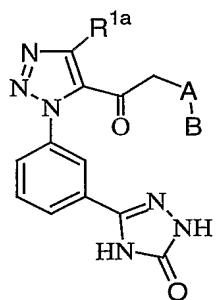
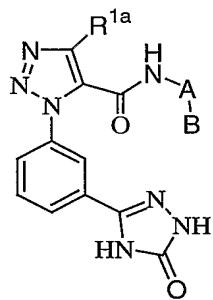
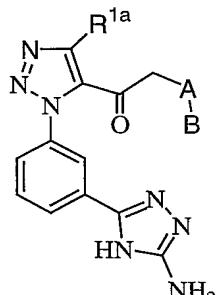
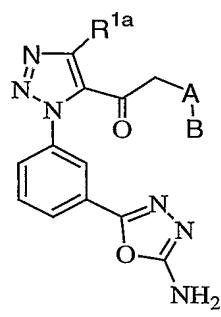
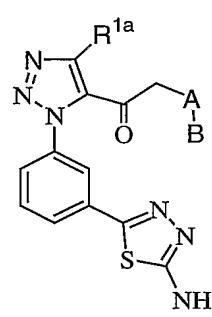
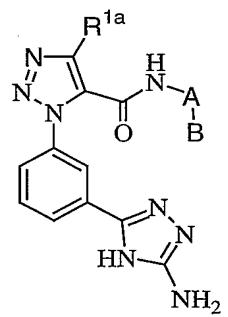
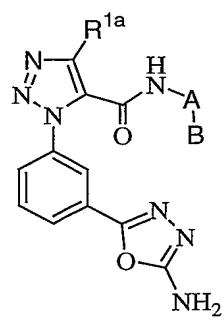
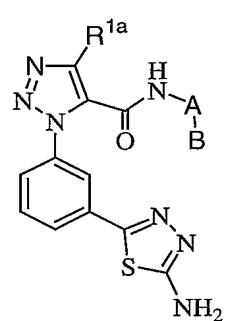
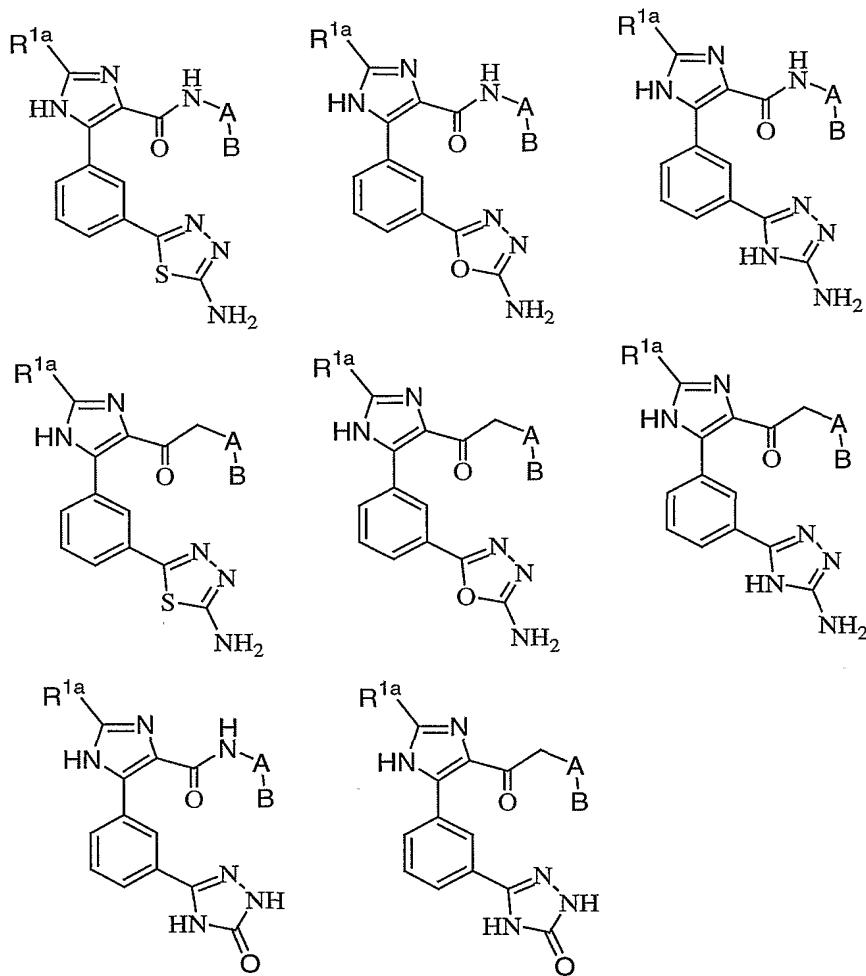


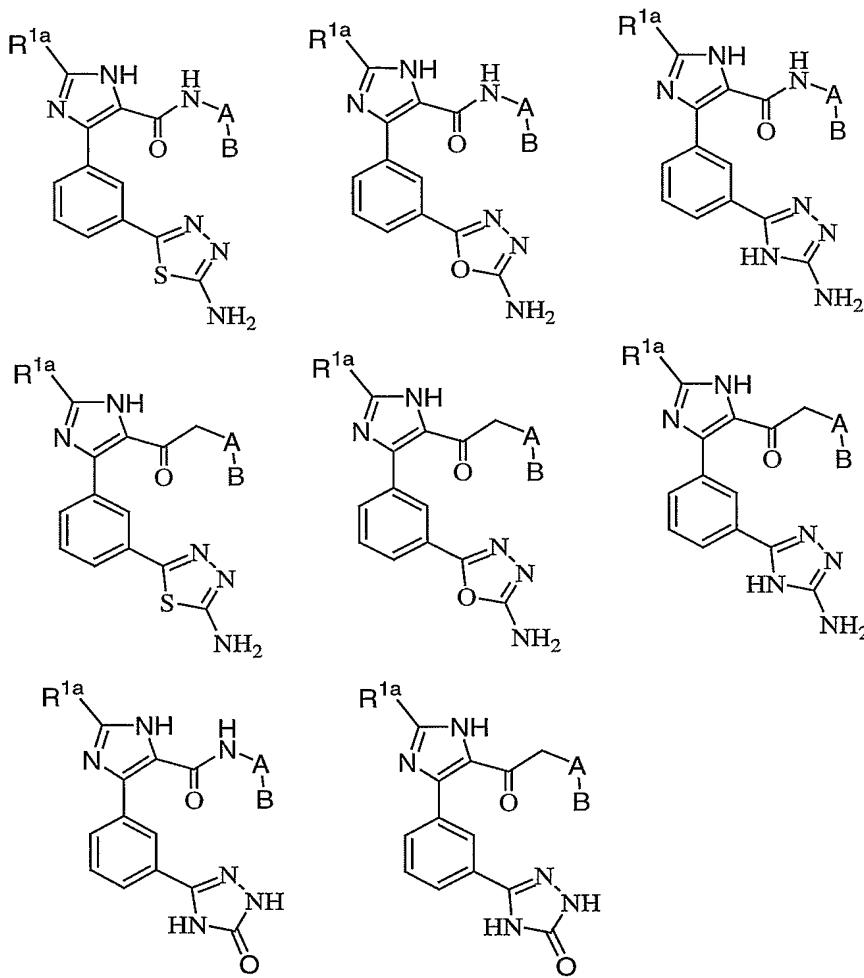
Table 1

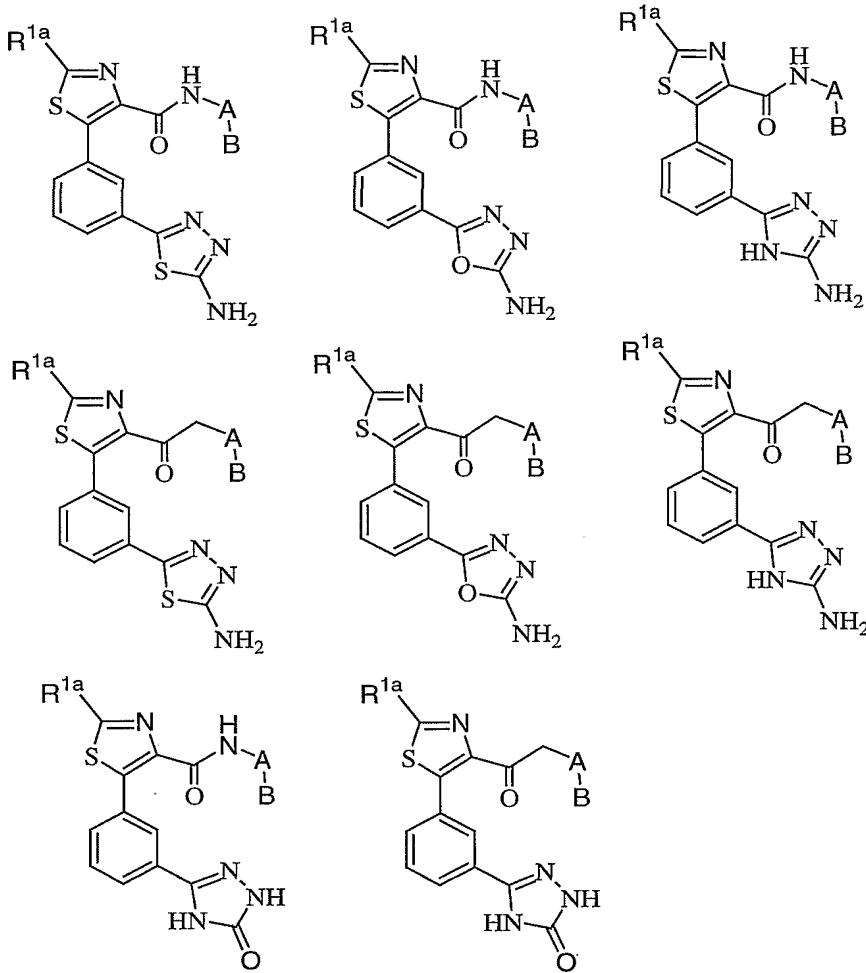


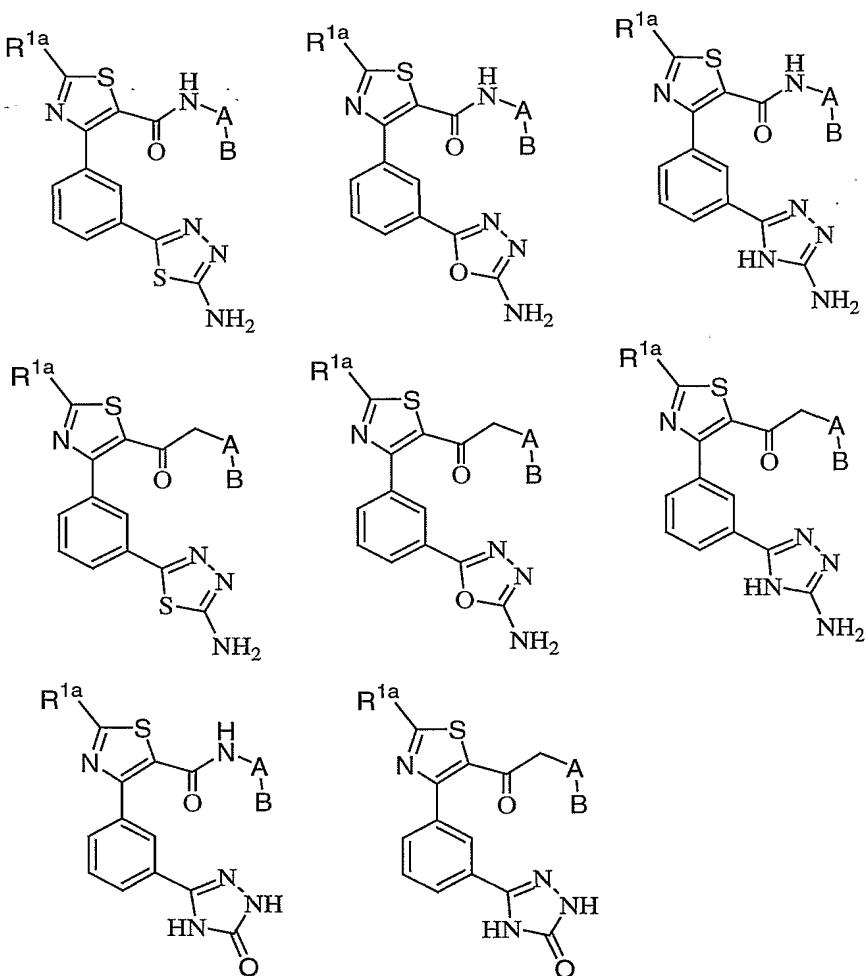












$R^{1a}$  is  $CH_3$ ;

	<b>Ex#</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>
5	1.	phenyl	2-( $NH_2SO_2$ ) phenyl
	2.	phenyl	2-( $CH_3SO_2$ ) phenyl
	3.	phenyl	3- $NH_2SO_2$ -4-pyridyl
	4.	phenyl	3- $CH_3SO_2$ -4-pyridyl
10	5.	phenyl	2-( $CH_3NH$ ) phenyl
	6.	phenyl	3-( $(CH_3)_2NCH_2$ )-4-pyridyl
	7.	phenyl	2-( $N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH_2$ ) phenyl
	8.	phenyl	2-( $N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH_2$ ) phenyl
	9.	phenyl	2-( $(CH_3)_2NCH_2$ ) phenyl
15	10.	phenyl	2-( $(CH_3)NHCH_2$ ) phenyl
	11.	phenyl	2-( $(CH_3CH_2)NHCH_2$ ) phenyl
	12.	phenyl	2-( $(CH_3CH_2)_2NCH_2$ ) phenyl
	13.	phenyl	2-( $(CH_3CH_2)N(CH_3)CH_2$ ) phenyl
	14.	phenyl	2-( $((CH_3)_2CH)NHCH_2$ ) phenyl
20	15.	phenyl	2-( $((CH_3)_2CH)_2NCH_2$ ) phenyl
	16.	phenyl	2-( $(cyclopropyl)NHCH_2$ ) phenyl

	17.	phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	18.	phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	19.	phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	20.	phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
5	21.	phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	22.	phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	23.	phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	24.	phenyl	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-imidazolyl
	25.	phenyl	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -1-imidazolyl
10	26.	phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	27.	phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	28.	phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	29.	phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
15	30.	phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	31.	phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	32.	phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	33.	phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	34.	phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	35.	phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
20	36.	phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	37.	phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	38.	phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	39.	phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	40.	phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
25	41.	2-pyridyl	2-(NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	42.	2-pyridyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	43.	2-pyridyl	3-NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	44.	2-pyridyl	3-CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	45.	2-pyridyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> NH)phenyl
30	46.	2-pyridyl	3-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-4-pyridyl
	47.	2-pyridyl	2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	48.	2-pyridyl	2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	49.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	50.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
35	51.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	52.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	53.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	54.	2-pyridyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	55.	2-pyridyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
40	56.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	57.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	58.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	59.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	60.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
45	61.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	62.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	63.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	64.	2-pyridyl	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-imidazolyl
	65.	2-pyridyl	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -1-imidazolyl
50	66.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	67.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	68.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	69.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl

	70.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	71.	2-pyridyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	72.	2-pyridyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	73.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
5	74.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	75.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	76.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	77.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	78.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
10	79.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	80.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	81.	3-pyridyl	2-(NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	82.	3-pyridyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	83.	3-pyridyl	3-NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
15	84.	3-pyridyl	3-CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	85.	3-pyridyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> NH)phenyl
	86.	3-pyridyl	3-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-4-pyridyl
	87.	3-pyridyl	2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	88.	3-pyridyl	2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
20	89.	3-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	90.	3-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	91.	3-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	92.	3-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	93.	3-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
25	94.	3-pyridyl	2-((((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	95.	3-pyridyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	96.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	97.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	98.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
30	99.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	100.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	101.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	102.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	103.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
35	104.	3-pyridyl	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-imidazolyl
	105.	3-pyridyl	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -1-imidazolyl
	106.	3-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	107.	3-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	108.	3-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
40	109.	3-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	110.	3-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	111.	3-pyridyl	2-((((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	112.	3-pyridyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	113.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
45	114.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	115.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	116.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	117.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	118.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
50	119.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	120.	3-pyridyl	2-(NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	121.	2-pyrimidyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	122.	2-pyrimidyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl

	123.	2-pyrimidyl	3-NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	124.	2-pyrimidyl	3-CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	125.	2-pyrimidyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> NH)phenyl
	126.	2-pyrimidyl	3-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-4-pyridyl
5	127.	2-pyrimidyl	2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	128.	2-pyrimidyl	2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	129.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	130.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	131.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
10	132.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	133.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	134.	2-pyrimidyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	135.	2-pyrimidyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	136.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
15	137.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	138.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	139.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	140.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	141.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
20	142.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	143.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	144.	2-pyrimidyl	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-imidazolyl
	145.	2-pyrimidyl	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -1-imidazolyl
	146.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
25	147.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	148.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	149.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	150.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	151.	2-pyrimidyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
30	152.	2-pyrimidyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	153.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	154.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	155.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	156.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
35	157.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	158.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	159.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	160.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	161.	5-pyrimidyl	2-(NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
40	162.	5-pyrimidyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	163.	5-pyrimidyl	3-NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	164.	5-pyrimidyl	3-CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	165.	5-pyrimidyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> NH)phenyl
	166.	5-pyrimidyl	3-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-4-pyridyl
45	167.	5-pyrimidyl	2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	168.	5-pyrimidyl	2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	169.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	170.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	171.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
50	172.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	173.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	174.	5-pyrimidyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	175.	5-pyrimidyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl

	176.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	177.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	178.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	179.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
5	180.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	181.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	182.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	183.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	184.	5-pyrimidyl	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-imidazolyl
10	185.	5-pyrimidyl	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -1-imidazolyl
	186.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	187.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	188.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
15	189.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	190.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	191.	5-pyrimidyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	192.	5-pyrimidyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	193.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
20	194.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	195.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	196.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	197.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	198.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
25	199.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	200.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	201.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-(NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	202.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	203.	2-Cl-phenyl	3-NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
30	204.	2-Cl-phenyl	3-CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	205.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> NH)phenyl
	206.	2-Cl-phenyl	3-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-4-pyridyl
	207.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	208.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
35	209.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	210.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	211.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	212.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	213.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
40	214.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	215.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	216.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	217.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	218.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
45	219.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	220.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	221.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	222.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	223.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
50	224.	2-Cl-phenyl	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-imidazolyl
	225.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -1-imidazolyl
	226.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	227.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	228.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl

	229.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	230.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	231.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	232.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
5	233.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	234.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	235.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	236.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	237.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
10	238.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	239.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	240.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	241.	2-F-phenyl	2-(NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
15	242.	2-F-phenyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	243.	2-F-phenyl	3-NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	244.	2-F-phenyl	3-CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	245.	2-F-phenyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> NH)phenyl
	246.	2-F-phenyl	3-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-4-pyridyl
	247.	2-F-phenyl	2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
20	248.	2-F-phenyl	2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	249.	2-F-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	250.	2-F-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	251.	2-F-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	252.	2-F-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
25	253.	2-F-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	254.	2-F-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	255.	2-F-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	256.	2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	257.	2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
30	258.	2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	259.	2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	260.	2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	261.	2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	262.	2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
35	263.	2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	264.	2-F-phenyl	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-imidazolyl
	265.	2-F-phenyl	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -1-imidazolyl
	266.	2-F-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	267.	2-F-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
40	268.	2-F-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	269.	2-F-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	270.	2-F-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	271.	2-F-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	272.	2-F-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
45	273.	2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	274.	2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	275.	2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	276.	2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	277.	2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
50	278.	2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	279.	2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	280.	2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	281.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-(NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl

	282.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	283.	2,6-diF-phenyl	3-NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	284.	2,6-diF-phenyl	3-CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	285.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> NH)phenyl
5	286.	2,6-diF-phenyl	3-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-4-pyridyl
	287.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	288.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	289.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
10	290.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	291.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	292.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	293.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	294.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
15	295.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	296.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	297.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	298.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	299.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
20	300.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	301.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	302.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	303.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	304.	2,6-diF-phenyl	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-imidazolyl
25	305.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -1-imidazolyl
	306.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	307.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	308.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	309.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
30	310.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	311.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	312.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	313.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	314.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
35	315.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	316.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	317.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	318.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	319.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
40	320.	2,6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	321.	piperidinyl	2-(NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	322.	piperidinyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	323.	piperidinyl	3-NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	324.	piperidinyl	3-CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	325.	piperidinyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> NH)phenyl
45	326.	piperidinyl	3-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-4-pyridyl
	327.	piperidinyl	2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	328.	piperidinyl	2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	329.	piperidinyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	330.	piperidinyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
50	331.	piperidinyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	332.	piperidinyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	333.	piperidinyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	334.	piperidinyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl

	335.	piperidinyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	336.	piperidinyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	337.	piperidinyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	338.	piperidinyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
5	339.	piperidinyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	340.	piperidinyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	341.	piperidinyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	342.	piperidinyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	343.	piperidinyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
10	344.	piperidinyl	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-imidazolyl
	345.	piperidinyl	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -1-imidazolyl
	346.	piperidinyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	347.	piperidinyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
15	348.	piperidinyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	349.	piperidinyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	350.	piperidinyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	351.	piperidinyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	352.	piperidinyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
20	353.	piperidinyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	354.	piperidinyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	355.	piperidinyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	356.	piperidinyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	357.	piperidinyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	358.	piperidinyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
25	359.	piperidinyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	360.	piperidinyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl

30

## Table 2

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

5        $R^{1a}$  is  $CH_2CH_3$ .

## Table 3

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

10        $R^{1a}$  is  $CF_3$ .

## Table 4

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

15        $R^{1a}$  is  $SCH_3$ .

## Table 5

20       Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

5        $R^{1a}$  is  $SOCH_3$ .

## Table 6

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

30        $R^{1a}$  is  $SO_2CH_3$ .

## Table 7

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1, and:

35        $R^{1a}$  is  $Cl$ .

Table 8

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1,  
5 and:

R<sup>1a</sup> is F.

Table 9

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the  
10 corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1,  
and:

R<sup>1a</sup> is CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>.

Table 10

15 Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1,  
and:

R<sup>1a</sup> is CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>.

20

Table 11

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1,  
and:

R<sup>1a</sup> is CONH<sub>2</sub>.

25

Table 12

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1,  
and:

30

R<sup>1a</sup> is CN.

Table 13

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1,  
35 and:

R<sup>1a</sup> is CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>.

Table 14

Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the  
5 corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1,  
and:

R<sup>1a</sup> is CH<sub>2</sub>NHSO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>.

Table 15

10 Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the  
corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1,  
and:

R<sup>1a</sup> is 1-imidazolyl-CH<sub>2</sub>.

15

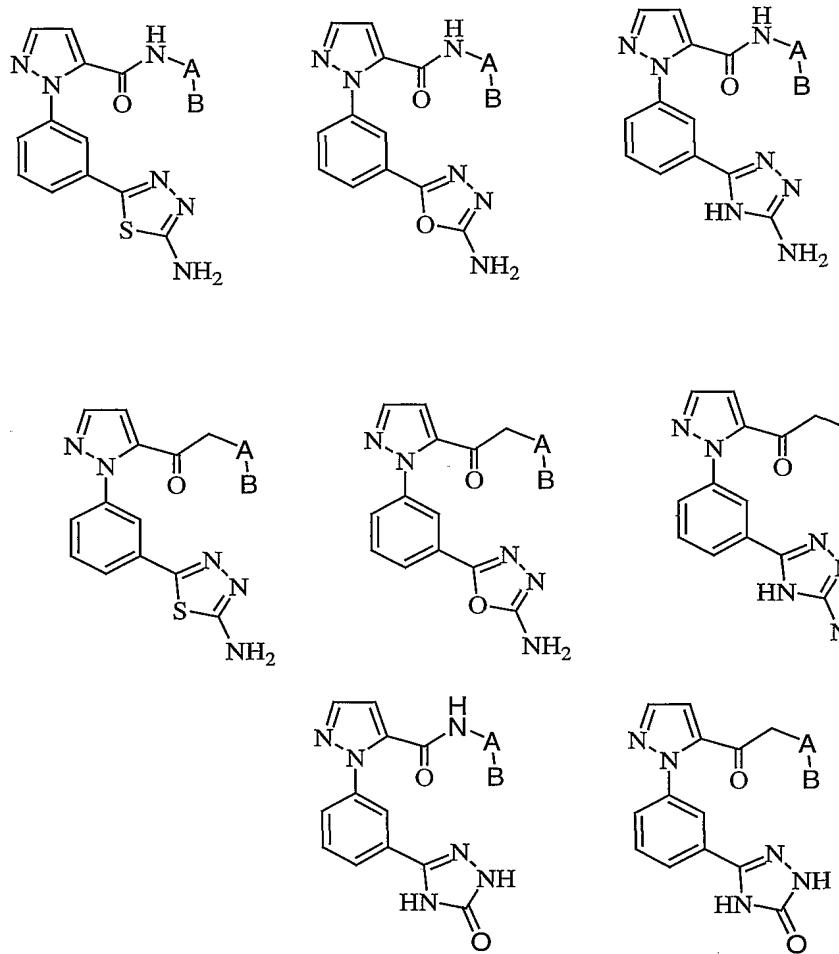
Table 16

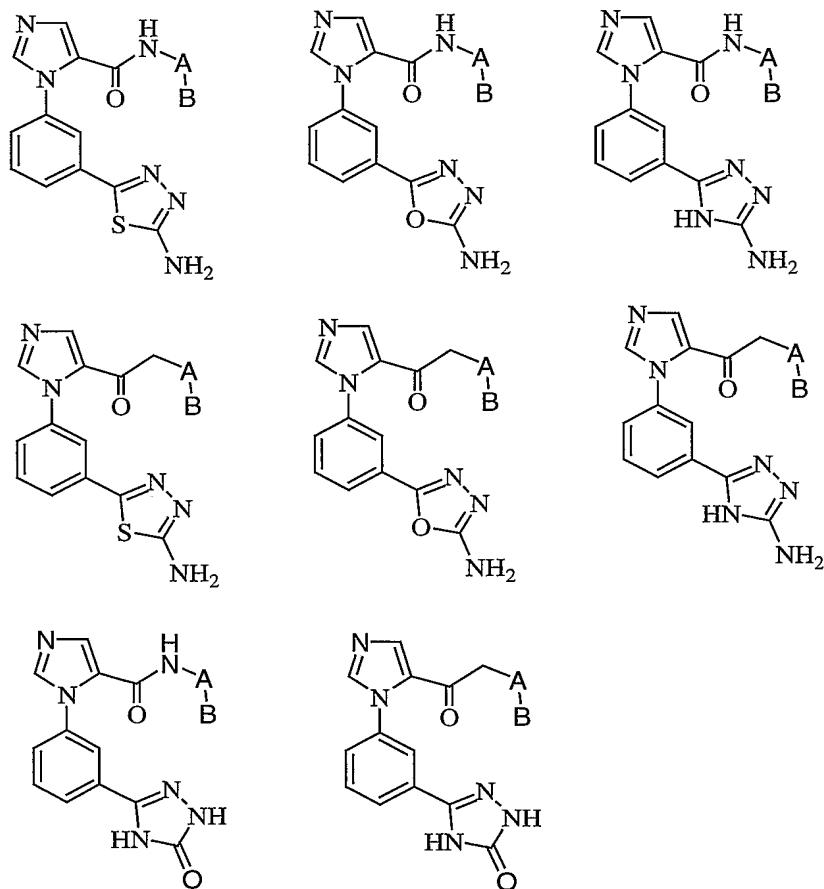
Examples -360 use the structures from Table 1 and the  
corresponding A and B groups from Examples -360 of Table 1,  
and:

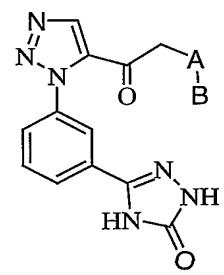
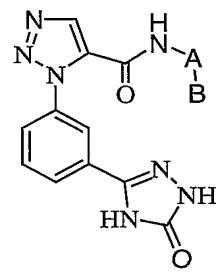
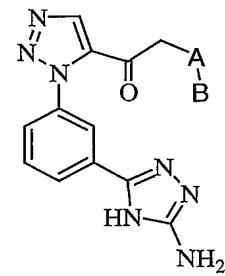
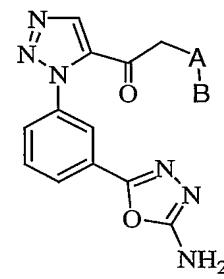
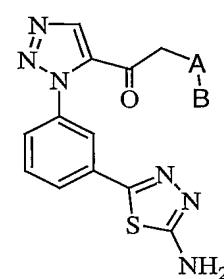
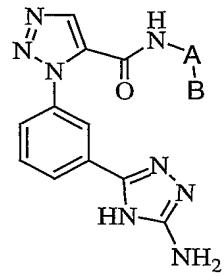
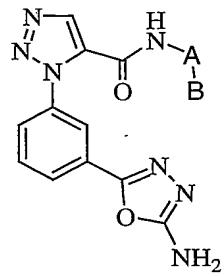
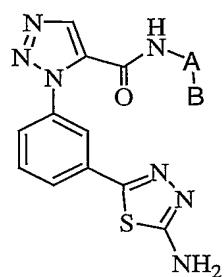
R<sup>1a</sup> is 1-tetrazolyl-CH<sub>2</sub>-.

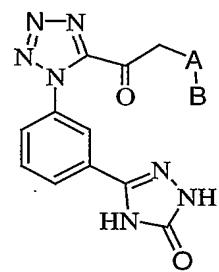
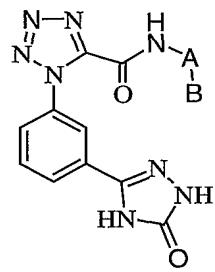
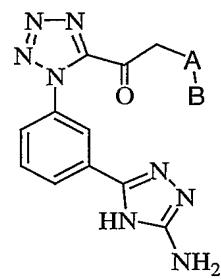
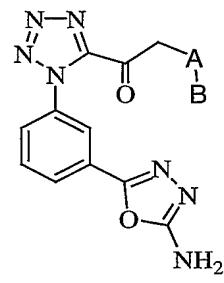
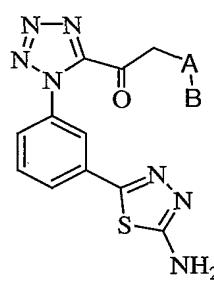
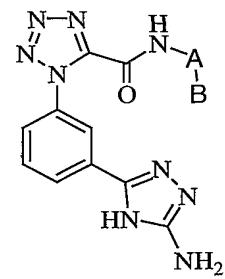
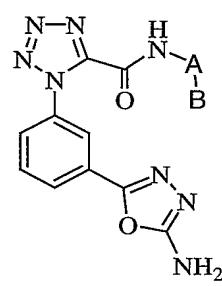
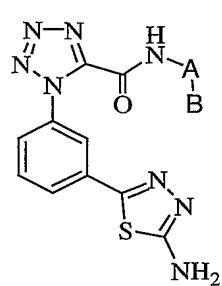
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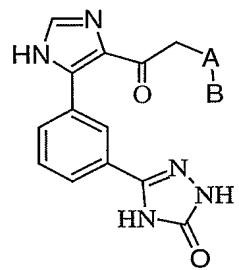
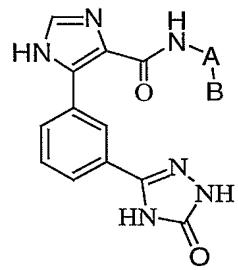
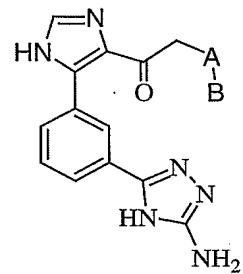
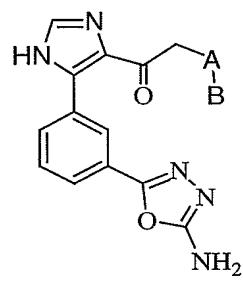
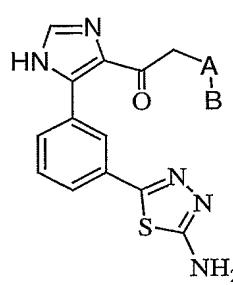
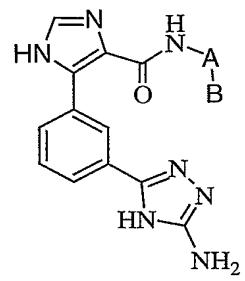
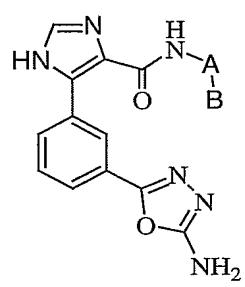
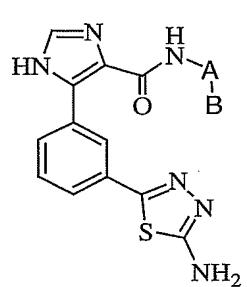
Table 17

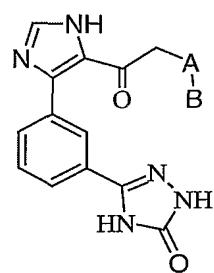
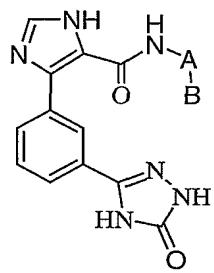
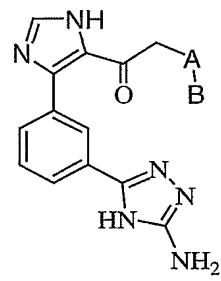
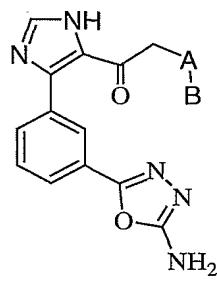
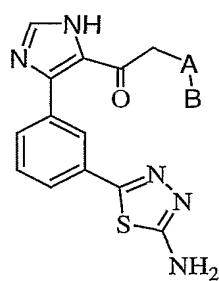
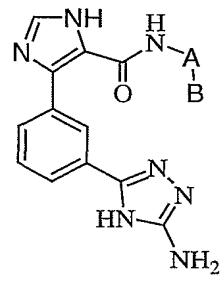
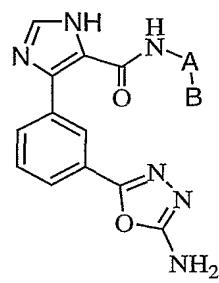
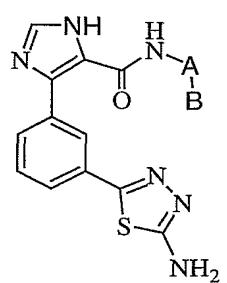


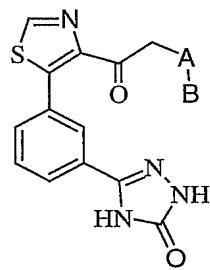
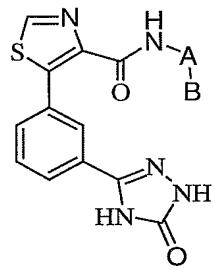
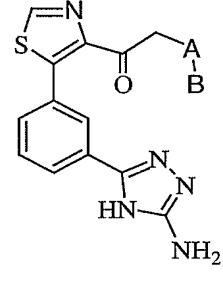
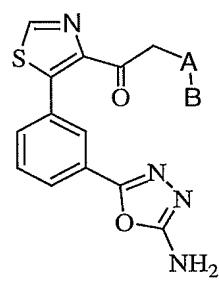
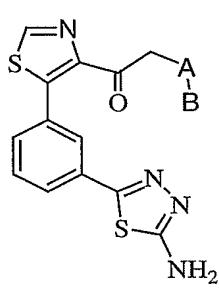
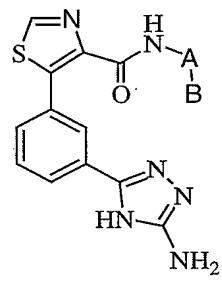
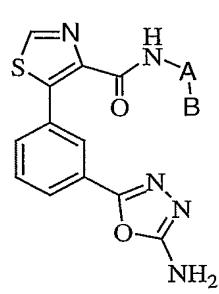
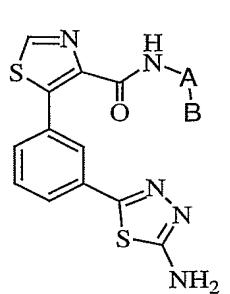


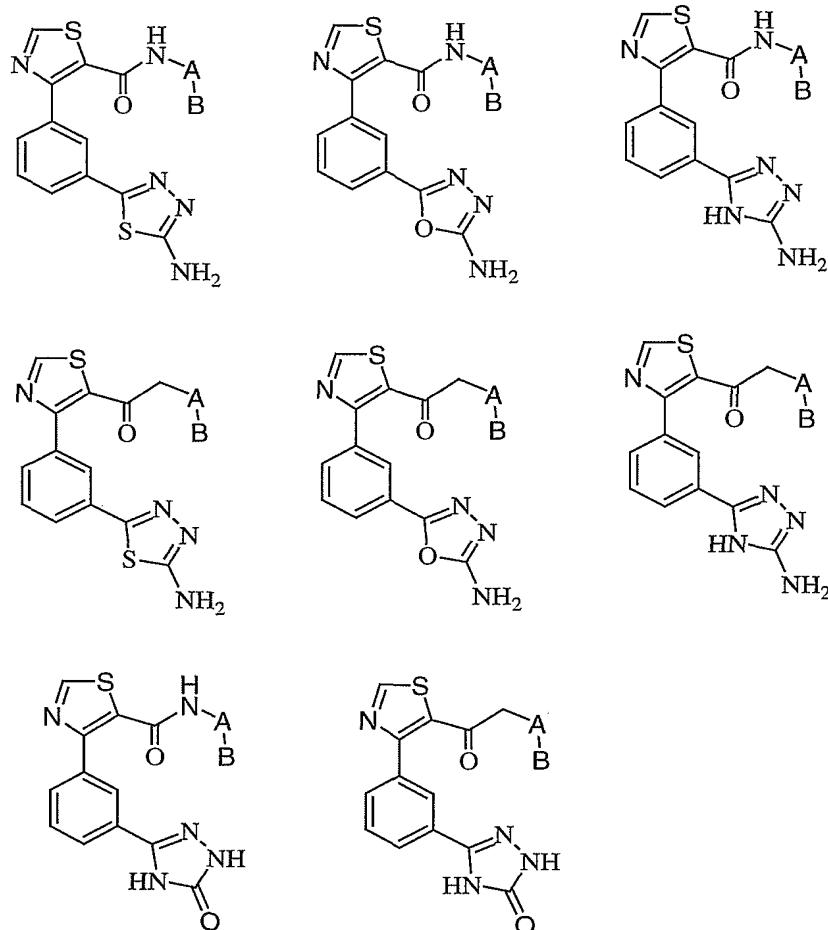












	<b>Ex#</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>
5	1.	phenyl	2-(NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	2.	phenyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	3.	phenyl	3-NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	4.	phenyl	3-CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	5.	phenyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> NH)phenyl
10	6.	phenyl	3-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-4-pyridyl
	7.	phenyl	2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	8.	phenyl	2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	9.	phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	10.	phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
15	11.	phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	12.	phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	13.	phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	14.	phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	15.	phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
20	16.	phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	17.	phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	18.	phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	19.	phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	20.	phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	21.	phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl

	22.	phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	23.	phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	24.	phenyl	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-imidazolyl
	25.	phenyl	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -1-imidazolyl
5	26.	phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	27.	phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	28.	phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	29.	phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	30.	phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
10	31.	phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	32.	phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	33.	phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	34.	phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	35.	phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
15	36.	phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	37.	phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	38.	phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	39.	phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	40.	phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
20	41.	2-pyridyl	2-(NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	42.	2-pyridyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	43.	2-pyridyl	3-NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	44.	2-pyridyl	3-CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	45.	2-pyridyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> NH)phenyl
25	46.	2-pyridyl	3-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-4-pyridyl
	47.	2-pyridyl	2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	48.	2-pyridyl	2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	49.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	50.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
30	51.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	52.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	53.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	54.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	55.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
35	56.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	57.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	58.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	59.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	60.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
40	61.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	62.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	63.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	64.	2-pyridyl	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-imidazolyl
	65.	2-pyridyl	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -1-imidazolyl
45	66.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	67.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	68.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	69.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	70.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
50	71.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	72.	2-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	73.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	74.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl

	75.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	76.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	77.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	78.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
5	79.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	80.	2-pyridyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	81.	3-pyridyl	2-(NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	82.	3-pyridyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	83.	3-pyridyl	3-NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
10	84.	3-pyridyl	3-CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	85.	3-pyridyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> NH)phenyl
	86.	3-pyridyl	3-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-4-pyridyl
	87.	3-pyridyl	2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	88.	3-pyridyl	2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
15	89.	3-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	90.	3-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	91.	3-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	92.	3-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	93.	3-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
20	94.	3-pyridyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	95.	3-pyridyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	96.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	97.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	98.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
25	99.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	100.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	101.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	102.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	103.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
30	104.	3-pyridyl	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-imidazolyl
	105.	3-pyridyl	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -1-imidazolyl
	106.	3-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	107.	3-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	108.	3-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
35	109.	3-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	110.	3-pyridyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	111.	3-pyridyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	112.	3-pyridyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	113.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
40	114.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	115.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	116.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	117.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	118.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
45	119.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	120.	3-pyridyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	121.	2-pyrimidyl	2-(NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	122.	2-pyrimidyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	123.	2-pyrimidyl	3-NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
50	124.	2-pyrimidyl	3-CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	125.	2-pyrimidyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> NH)phenyl
	126.	2-pyrimidyl	3-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-4-pyridyl
	127.	2-pyrimidyl	2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl

	128.	2-pyrimidyl	2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	129.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	130.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	131.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
5	132.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	133.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	134.	2-pyrimidyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	135.	2-pyrimidyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	136.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
10	137.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	138.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	139.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	140.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	141.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
15	142.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	143.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	144.	2-pyrimidyl	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-imidazolyl
	145.	2-pyrimidyl	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -1-imidazolyl
	146.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
20	147.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	148.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	149.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	150.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	151.	2-pyrimidyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
25	152.	2-pyrimidyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	153.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	154.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	155.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	156.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
30	157.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	158.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	159.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	160.	2-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	161.	5-pyrimidyl	2-(NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
35	162.	5-pyrimidyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	163.	5-pyrimidyl	3-NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	164.	5-pyrimidyl	3-CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	165.	5-pyrimidyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> NH)phenyl
	166.	5-pyrimidyl	3-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-4-pyridyl
40	167.	5-pyrimidyl	2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	168.	5-pyrimidyl	2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	169.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	170.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	171.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
45	172.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	173.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	174.	5-pyrimidyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	175.	5-pyrimidyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	176.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
50	177.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	178.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	179.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	180.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl

	181.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	182.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	183.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	184.	5-pyrimidyl	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-imidazolyl
5	185.	5-pyrimidyl	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -1-imidazolyl
	186.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	187.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	188.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	189.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
10	190.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	191.	5-pyrimidyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	192.	5-pyrimidyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	193.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
15	194.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	195.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	196.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	197.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	198.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	199.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
20	200.	5-pyrimidyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	201.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-(NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	202.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	203.	2-Cl-phenyl	3-NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	204.	2-Cl-phenyl	3-CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
25	205.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> NH)phenyl
	206.	2-Cl-phenyl	3-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-4-pyridyl
	207.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	208.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	209.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
30	210.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	211.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	212.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	213.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	214.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
35	215.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	216.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	217.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	218.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	219.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
40	220.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	221.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	222.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	223.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	224.	2-Cl-phenyl	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-imidazolyl
45	225.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -1-imidazolyl
	226.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	227.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	228.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	229.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
50	230.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	231.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	232.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	233.	2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl

	234. 2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	235. 2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	236. 2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	237. 2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
5	238. 2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	239. 2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	240. 2-Cl-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	241. 2-F-phenyl	2-(NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
10	242. 2-F-phenyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	243. 2-F-phenyl	3-NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	244. 2-F-phenyl	3-CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	245. 2-F-phenyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> NH)phenyl
	246. 2-F-phenyl	3-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-4-pyridyl
15	247. 2-F-phenyl	2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	248. 2-F-phenyl	2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	249. 2-F-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	250. 2-F-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	251. 2-F-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
20	252. 2-F-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	253. 2-F-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	254. 2-F-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	255. 2-F-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	256. 2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
25	257. 2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	258. 2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	259. 2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	260. 2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	261. 2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
30	262. 2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	263. 2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	264. 2-F-phenyl	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-imidazolyl
	265. 2-F-phenyl	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -1-imidazolyl
	266. 2-F-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
35	267. 2-F-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	268. 2-F-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	269. 2-F-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	270. 2-F-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	271. 2-F-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
40	272. 2-F-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	273. 2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	274. 2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	275. 2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	276. 2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
45	277. 2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	278. 2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	279. 2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	280. 2-F-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	281. 2,6-diF-phenyl	2-(NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	282. 2,6-diF-phenyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
50	283. 2,6-diF-phenyl	3-NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	284. 2,6-diF-phenyl	3-CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	285. 2,6-diF-phenyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> NH)phenyl
	286. 2,6-diF-phenyl	3-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-4-pyridyl

	287.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	288.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	289.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	290.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
5	291.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	292.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	293.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	294.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	295.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
10	296.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	297.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	298.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	299.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
15	300.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	301.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	302.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	303.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	304.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-imidazolyl
20	305.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -1-imidazolyl
	306.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	307.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	308.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	309.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
25	310.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	311.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	312.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	313.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	314.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	315.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
30	316.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	317.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	318.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	319.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	320.	2, 6-diF-phenyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
35	321.	piperidinyl	2-(NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	322.	piperidinyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	323.	piperidinyl	3-NH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	324.	piperidinyl	3-CH <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> -4-pyridyl
	325.	piperidinyl	2-(CH <sub>3</sub> NH)phenyl
40	326.	piperidinyl	3-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-4-pyridyl
	327.	piperidinyl	2-(N-(3-R-HO-pyrrolidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	328.	piperidinyl	2-(N-(4-HO-piperidinyl)CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	329.	piperidinyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	330.	piperidinyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
45	331.	piperidinyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	332.	piperidinyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	333.	piperidinyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	334.	piperidinyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	335.	piperidinyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
50	336.	piperidinyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	337.	piperidinyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	338.	piperidinyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	339.	piperidinyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl

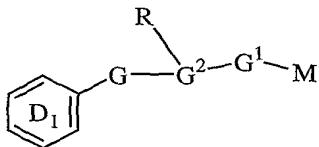
	340. piperidinyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	341. piperidinyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	342. piperidinyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
	343. piperidinyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )phenyl
5	344. piperidinyl	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-imidazolyl
	345. piperidinyl	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -1-imidazolyl
	346. piperidinyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	347. piperidinyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	348. piperidinyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
10	349. piperidinyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	350. piperidinyl	2-((CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )N(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	351. piperidinyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	352. piperidinyl	2-(((CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
15	353. piperidinyl	2-((cyclopropyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	354. piperidinyl	2-((cyclopropyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	355. piperidinyl	2-((cyclobutyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	356. piperidinyl	2-((cyclobutyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	357. piperidinyl	2-((cyclopentyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	358. piperidinyl	2-((cyclopentyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
20	359. piperidinyl	2-((cyclohexyl)NHCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl
	360. piperidinyl	2-((cyclohexyl) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> )-1-imidazolyl

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Numerous modifications and variations of the present invention are possible in light of the above teachings. It is therefore to be understood that within the scope of the appended claims, the invention may be practiced otherwise than as specifically described herein.

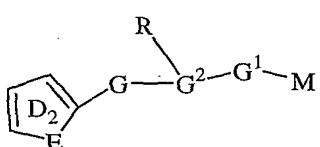
## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A compound of formula Ia, Ib, or Ic:

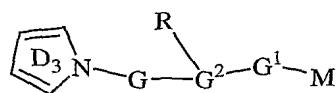


5

Ia



Ib



Ic

or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein;

10 ring D<sub>1</sub> is selected from pyridine, pyrazine, pyridazine, and pyrimidine and is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

ring D<sub>2</sub> is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-3 N atoms, wherein E 15 is selected from O, S, and N-R<sup>c</sup> and ring D<sub>2</sub> is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

ring D<sub>3</sub> is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising carbon atoms and from 0-3 additional N atoms 20 and ring D<sub>3</sub> is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

R is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, OCH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, OCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, CN, C(=NR<sup>8</sup>)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, NHC(=NR<sup>8</sup>)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, NR<sup>8</sup>CH(=NR<sup>7</sup>), NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> 25 alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, C(=NH)NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>t</sub>NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>t</sub>C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, and OCF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>a</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, OCH<sub>3</sub>, 30 OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, OCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, CN, C(=NR<sup>8</sup>)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, NHC(=NR<sup>8</sup>)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, NR<sup>8</sup>CH(=NR<sup>7</sup>), NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub>

alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, C(=NH)NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>t</sub>NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>t</sub>C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, and OCF<sub>3</sub>;

5 R<sup>b</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, OCH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, OCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, CN, C(=NR<sup>8</sup>)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, NHC(=NR<sup>8</sup>)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, NR<sup>8</sup>CH(=NR<sup>7</sup>), NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, C(=NH)NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>t</sub>NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>t</sub>C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, and OCF<sub>3</sub>;

10 R<sup>c</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, OCH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, OCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, C(=NH)NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>t</sub>NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, (CR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)<sub>t</sub>C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, and OCF<sub>3</sub>;

15 G is absent or is selected from CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O), O, NR<sup>3</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>C(O), OCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O, NR<sup>3</sup>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>p</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O), OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O, NR<sup>3</sup>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>p</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>p</sub>;

20 G<sub>1</sub> is absent or is selected from (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>1-5</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>0-2</sub>CR<sup>3</sup>=CR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>0-2</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>0-2</sub>C≡C(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>0-2</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>C(O)O(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>OC(O)(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>O(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>C(O)NR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>C(O)(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>OC(O)NR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>C(O)O(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>C(O)NR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>C(S)NR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>S(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>S(O)(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>S(O)<sub>2</sub>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>S(O)NR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>S(O)<sub>2</sub>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>S(O)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>, and (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>u</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>S(O)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>(CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>w</sub>,

wherein  $u + w$  total 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4, provided that  $G_1$  does not form a N-N, N-O, N-S,  $\text{NCH}_2\text{N}$ ,  $\text{NCH}_2\text{O}$ , or  $\text{NCH}_2\text{S}$  bond with either group to which it is attached;

5     $G^2$  is phenyl, naphthyl, or a 5-10 membered heteroaryl consisting of carbon atoms and from 1-3 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S;

10    M is isoxazoline, pyrazoline, isothiazoline, triazoline, tetrazoline, phenyl, or a 5-6 membered aromatic heterocycle consisting of carbon atoms and 1-4 heteroatoms selected from O, N, and S, and is substituted with  $-Z-A-B$ ;

15    M is also substituted with 0-2  $R^{1a}$ ;

Z is selected from a bond,  $-(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_{1-4}-$ ,  $(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_q\text{O}(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_q\text{NR}^3(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_q\text{C(O)}(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_q\text{C(O)O}(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_q\text{OC(O)}(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_q\text{C(O)NR}^3(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_q\text{NR}^3\text{C(O)}(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_q\text{OC(O)O}(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_q\text{OC(O)NR}^3(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_q\text{NR}^3\text{C(O)O}(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_q\text{NR}^3\text{C(O)NR}^3(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_q\text{S}(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_q\text{S(O)}(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_q\text{S(O)}_2(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_q\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^3(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_{q^1}$ ,  $(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_q\text{NR}^3\text{SO}_2(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_{q^1}$ , and  $(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_q\text{NR}^3\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^3(\text{CR}^2\text{R}^{2a})_{q^1}$ , wherein  $q + q^1$  total 0, 1, or 2, provided that Z does not form a N-N, N-O, N-S,  $\text{NCH}_2\text{N}$ ,  $\text{NCH}_2\text{O}$ , or  $\text{NCH}_2\text{S}$  bond with either group to which it is attached;

30     $R^{1a}$  is selected from H,  $-(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{R}^{1b}$ ,  $-\text{CH=CH-R}^{1b}$ ,  $\text{NCH}_2\text{R}^{1c}$ ,  $\text{OCH}_2\text{R}^{1c}$ ,  $\text{SCH}_2\text{R}^{1c}$ ,  $\text{NH}(\text{CH}_2)_2(\text{CH}_2)_t\text{R}^{1b}$ ,  $\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_2(\text{CH}_2)_t\text{R}^{1b}$ ,  $\text{S}(\text{CH}_2)_2(\text{CH}_2)_t\text{R}^{1b}$ ,  $\text{S(O)}_p(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{R}^{1d}$ ,  $\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{R}^{1d}$ ,  $\text{NR}^3(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{R}^{1d}$ ,  $\text{OC(O)NR}^3(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{R}^{1d}$ ,  $\text{NR}^3\text{C(O)NR}^3(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{R}^{1d}$ ,  $\text{NR}^3\text{C(O)O}(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{R}^{1d}$ ,

and  $\text{NR}^3\text{C(O)(CH}_2\text{)}_r\text{R}^{1d}$ , provided that  $\text{R}^{1a}$  forms other than an N-halo, N-N, N-S, N-O, or N-CN bond;

alternatively, when two  $\text{R}^{1a}$ 's are attached to adjacent atoms,  
 5 together with the atoms to which they are attached they form a 5-7 membered ring consisting of: carbon atoms and 0-2 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and  $\text{S(O)}_p$ , this ring being substituted with 0-2  $\text{R}^{4b}$  and comprising: 0-3 double bonds;  
 10

$\text{R}^{1b}$  is selected from H, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl, F, Cl, Br, I, -CN, -CHO,  $(\text{CF}_2)_r\text{CF}_3$ ,  $(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{OR}^2$ ,  $\text{NR}^2\text{R}^{2a}$ ,  $\text{C(O)R}^{2c}$ ,  $\text{OC(O)R}^2$ ,  $(\text{CF}_2)_r\text{CO}_2\text{R}^{2a}$ ,  $\text{S(O)}_p\text{R}^{2b}$ ,  $\text{NR}^2(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{OR}^2$ ,  $\text{C(=NR}^{2c}\text{)}\text{NR}^2\text{R}^{2a}$ ,  $\text{NR}^2\text{C(O)R}^{2b}$ ,  $\text{NR}^2\text{C(O)NHR}^{2b}$ ,  $\text{NR}^2\text{C(O)}_2\text{R}^{2a}$ ,  $\text{OC(O)NR}^{2a}\text{R}^{2b}$ ,  $\text{C(O)NR}^{2a}\text{R}^{2a}$ ,  $\text{C(O)NR}^2(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{OR}^2$ ,  $\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^2\text{R}^{2a}$ ,  $\text{NR}^2\text{SO}_2\text{R}^{2b}$ , C<sub>3-6</sub> carbocycle substituted with 0-2  $\text{R}^{4a}$ , and 5-10 membered heterocycle consisting of carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and  $\text{S(O)}_p$  substituted with 0-2  $\text{R}^{4a}$ , provided that  $\text{R}^{1b}$  forms other than an N-halo, N-N, N-S, N-O, or N-CN bond;  
 15  
 20  
 25

$\text{R}^{1c}$  is selected from H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_2\text{OR}^2)_2$ ,  $\text{C(O)R}^{2c}$ ,  $\text{C(O)NR}^2\text{R}^{2a}$ ,  $\text{S(O)R}^{2b}$ ,  $\text{S(O)}_2\text{R}^{2b}$ , and  $\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^2\text{R}^{2a}$ ;

$\text{R}^{1d}$  is selected from C<sub>3-13</sub> carbocycle substituted with 0-2  $\text{R}^{4a}$ , and 5-13 membered heterocycle consisting of carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and  $\text{S(O)}_p$  substituted with 0-2  $\text{R}^{4a}$ , provided that  $\text{R}^{1d}$  forms other than an N-N, N-S, or N-O bond;  
 30

$\text{R}^2$ , at each occurrence, is selected from H,  $\text{CF}_3$ , C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, benzyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2

R<sup>4b</sup>, and 5-6 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>;

5

R<sup>2a</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, benzyl, phenethyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>, and 5-6 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>;

10

R<sup>2b</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, benzyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>, and 5-6 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>;

15

R<sup>2c</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from CF<sub>3</sub>, OH, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, benzyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>, and 5-6 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>;

20

alternatively, R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>2a</sup>, together with the atom to which they are attached, combine to form a 5 or 6 membered saturated, partially saturated or unsaturated ring substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup> and comprising carbon atoms and from 0-1 additional heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S;

25

30

R<sup>3</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, and phenyl;

5 R<sup>3a</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, and phenyl;

R<sup>3b</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, and phenyl;

10 R<sup>3c</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, and phenyl;

R<sup>3d</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl-phenyl, and C(=O)R<sup>3c</sup>;

15 A is selected from:  
C<sub>3-10</sub> carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4</sup>, and  
5-12 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group  
20 consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4</sup>;

B is selected from: H, Y, and X-Y, provided that Z and B -are attached to different atoms on A;

25 X is selected from -(CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>)<sub>1-4</sub>-, -CR<sup>2</sup>(CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2b</sup>)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub>-, -C(O)-,  
-C(=NR<sup>1c</sup>)-, -CR<sup>2</sup>(NR<sup>1c</sup>R<sup>2</sup>)-, -CR<sup>2</sup>(OR<sup>2</sup>)-, -CR<sup>2</sup>(SR<sup>2</sup>)-,  
-C(O)CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>C(O), -S-, -S(O)-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-,  
-SCR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-, -S(O)CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>S-,  
-CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>S(O)-, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>S(O)<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>-, -NR<sup>2</sup>S(O)<sub>2</sub>-,  
30 -NR<sup>2</sup>S(O)<sub>2</sub>CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>S(O)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>-, -NR<sup>2</sup>S(O)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>-,  
-C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>-, -NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)-, -C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-, -NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-,  
-CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>-, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)-, -NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)O-, -OC(O)NR<sup>2</sup>-,

-NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>-, -NR<sup>2</sup>-, -NR<sup>2</sup>CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>NR<sup>2</sup>-, O,  
-CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>O-, and -OCR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>-;

Y is selected from:

5 C<sub>3-10</sub> carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>, and  
5-12 membered heterocyclic system comprising carbon  
atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group  
consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>;

10 R<sup>4</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, =O, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>,  
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>F, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>Cl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>Br, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>I, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl,  
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>CN, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(O)R<sup>2c</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)R<sup>2b</sup>,  
C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  
C(=NS(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NHC(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(O)NHC(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  
SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>,  
S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, (CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-CF<sub>3</sub>, NCH<sub>2</sub>R<sup>1c</sup>, OCH<sub>2</sub>R<sup>1c</sup>, SCH<sub>2</sub>R<sup>1c</sup>,  
N(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub>R<sup>1b</sup>, O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub>R<sup>1b</sup>, S(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub>R<sup>1b</sup>, 5-6  
membered carbocycle substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>, and 5-6  
membered heterocycle consisting of: carbon atoms and  
20 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of  
N, O, and S(O)<sub>p</sub> substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>;

R<sup>4a</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, =O, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>,  
(CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-CF<sub>3</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-F, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-Br, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-Cl,  
25 C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>CN, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>C(O)R<sup>2c</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)R<sup>2b</sup>, C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>N=CHOR<sup>3</sup>,  
C(O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  
NHC(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub>  
alkyl, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, C(O)NHSO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, 5-6  
30 membered carbocycle substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>, and 5-6  
membered heterocycle consisting of: carbon atoms and  
1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of  
N, O, and S(O)<sub>p</sub> substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>;

R<sup>4b</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, =O, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OR<sup>3</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-F, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-Cl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-Br, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-I, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-CN, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>C(O)R<sup>3</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>C(O)OR<sup>3c</sup>, NR<sup>3</sup>C(O)R<sup>3a</sup>, C(O)NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>, NR<sup>3</sup>C(O)NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>, C(=NR<sup>3</sup>)NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>, NR<sup>3</sup>C(=NR<sup>3</sup>)NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>, NR<sup>3</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>, NR<sup>3</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, NR<sup>3</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, NR<sup>3</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>-phenyl, S(O)<sub>p</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, S(O)<sub>p</sub>-phenyl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, and (CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>;

10 R<sup>5</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, =O, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OR<sup>3</sup>, F, Cl, Br, I, -CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>C(O)R<sup>3</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>C(O)OR<sup>3c</sup>, NR<sup>3</sup>C(O)R<sup>3a</sup>, C(O)NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>, NR<sup>3</sup>C(O)NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>, CH(=NOR<sup>3d</sup>), C(=NR<sup>3</sup>)NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>, NR<sup>3</sup>C(=NR<sup>3</sup>)NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>, NR<sup>3</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>, NR<sup>3</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, NR<sup>3</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, NR<sup>3</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>-phenyl, S(O)<sub>p</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, S(O)<sub>p</sub>-phenyl, (CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, phenyl substituted with 0-2 R<sup>6</sup>, naphthyl substituted with 0-2 R<sup>6</sup>, and benzyl substituted with 0-2 R<sup>6</sup>;

20 R<sup>6</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, OH, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>, halo, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>C(O)R<sup>2b</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)R<sup>2b</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(=NH)NH<sub>2</sub>, NHC(=NH)NH<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, and NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;

25 R<sup>7</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, OH, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy carbonyl, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryloxy, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryloxycarbonyl, C<sub>6-10</sub> arylmethylcarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylcarbonyloxy C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy carbonyl, C<sub>6-10</sub> arylcarbonyloxy C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy carbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaminocarbonyl, phenylaminocarbonyl, and phenyl C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy carbonyl;

R<sup>8</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, and (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-phenyl;

alternatively, R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup>, when attached to the same nitrogen,  
 5 combine to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic ring consisting of carbon atoms and 0-2 additional heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S(O)<sub>p</sub>;

10 R<sup>9</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, and (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-phenyl;

n, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3;

15 m, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, and 2;

p, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, and 2;

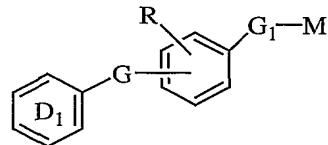
r, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3;

20 s, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, and 2; and,

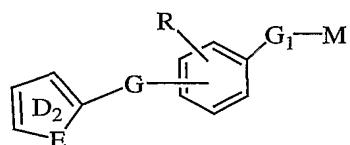
t, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3.

25

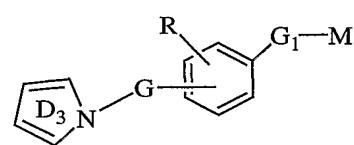
2. A compound according to Claim 1, wherein the compound is of formula Ia<sub>1</sub>-Ic<sub>1</sub>, wherein:



30 Ia<sub>1</sub>



Ib<sub>1</sub>



Ic<sub>1</sub>

ring D<sub>2</sub> is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-2 N atoms, wherein E is selected from O, S, and N-R<sup>C</sup> and ring D<sub>2</sub> is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

5

ring D<sub>3</sub> is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising carbon atoms and from 0-3 additional N atoms and ring D<sub>3</sub> is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

10 R is selected from H, Cl, F, Br, I, OH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

15 R<sup>a</sup> is selected from H, OH, SH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-3</sub> thioalkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

20 R<sup>b</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, OH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

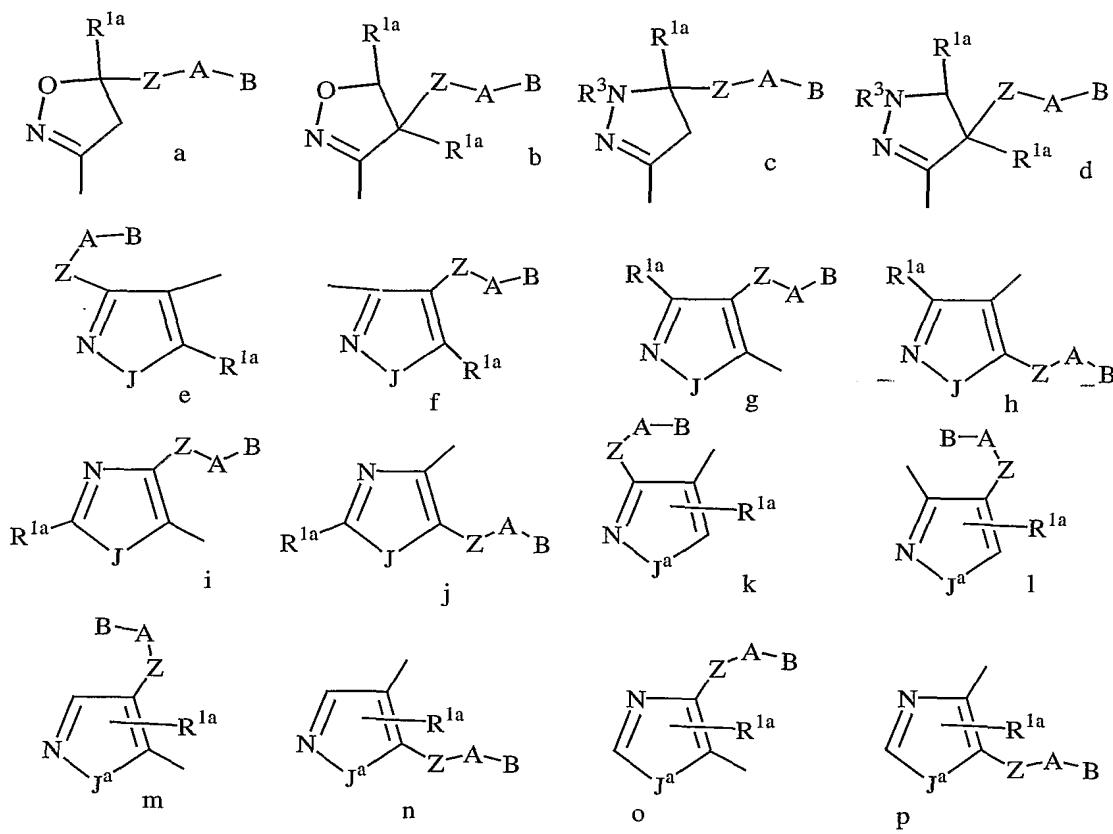
25 R<sup>C</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

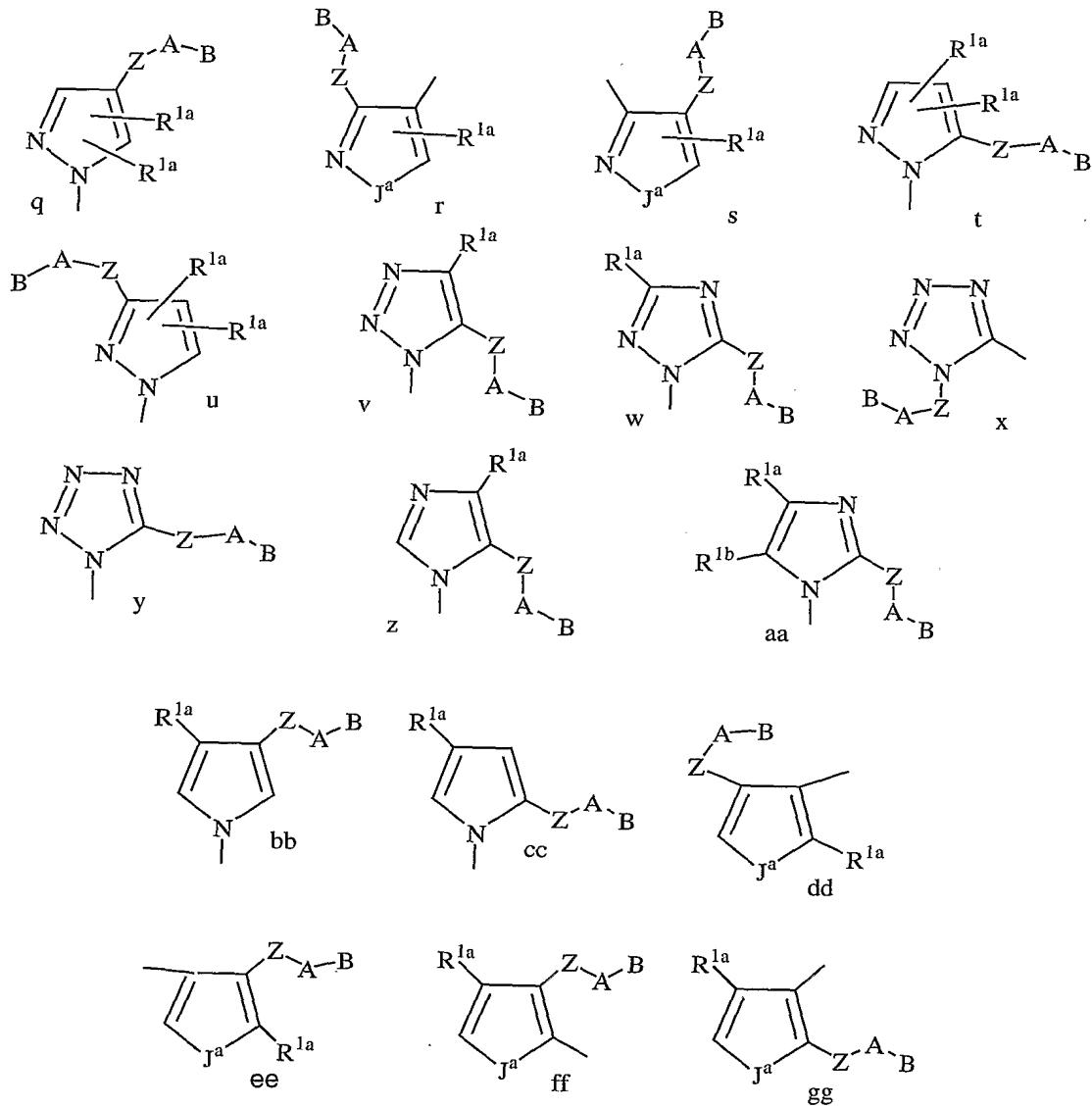
30 G<sub>1</sub> is absent or is selected from CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O), O, NR<sup>3</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>C(O), OCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O, NR<sup>3</sup>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>p</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O), OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O, NR<sup>3</sup>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>, S(O)<sub>p</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>p</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>p</sub>, and

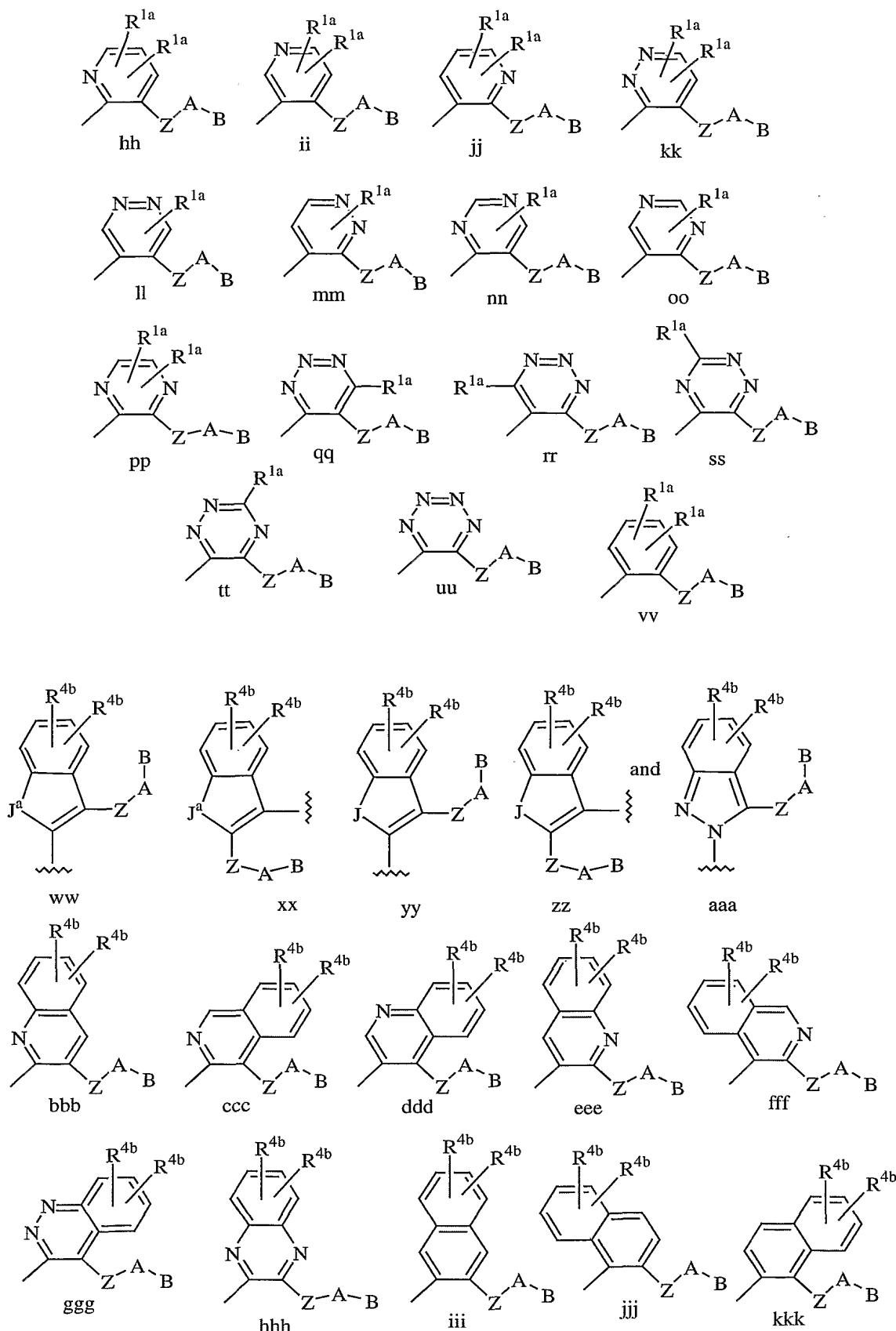
provided that G<sub>1</sub>-M form other than a N-N, O-N, or S-N bond;

M is selected from the group:

5







J is O or S;

J<sup>a</sup> is NH or NR<sup>1a</sup>;

5

G<sub>1</sub> is absent or is selected from (CR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>3a</sup>)<sub>1-3</sub>,  
 $(CR^3R^{3a})_uC(O)(CR^3R^{3a})_w, (CR^3R^{3a})_uO(CR^3R^{3a})_w,$   
 $(CR^3R^{3a})_uNR^3(CR^3R^{3a})_w, (CR^3R^{3a})_uC(O)NR^3(CR^3R^{3a})_w,$   
 $(CR^3R^{3a})_uNR^3C(O)(CR^3R^{3a})_w, (CR^3R^{3a})_uS(CR^3R^{3a})_w,$   
10  $(CR^3R^{3a})_uS(O)(CR^3R^{3a})_w, (CR^3R^{3a})_uS(O)_2(CR^3R^{3a})_w,$   
 $(CR^3R^{3a})_uS(O)NR^3(CR^3R^{3a})_w, \text{ and } (CR^3R^{3a})_uS(O)_2NR^3(CR^3R^{3a})_w,$   
wherein u + w total 0, 1, or 2, provided that G<sub>1</sub> does  
not form a N-N, N-O, N-S, NCH<sub>2</sub>N, NCH<sub>2</sub>O, or NCH<sub>2</sub>S bond  
with either group to which it is attached;

15

A is selected from one of the following carbocyclic and  
heterocyclic systems which are substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4</sup>;  
phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridyl,  
pyrimidyl, furanyl, morpholinyl, thiophenyl, pyrrolyl,  
20 pyrrolidinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl,  
isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazolyl,  
thiadiazolyl, triazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl,  
1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl,  
1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl,  
25 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl,  
1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl,  
1,2,5-triazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl, benzofuranyl,  
benzothiophenyl, indolyl, benzimidazolyl,  
benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, indazolyl, benzisoxazolyl,  
30 benzisothiazolyl, and isoindazolyl;

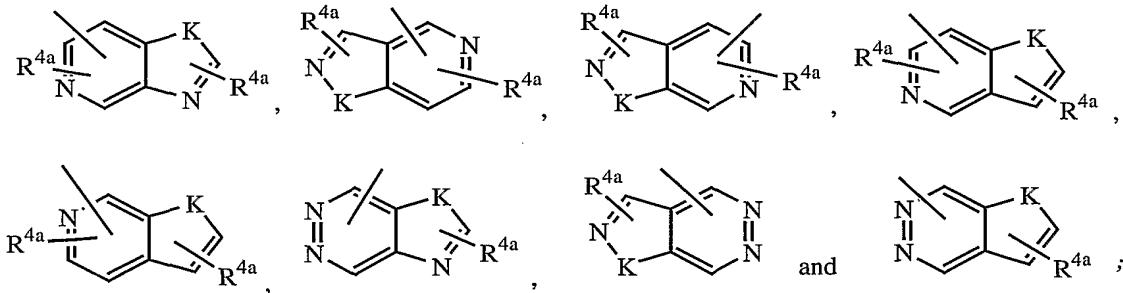
X is selected from -(CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>)<sub>1-4-</sub>, -C(O)-, -C(=NR<sup>1c</sup>)-,  
-CR<sup>2</sup>(NR<sup>1c</sup>R<sup>2</sup>)-, -C(O)CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a-</sup>, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>C(O), -C(O)NR<sup>2-</sup>,  
-NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)-, -C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a-</sup>, -NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a-</sup>,

$-CR^2R^{2a}C(O)NR^{2-}$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}NR^2C(O)-$ ,  $-NR^2C(O)NR^{2-}$ ,  $-NR^{2-}$ ,  
 $-NR^2CR^{2a}-$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}NR^{2-}$ ,  $O$ ,  $-CR^2R^{2a}O-$ , and  $-OCR^2R^{2a}-$ ;

Y is selected from one of the following carbocyclic and  
5 heterocyclic systems that are substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>;  
cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl,  
piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, furanyl,  
morpholinyl, thiophenyl, pyrrolyl, pyrrolidinyl,  
oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, isoxazolinyl, thiazolyl,  
10 isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazolyl,  
thiadiazolyl, triazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl,  
1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl,  
1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl,  
1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl,  
15 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl,  
1,2,5-triazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl, benzofuranyl,  
benzothiofuranyl, indolyl, benzimidazolyl,  
benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, indazolyl, benzisoxazolyl,  
benzisothiazolyl, and isoindazolyl;

20

alternatively, Y is selected from the following bicyclic  
heteroaryl ring systems:



25 K is selected from O, S, NH, and N;

Z is selected from a bond, CH<sub>2</sub>O, OCH<sub>2</sub>, NH, CH<sub>2</sub>NH, NHCH<sub>2</sub>,  
CH<sub>2</sub>C(O), C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)NH, NHC(O), CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>2</sub>, S(O)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>),  
SO<sub>2</sub>NH, and NHSO<sub>2</sub>, provided that Z does not form a N-N,

N-O, N-S, NCH<sub>2</sub>N, NCH<sub>2</sub>O, or NCH<sub>2</sub>S bond with either group to which it is attached;

R<sup>4</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, =O, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>, F,  
 5 Cl, Br, I, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(O)R<sup>2c</sup>,  
 NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)R<sup>2b</sup>, C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  
 SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>,  
 S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, CF<sub>3</sub>, NCH<sub>2</sub>R<sup>1c</sup>, OCH<sub>2</sub>R<sup>1c</sup>, SCH<sub>2</sub>R<sup>1c</sup>, N(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub>R<sup>1b</sup>,  
 O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub>R<sup>1b</sup>, S(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub>R<sup>1b</sup>, 5-6 membered  
 10 carbocycle substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>, and 5-6 membered heterocycle consisting of: carbon atoms and 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S(O)<sub>p</sub> substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>; and,  
 15 R<sup>4a</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, =O, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>,  
 CF<sub>3</sub>, F, Br, Cl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>C(O)R<sup>2c</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)R<sup>2b</sup>, C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  
 C(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NHC(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  
 NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, C(O)NHSO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl,  
 20 S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, 5-6 membered carbocycle substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>, and 5-6 membered heterocycle consisting of: carbon atoms and 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S(O)<sub>p</sub> substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>.

25

3. A compound according to Claim 2, wherein the compound is of formula Ib<sub>1</sub> or Ic<sub>1</sub>, wherein:

ring D<sub>2</sub> is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system  
 30 comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-2 N atoms, wherein E is selected from O, S, and N-R<sup>c</sup> and ring D<sub>2</sub> is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

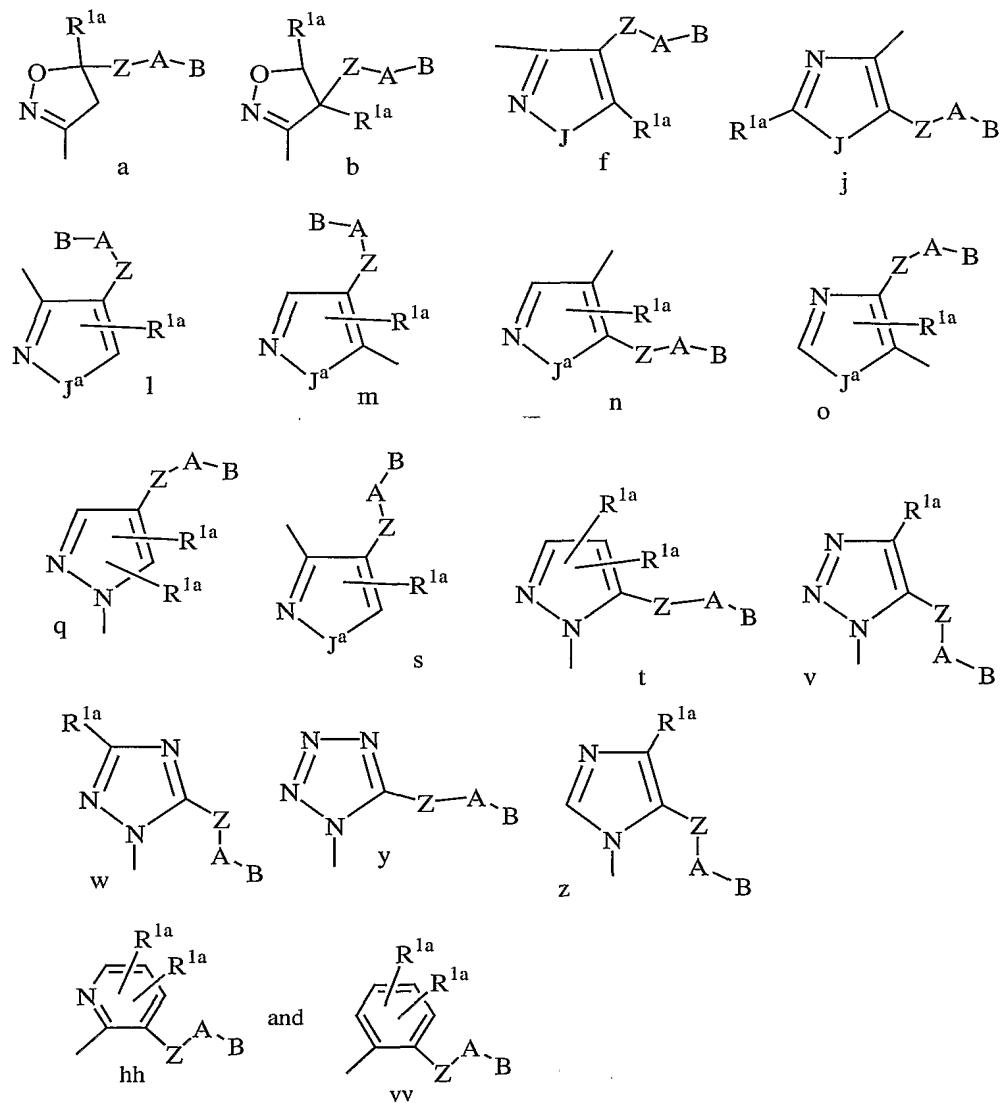
R is selected from H, Cl, F, Br, I, OH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

5 R<sup>a</sup> is selected from H, OH, SH, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

10 R<sup>b</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, OH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

15 R<sup>c</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

M is selected from the group:



Y is selected from one of the following carbocyclic and heterocyclic systems which are substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4a</sup>;

phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridyl,  
pyrimidyl, furanyl, morpholinyl, thiophenyl, pyrrolyl,  
pyrrolidinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl,  
isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazole,  
thiadiazole, triazole, 1,2,3-oxadiazole, 1,2,4-  
oxadiazole, 1,2,5-oxadiazole, 1,3,4-oxadiazole, 1,2,3-  
thiadiazole, 1,2,4-thiadiazole, 1,2,5-thiadiazole,  
1,3,4-thiadiazole, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole,  
1,2,5-triazole, 1,3,4-triazole, benzofuran,

benzothiophuran, indole, benzimidazole, benzimidazolone, benzoxazole, benzthiazole, indazole, benzisoxazole, benzisothiazole, and isoindazole;

5 Z is selected from a bond, CH<sub>2</sub>O, OCH<sub>2</sub>, NH, CH<sub>2</sub>NH, NHCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>C(O), C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)NH, NHC(O), CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>2</sub>, S(O)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>), SO<sub>2</sub>NH, and NHSO<sub>2</sub>, provided that Z does not form a N-N, N-O, N-S, NCH<sub>2</sub>N, NCH<sub>2</sub>O, or NCH<sub>2</sub>S bond with either group to which it is attached;

10

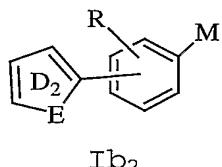
R<sup>4</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, =O, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>, F, Cl, Br, I, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(O)R<sup>2c</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)R<sup>2b</sup>, C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, 15 S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, CF<sub>3</sub>, 5-6 membered carbocycle substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>, and 5-6 membered heterocycle consisting of: carbon atoms and 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S(O)<sub>p</sub> substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>; and,

20

R<sup>4a</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, =O, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>, CF<sub>3</sub>, F, Br, Cl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>C(O)R<sup>2c</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)R<sup>2b</sup>, C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(=NR<sup>2</sup>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, C(O)NHSO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, 25 5-6 membered carbocycle substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>, and 5-6 membered heterocycle consisting of: carbon atoms and 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S(O)<sub>p</sub> substituted with 0-1 R<sup>5</sup>.

30

4. A compound according to Claim 3, wherein the compound is of formula Ib<sub>2</sub>:



or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein;

5

ring D<sub>2</sub> is a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring system comprising E, carbon atoms, and 0-2 N atoms, wherein E is selected from O, S, and N-R<sup>C</sup> and ring D<sub>2</sub> is substituted with 1 R<sup>a</sup> and 0-1 R<sup>b</sup>;

10

R is selected from H, Cl, F, Br, I, OH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

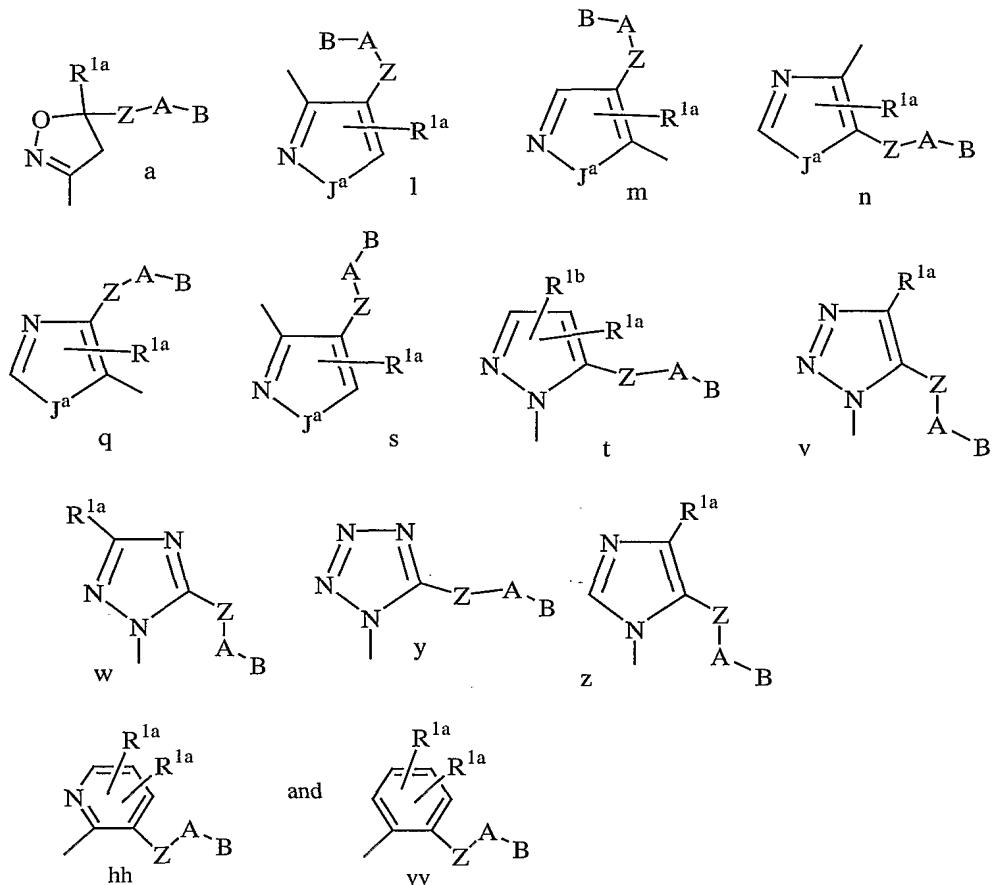
15

R<sup>a</sup> is selected from H, OH, SH, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

20

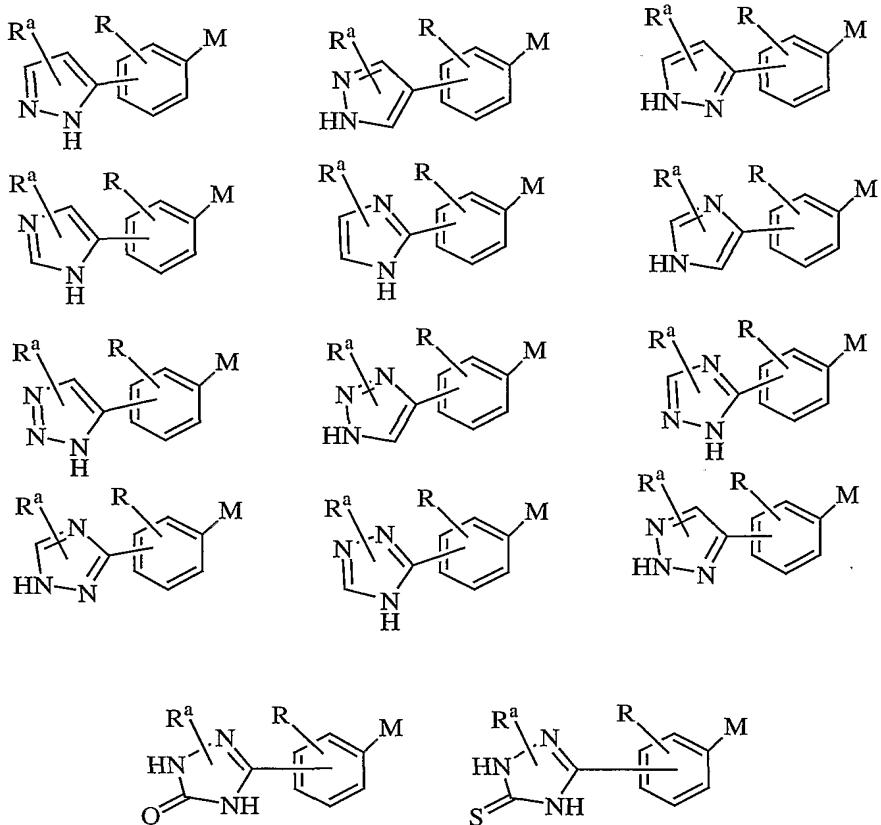
R<sup>b</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, OH, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl), and CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;

M is selected from the group:



G<sub>1</sub> is absent or is selected from CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O, OCH<sub>2</sub>, NH,  
CH<sub>2</sub>NH, NHCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>C(O), C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)NH, NHC(O),  
5 CH<sub>2</sub>S(O)<sub>2</sub>, S(O)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>), SO<sub>2</sub>NH, and NHSO<sub>2</sub>, provided that G<sub>1</sub>  
does not form a N-N, N-O, N-S, NCH<sub>2</sub>N, NCH<sub>2</sub>O, or NCH<sub>2</sub>S  
bond with either group to which it is attached.

10 5. A compound according to Claim 4, wherein the  
compound is selected from one of the formulas:



5 or a stereoisomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein;

G<sub>1</sub> is absent;

10 A is selected from phenyl, piperidinyl, pyridyl, and pyrimidyl, and is substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4</sup>; and,

B is selected from phenyl, pyrrolidino, N-pyrrolidino-carbonyl, morpholino, N-morpholino-carbonyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, imidazolyl, and benzimidazolyl, and is substituted with 0-1 R<sup>4a</sup>;

R<sup>2</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutyl, and cyclopentyl;

R<sup>2a</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, CH<sub>3</sub>, and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>;

alternatively, R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>2a</sup>, together with the atom to which  
they are attached, combine to form pyrrolidine

5 substituted with 0-2 R<sup>4b</sup> or piperidine substituted with  
0-2 R<sup>4b</sup>;

R<sup>4</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from OH, OR<sup>2</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)OR<sup>2</sup>,  
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>, F, Br, Cl, I, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>,  
10 (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, CF<sub>3</sub>, and (CF<sub>2</sub>)CF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>4a</sup> is selected from C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, CF<sub>3</sub>, OR<sup>2</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)OR<sup>2</sup>,  
(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>OR<sup>2</sup>, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, SR<sup>5</sup>, S(O)R<sup>5</sup>,  
S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2a</sup>, and 1-CF<sub>3</sub>-tetrazol-2-yl;

15

R<sup>4b</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from H, CH<sub>3</sub>, and OH;

R<sup>5</sup>, at each occurrence, is selected from CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl,  
phenyl, and benzyl; and,

20

r, at each occurrence, is selected from 0, .1, and 2.

6. A compound according to Claim 5, wherein:

25

A is selected from the group: phenyl, piperidinyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 2-pyrimidyl, 2-Cl-phenyl, 3-Cl-phenyl, 2-F-phenyl, 3-F-phenyl, 2-methylphenyl, 2-aminophenyl, and 2-methoxyphenyl; and,

30

B is selected from the group: 2-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl, 2-(methylaminosulfonyl)phenyl, 1-pyrrolidinocarbonyl, 2-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl, 2-(N,N-dimethylaminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-

methylaminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-ethyl-N-methylaminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-pyrrolidinylmethyl)phenyl, 1-methyl-2-imidazolyl, 2-methyl-1-imidazolyl, 2-(dimethylaminomethyl)-1-imidazolyl, 2-(methylaminomethyl)-1-imidazolyl, 2-(N-(cyclopropylmethyl)aminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-(cyclobutyl)aminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-(cyclopentyl)aminomethyl)phenyl, 2-(N-(4-hydroxypiperidinyl)methyl)phenyl, and 2-(N-(3-hydroxypyrrolidinyl)methyl)phenyl.

7. A compound according to Claim 1, wherein the compound is selected from the group:

15 1-[3-(1', 3', 4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(2'-N,N-dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

20 1-[3-(1', 3', 4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(2'-N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

25 1-[3-(1', 3', 4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N,N-dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

30 1-[3-(1', 3', 4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

35 1-[3-(1', 3', 4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

1-[3-(1', 3', 4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

5

1-[3-(2'-Amino-1', 3', 4'-triazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

10 1-[3-(2'-Amino-1', 3', 4'-triazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N,N-dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

15 1-[3-(2'-Amino-1', 3', 4'-triazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

20 1-[3-(2'-Amino-3', 4'-thiadiazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

25 1-[3-(2'-Amino-3', 4'-thiadiazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N,N-dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

30 1-[3-(2'-Amino-3', 4'-thiadiazol-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[(3-fluoro-2'-N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

35 1-[3-(1', 3', 4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[4-(2'-(N,N-dimethylamino)methyliimidazol-1'-yl)-2-fluorophenyl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

1-[3-(1',3',4'-Triazol-2'-on-5'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[4-(2'-methylimidazol-1'-yl)-2-fluorophenyl]aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

5

1-[3-(Pyrid-3'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[ (3-fluoro-2'-sulfonylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

10 1-[3-(Pyrid-3'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[ (3-fluoro-2'-N,N-dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

15 1-[3-(Pyrid-3'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[ (3-fluoro-2'-N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

20 1-[3-(Pyrid-4'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[ (3-fluoro-2'-N,N-dimethylaminomethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

25 1-[3-(Pyrid-4'-yl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-5-[ (3-fluoro-2'-N-pyrrolidinylmethyl-[1,1']-biphen-4-yl)aminocarbonyl]pyrazole;

30 1-[3-(5-Amino-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)phenyl]-N-{2'-(dimethylamino)methyl]-3-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl}-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide;

35 1-[3-(5-Amino-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)phenyl]-N-(3-fluoro-2'-{[(3S)-3-hydroxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]methyl}-1,1'-biphenyl-

4-yl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide;  
and,

5 1-[3-(5-Amino-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)phenyl]-N-(3-fluoro-2'-{[(3S)-3-hydroxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]methyl}-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxamide;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

10

8. A pharmaceutical composition, comprising: a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt form thereof.

15

9. A method for treating or preventing a thromboembolic disorder, comprising: administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of  
20 Claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt form thereof.

25 10. A compound of Claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7 for use in therapy.

30 11. Use of a compound of Claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of a thromboembolic disorder.

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

In International Application No  
PCT/US 01/20112

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 C07D403/10 C07D417/10 C07D403/14 C07D417/14 C07D401/10  
C07D413/10 C07D413/14 A61K31/41 A61K31/44 A61P7/02

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 C07D

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ, BEILSTEIN Data

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
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P, X	WO 00 53264 A (DU PONT) 14 September 2000 (2000-09-14) page 4, line 10 -page 5, line 25; claims ---	1,8-11 -/-

Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

Patent family members are listed in annex.

° Special categories of cited documents :

- "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No  
PCT/US 01/20112

## C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

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